

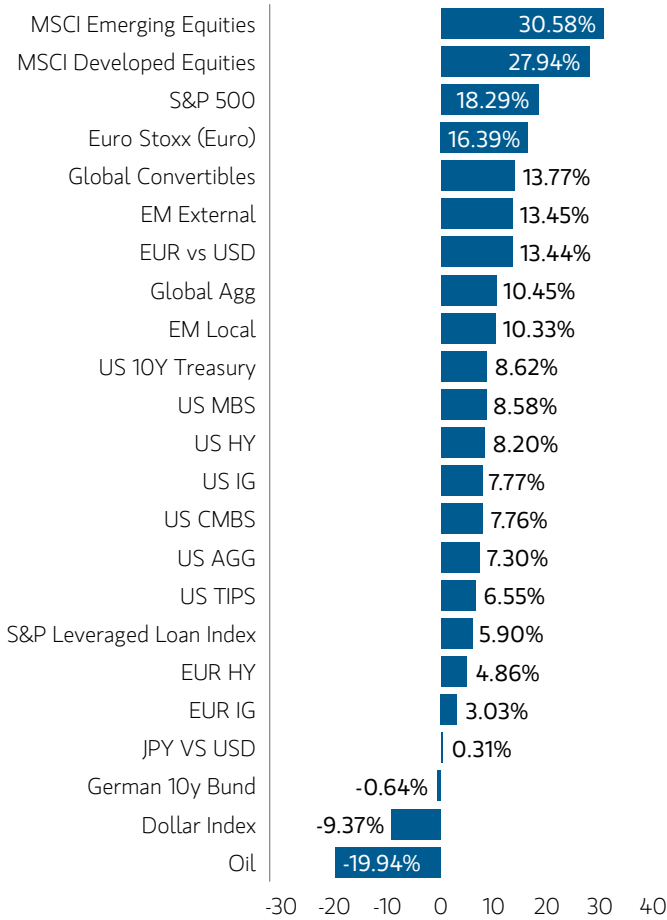
A Holiday Reset

MACRO INSIGHT | BROAD MARKETS FIXED INCOME TEAM | January 2026

Fixed income markets closed the year with a broad repricing of rate expectations, as central bank actions and communication reinforced a more cautious policy outlook. Across developed markets, yields moved higher and curves steepened as investors pushed out expectations for future rate cuts and assigned greater weight to rising term premia. In the U.S., the Federal Reserve delivered a 25 basis point (bp) rate cut, but guidance emphasized data dependence, anchoring front-end yields while higher global yields pushed longer maturities higher. In Europe, the European Central Bank held rates steady but struck a more hawkish tone, driving a near-20 bp sell-off in 10-year Bunds, while policy divergence remained evident elsewhere, including a rate hike by the Bank of Japan and a hawkishly interpreted cut by the Bank of England. In foreign exchange, the U.S. dollar weakened modestly on the month, with the Swedish krona and Canadian dollar outperforming and the Japanese yen lagging.

Despite higher government bond yields, credit markets ended the year on a constructive note. Investment grade (IG) spreads tightened modestly, supported by strong year-end inflows, limited primary issuance, and continued demand for carry, with European credit outperforming the U.S. high yield (HY) posted its strongest month of the fourth quarter, benefiting from improving risk appetite, supportive technicals, and a benign default

DISPLAY 1
Asset Performance Year-to-Date



Note: USD-based performance. Source: Bloomberg. Data as of December 31, 2025. The indexes are provided for illustrative purposes only and are not meant to depict the performance of a specific investment. **Past performance is no guarantee of future results.** See pages 5-7 for index definitions.

backdrop, while convertible bonds underperformed amid renewed volatility in crypto-linked equities despite robust primary issuance.

Securitized markets were among the strongest performers in December. Agency Mortgage Backed Securities (MBS) spreads tightened meaningfully as the yield curve steepened and valuations remained attractive relative to other core fixed income sectors. Demand from money managers remained strong, and early signs of stabilization emerged in bank balance sheet participation as the Fed's balance sheet runoff continued at a measured pace. Issuance across asset-backed securities (ABS), non-agency residential mortgage-backed securities (RMBS), and commercial mortgage-backed securities (CMBS) was steady,¹ capping a solid year of supply and reinforcing the sector's role as a high-carry, shorter-duration alternative within fixed income portfolios.

Global Asset Allocation and Outlook

DEVELOPED MARKET RATE/FOREIGN CURRENCY

(Neutral duration, curve steepeners and USD underweight)

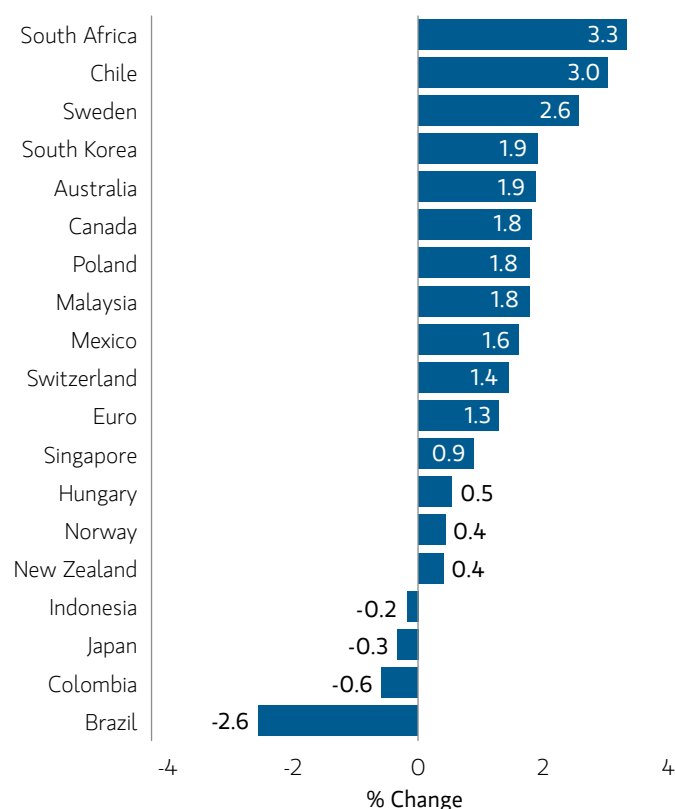
Following the recent repricing of dovish expectations, we maintain a neutral duration stance across developed markets, complemented by targeted regional expressions. We remain long duration outside of Japan, with positions in UK gilts, euro area rates, and the Canadian front end. In the U.S., we are neutral on outright Treasury duration and continue to express our views through curve steepeners. We also hold steepeners in Germany and France, primarily in the 5s–30s and 10s–30s segments, reflecting our expectation that term premia will continue to rise alongside persistent fiscal deficits and higher-for-longer issuance dynamics. Steepening structures in the U.S., UK, and Australia offer attractive risk-reward in an environment where carry is likely to remain the dominant driver of returns.

We remain short Japanese duration, reflecting rising term premia and expectations for further policy normalization by the Bank of Japan, though we have reduced the position as valuations have become more attractive. In inflation-linked markets, we took profits on long Japanese breakevens while maintaining a constructive stance on U.S. Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities (TIPS).

DISPLAY 2

Currency Monthly Changes versus USD

(+ = appreciation)



Note: Positive change means appreciation of the currency against the USD. Source: Bloomberg. Data as December 31, 2025.

In foreign exchange, we increased exposure to a basket of higher-beta currencies versus the U.S. dollar, reintroducing the New Zealand dollar and rotating from the Hungarian forint into the Polish zloty based on relative central bank dynamics. Looking into 2026, currency opportunities are becoming increasingly compelling. The U.S. dollar remains overvalued by historical standards, and we expect gradual depreciation as Fed easing progresses and global capital flows rebalance. This backdrop supports selective exposure to high-carry currencies and those underpinned by improving growth fundamentals, while remaining mindful of policy and geopolitical risks.

¹ Source: Bloomberg, as of December 31, 2025.

The views and opinions expressed are those of the Portfolio Management team as of December 2025 and are subject to change based on market, economic and other conditions. **Past performance is not indicative of future results.**

DISPLAY 3
Major Monthly Changes in 10-Year Yields and Spreads

COUNTRY	10-YR YIELD LEVEL (%)	MONTH CHANGE (BPS)	10-YR SPREAD (BPS)	MONTH CHANGE (BPS)
(SPREAD OVER USTS)				
United States	4.17	15		
United Kingdom	4.48	4	31	-11
Germany	2.86	17	-131	1
Japan	2.07	25	-210	10
Australia	4.74	23	57	7
Canada	3.43	29	-73	13
New Zealand	4.40	14	23	-1
EUROPE (SPREAD OVER BUNDS)				
France	3.56	16	71	-1
Greece	3.44	15	59	-1
Italy	3.55	15	70	-1
Portugal	3.15	15	30	-2
Spain	3.29	12	43	-4
EM	10-YR LOCAL YIELD (%)	MTD CHANGE (BPS)	SPREAD (BPS)	MTD CHANGE (BPS)
EM External Spreads			231	-13
EM Corporate Spreads			188	-14
EM Local Yields	5.86	-2		
(SPREAD OVER USTS)				
Brazil	13.73	33	957	17
Colombia	12.64	12	848	-3
Hungary	6.77	-23	260	-38
Indonesia	6.05	-25	188	-40
Malaysia	3.50	4	-66	-11
Mexico	9.11	20	494	5
Peru	5.78	-13	162	-29
Poland	5.16	2	99	-13
South Africa	8.19	-30	403	-45
CREDIT			SPREAD (BPS)	MTD CHANGE (BPS)
U.S. IG			78	-2
EUR IG			78	-5
U.S. HY			266	-3
EUR HY			265	-7
SECURITIZED				
Agency MBS			110	-14
U.S. BBB CMBS			593	-10

Positive Neutral Negative

Source: Bloomberg, JPMorgan. Data as of December 31, 2025.

The views and opinions expressed are those of the Portfolio Management team as of December 2025 and are subject to change based on market, economic and other conditions. **Past performance is not indicative of future results.**

EMERGING MARKET DEBT

(Overweight)

Emerging market (EM) sovereign and corporate debt remains a standout opportunity for 2026. Lower inflation, elevated real yields, and credible reform momentum across several countries underpin a supportive macro backdrop. Valuations—particularly in local markets—remain attractive, and many EM currencies are undervalued relative to the U.S. dollar. While the opportunity set is broad, dispersion is high, making country selection and policy discipline critical. We favor markets with credible monetary frameworks, improving fundamentals, and attractive real yield differentials versus developed markets.

CORPORATE CREDIT

(Underweight IG, small overweight HY)

We remain underweight investment grade credit, reflecting tight valuations, weakening technicals, and peaking fundamentals. While IG balance sheets remain healthy—characterized by strong liquidity, low downgrade risk, and conservative leverage—spreads are tight by historical standards, leaving little margin for error. Elevated issuance of long-dated debt to fund AI-related capital expenditure, alongside an active M&A pipeline, further challenges the technical backdrop. At current levels, modest spread widening could materially erode excess carry.

Regionally, we prefer Europe over the U.S., supported by more balanced supply dynamics. From a sector perspective, we favor financials—particularly banks—given strong capital positions, resilient earnings, and limited net supply. We are underweight single-A non-financials, where M&A risk is more acute.

We maintain a modest overweight to select high-yield issuers in both the U.S. and Europe. Fundamentals remain supportive, with improved average credit quality, low default rates, and manageable leverage. Although spreads are near post-crisis lows, the higher yield carry, shorter spread duration, and greater issuer dispersion create attractive opportunities for security selection. Defaults are expected to rise modestly but remain contained, supporting continued investor demand.

LEVERAGED LOANS

(Underweight)

We expect heavier net supply and rising dispersion in leveraged loans. While Collateralized Loan Obligation (CLO) demand remains a key technical support, economically sensitive sectors are showing signs of strain, contrasting with strength in software and technology-linked issuers. Given expectations for Fed rate cuts, we prefer fixed-rate exposure over floating-rate assets and remain underweight the asset class.

SECURITIZED PRODUCTS

(Overweight)

Agency mortgage-backed securities and non-agency residential mortgage-backed securities remain our highest-conviction overweight for 2026. Our overweight to agency MBS delivered strong absolute, excess, and relative returns in 2025, supported by a bull steepening of the yield curve, a compression in implied volatility to post-2021 lows, and a gradual but persistent improvement in market technicals. Looking ahead, we believe agency MBS continue to offer an attractive spread pickup relative to both historical levels and other core fixed income sectors, providing compelling relative value versus investment grade corporates and cash alternatives.

We expect demand for agency MBS to strengthen further as regulatory constraints ease, short-term rates decline, and bank balance sheets become more flexible. In addition, money managers remain attracted to the sector's combination of carry and high-quality collateral. The Federal Reserve's supportive policy stance, alongside the continued but measured runoff of Fed-held MBS, should provide an additional tailwind by limiting supply pressure and supporting market liquidity.

Non-agency RMBS also offers an attractive opportunity set, underpinned by stable home prices, low loan-to-value ratios, and historically low delinquency rates. Supply-demand dynamics remain favorable, with limited new issuance and minimal refinancing risk given the high proportion of borrowers locked into low mortgage rates. These factors, combined with the slow unwind of Fed-held positions, continue to support the sector's resilient credit profile.

The views and opinions expressed are those of the Portfolio Management team as of December 2025 and are subject to change based on market, economic and other conditions. **Past performance is not indicative of future results.**

Within CMBS, fundamentals remain resilient, particularly in higher-quality segments. We see attractive opportunities in hospitality—especially luxury and trophy properties—where demand trends and cash flows have stabilized. Office CMBS also presents selective value, supported by improving occupancy rates and a more stable interest rate environment. We continue to favor exposure to logistics, storage, and high-quality multifamily assets, where operating performance remains robust. While CMBS remains a high-conviction allocation, dispersion across property types and geographies is increasing, making selectivity critical. Our exposure is

therefore focused on the single-asset, single-borrower (SASB) market, which allows for greater transparency and control over underlying cash flows.

Lastly, we remain constructive on Danish covered bonds. The market's depth, strong legal framework, and backing by a politically stable economy and resilient housing market support its defensive characteristics. Valuations remain compelling for high-quality assets, and the steep Danish government curve continues to offer attractive USD-hedged yields for global investors.

Risk Considerations

Diversification neither assures a profit nor guarantees against loss in a declining market.

There is no assurance that a portfolio will achieve its investment objective. Portfolios are subject to **market risk**, which is the possibility that the market values of securities owned by the portfolio will decline and that the value of portfolio shares may therefore be less than what you paid for them. Market values can change daily due to economic and other events (e.g., natural disasters, health crises, terrorism, conflicts, and social unrest) that affect markets, countries, companies, or governments. It is difficult to predict the timing, duration, and potential adverse effects (e.g., portfolio liquidity) of events. Accordingly, you can lose money investing in a portfolio. **Fixed-income securities** are subject to the ability of an issuer to make timely principal and interest payments (credit risk), changes in interest rates (interest rate risk), the creditworthiness of the issuer and general market liquidity (market risk). In a rising interest-rate environment, bond prices may fall and may result in periods of volatility and increased portfolio redemptions. In a declining interest-rate environment, the portfolio may generate less income. **Longer-term securities** may be more sensitive to interest rate changes. Certain **U.S. government securities** purchased by the strategy, such as those issued by Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac, are not backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. It is possible that these issuers will not have the funds to meet their payment obligations in the future. **Public bank loans** are subject to liquidity risk and the credit risks of lower-rated securities. **High-yield securities (junk bonds)** are lower-rated securities that may have a higher degree of credit and liquidity risk. **Sovereign debt securities** are subject to default risk. **Mortgage- and asset-backed securities** are sensitive to early prepayment risk and a higher risk of default and may be hard to value and difficult to sell (**liquidity risk**). They are also subject to credit, market, and interest rate risks. The **currency market** is highly volatile. Prices in these markets are influenced by, among other things, changing supply and demand for a particular currency; trade; fiscal, money and domestic or foreign exchange control programs and policies; and changes in domestic and foreign interest rates. Investments in **foreign markets** entail special risks such as currency, political, economic and market risks. The risks of investing in **emerging market** countries are greater than the risks generally associated with foreign investments. **Derivative instruments** may disproportionately increase losses and have a significant impact on performance. They also may be subject to counterparty, liquidity, valuation, and correlation and market risks. **Restricted and illiquid securities** may be more difficult to sell and value than publicly traded securities (liquidity risk). Due to the possibility that prepayments will alter the cash flows on **collateralized mortgage obligations (CMOs)**, it is not possible to determine in advance their final maturity date or average life. In addition, if the collateral securing the CMOs or any third-party guarantees are insufficient to make payments, the portfolio could sustain a loss.

DEFINITIONS

Basis point (bp): One basis point = 0.01%.

INDEX DEFINITIONS

The indexes shown in this report are not meant to depict the performance of any specific investment, and the indexes shown do not include any expenses, fees, or sales charges, which would lower performance. The indexes shown are unmanaged and should not be considered an investment. It is not possible to invest directly in an index.

"Bloomberg®" and the Bloomberg Index/Indices used are service marks of Bloomberg Finance L.P. and its affiliates and have been licensed for use for certain purposes by Morgan Stanley Investment Management (MSIM). Bloomberg is not affiliated with MSIM, does not approve, endorse, review, or recommend any product, and does not guarantee the timeliness, accurateness, or completeness of any data or information relating to any product.

The **Bloomberg Euro Aggregate Corporate Index (Bloomberg Euro IG Corporate)** is an index designed to reflect the performance of the euro-denominated investment-grade corporate bond market.

The views and opinions expressed are those of the Portfolio Management team as of December 2025 and are subject to change based on market, economic and other conditions. **Past performance is not indicative of future results.**

The **Bloomberg Global Aggregate Corporate Index** is the corporate component of the Bloomberg Global Aggregate index, which provides a broad-based measure of the global investment-grade fixed income markets.

The **Bloomberg US Corporate High Yield Index** measures the market of USD-denominated, non-investment grade, fixed-rate, taxable corporate bonds. Securities are classified as high yield if the middle rating of Moody's, Fitch, and S&P is Ba1/BB+/BB+ or below. The index excludes emerging market debt.

The **Bloomberg US Corporate Index** is a broad-based benchmark that measures the investment grade, fixed-rate, taxable, corporate bond market.

The **Bloomberg US Mortgage-Backed Securities (MBS) Index** tracks agency mortgage-backed pass-through securities (both fixed-rate and hybrid ARM) guaranteed by Ginnie Mae (GNMA), Fannie Mae (FNMA) and Freddie Mac (FHLMC). The index is constructed by grouping individual TBA-deliverable MBS pools into aggregates or generics based on program, coupon, and vintage. Introduced in 1985, the GNMA, FHLMC and FNMA fixed-rate indexes for 30- and 15-year securities were backdated to January 1976, May 1977, and November 1982, respectively. In April 2007, agency hybrid adjustable-rate mortgage (ARM) pass-through securities were added to the index.

Consumer Price Index (CPI) is a measure that examines the weighted average of prices of a basket of consumer goods and services, such as transportation, food, and medical care.

Euro vs. USD—Euro total return versus U.S. dollar.

German 10YR bonds—Germany Benchmark 10-Year Datastream Government Index; **Japan 10YR government bonds**—Japan Benchmark 10-Year Datastream Government Index; and **10YR US Treasury**—US Benchmark 10-Year Datastream Government Index.

The **ICE BofAML European Currency High-Yield Constrained Index (ICE BofAML Euro HY constrained)** is designed to track the performance of euro- and British pound sterling-denominated below investment-grade corporate debt publicly issued in the Eurobond, sterling.

The **ICE BofAML US Mortgage-Backed Securities (ICE BofAML US Mortgage Master) Index** tracks the performance of US dollar-denominated, fixed-rate and hybrid residential mortgage pass-through securities publicly issued by US agencies in the US domestic market.

The **ICE BofAML US High Yield Master II Constrained Index (ICE BofAML US High Yield)** is a market value-weighted index of all domestic and Yankee high-yield bonds, including deferred-interest bonds and payment-in-kind securities. Its securities have maturities of one year or more and a credit rating lower than BBB-/Baa3 but are not in default.

The **ISM Manufacturing Index** is based on surveys of more than 300 manufacturing firms by the Institute of Supply Management. The ISM Manufacturing Index monitors employment, production inventories, new orders, and supplier deliveries. A composite diffusion index is created that monitors conditions in national manufacturing based on the data from these surveys.

Italy 10-Year Government Bonds—Italy Benchmark 10-Year Datastream Government Index.

The **JP Morgan CEMBI Broad Diversified Index** is a global, liquid corporate emerging markets benchmark that tracks US-denominated corporate bonds issued by emerging markets entities.

The **JPMorgan Government Bond Index—emerging markets (JPM local EM debt)** tracks local currency bonds issued by emerging market governments. The index is positioned as the investable benchmark that includes only those countries that are accessible by most of the international investor base (excludes China and India as of September 2013).

The **JPMorgan Government Bond Index Emerging Markets (JPM External EM Debt)** tracks local currency bonds issued by emerging market governments. The index is positioned as the investable benchmark that includes only those countries that are accessible by most of the international investor base (excludes China and India as of September 2013).

The **JP Morgan Emerging Markets Bond Index Global (EMBI Global)** tracks total returns for traded external debt instruments in the emerging markets and is an expanded version of the EMBI+. As with the EMBI+, the EMBI Global includes US dollar-denominated Brady bonds, loans, and Eurobonds with an outstanding face value of at least \$500 million.

The **JP Morgan GBI-EM Global Diversified Index** is a market-capitalization weighted, liquid global benchmark for US-dollar corporate

emerging market bonds representing Asia, Latin America, Europe, and the Middle East/Africa.

JPY vs. USD—Japanese yen total return versus US dollar.

The **Markit iTraxx Europe Index** comprises 125 equally weighted credit default swaps on investment grade European corporate entities, distributed among 4 sub-indices: Financials (Senior & Subordinated), Non-Financials and HiVol.

The **Nikkei 225 Index (Japan Nikkei 225)** is a price-weighted index of Japan's top 225 blue-chip companies on the Tokyo Stock Exchange.

The **MSCI AC Asia ex-Japan Index (MSCI Asia ex-Japan)** captures large- and mid-cap representation across two of three developed markets countries (excluding Japan) and eight emerging markets countries in Asia.

The **MSCI All Country World Index (ACWI, MSCI global equities)** is a free float-adjusted market capitalization weighted index designed to measure the equity market performance of developed and emerging markets. The term "free float" represents the portion of shares outstanding that are deemed to be available for purchase in the public equity markets by investors. The performance of the Index is listed in US dollars and assumes reinvestment of net dividends.

MSCI Emerging Markets Index (MSCI emerging equities) captures large- and mid-cap representation across 23 emerging markets (EM) countries.

The **MSCI World Index (MSCI developed equities)** captures large and mid-cap representation across 23 developed market (DM) countries.

Purchasing Managers Index (PMI) is an indicator of the economic health of the manufacturing sector.

The **Refinitiv Convertible Global Focus USD Hedged Index** is a market weighted index with a minimum size for inclusion of \$500 million (US), 200 million (Europe), 22 billion Yen, and \$275 million (Other) of Convertible Bonds with an Equity Link.

The **Russell 2000® Index** is an index that measures the performance of the 2,000 smallest companies in the Russell 3000 Index.

The **S&P 500® Index (US S&P 500)** measures the performance of the large-cap segment of the US equities market, covering approximately 75 percent of the US equities market. The index includes 500 leading companies in leading industries of the U.S. economy.

S&P CoreLogic Case-Shiller US National Home Price NSA Index seeks to measure the value of residential real estate in 20 major US metropolitan areas: Atlanta, Boston, Charlotte, Chicago, Cleveland, Dallas, Denver, Detroit, Las Vegas, Los Angeles, Miami, Minneapolis, New York, Phoenix, Portland, San Diego, San Francisco, Seattle, Tampa and Washington, D.C.

The **S&P/LSTA US Leveraged Loan 100 Index (S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index)** is designed to reflect the performance of the largest facilities in the leveraged loan market.

The **S&P GSCI Copper Index (Copper)**, a sub-index of the S&P GSCI, provides investors with a reliable and publicly available benchmark for investment performance in the copper commodity market.

The **S&P GSCI Softs (GSCI soft commodities) Index** is a sub-index of the S&P GSCI that measures the performance of only the soft commodities, weighted on a world production basis. In 2012, the S&P GSCI Softs Index included the following commodities: coffee, sugar, cocoa, and cotton.

Spain 10-Year Government Bonds—Spain Benchmark 10-Year Datastream Government Index.

The **Thomson Reuters Convertible Global Focus USD Hedged Index** is a market weighted index with a minimum size for inclusion of \$500 million (US), 200 million euro (Europe), 22 billion yen, and \$275 million (Other) of convertible bonds with an equity link.

U.K. 10YR government bonds—U.K. Benchmark 10-Year Datastream Government Index. For the following Datastream government bond indexes, benchmark indexes are based on single bonds. The bond chosen for each series is the most representative bond available for the given maturity band at each point in time. Benchmarks are selected according to the accepted conventions within each market. Generally, the benchmark bond is the latest issue within the given maturity band; consideration is also given to yield, liquidity, issue size and coupon.

The **US Dollar Index (DXY)** is an index of the value of the United States dollar relative to a basket of foreign currencies, often referred to as a basket of US trade partners' currencies.

The views and opinions expressed are those of the Portfolio Management team as of December 2025 and are subject to change based on market, economic and other conditions. **Past performance is not indicative of future results.**

The **Chicago Board Options Exchange (CBOE) Market Volatility (VIX) Index** shows the market's expectation of 30-day volatility.

There is no guarantee that any investment strategy will work under all market conditions, and each investor should evaluate their ability to invest for the long-term, especially during periods of downturn in the market.

A separately managed account may not be appropriate for all investors. Separate accounts managed according to the particular strategy may include securities that may not necessarily track the performance of a particular index. Please consider the investment objectives, risks and fees of the Strategy carefully before investing. A minimum asset level is required. For important information about the investment managers, please refer to Form ADV Part 2.

The views and opinions and/or analysis expressed are those of the author or the investment team as of the date of preparation of this material and are subject to change at any time without notice due to market or economic conditions and may not necessarily come to pass. Furthermore, the views will not be updated or otherwise revised to reflect information that subsequently becomes available or circumstances existing, or changes occurring, after the date of publication. The views expressed do not reflect the opinions of all investment personnel at Morgan Stanley Investment Management (MSIM) and its subsidiaries and affiliates (collectively "the Firm") and may not be reflected in all the strategies and products that the Firm offers.

Forecasts and/or estimates provided herein are subject to change and may not actually come to pass. Information regarding expected market returns and market outlooks is based on the research, analysis and opinions of the authors or the investment team. These conclusions are speculative in nature, may not come to pass and are not intended to predict the future performance of any specific strategy or product the Firm offers. Future results may differ significantly depending on factors such as changes in securities or financial markets or general economic conditions.

This material has been prepared on the basis of publicly available information, internally developed data and other third-party sources believed to be reliable. However, no assurances are provided regarding the reliability of such information and the Firm has not sought to independently verify information taken from public and third-party sources.

This material is a general communication, which is not impartial, and all information provided has been prepared solely for informational and educational purposes and does not constitute an offer or a recommendation to buy or sell any particular security or to adopt any specific investment strategy. The information herein has not been based on a consideration of any individual investor circumstances and is not investment advice, nor should it be construed in any way as tax, accounting, legal or regulatory advice. To that end, investors should seek independent legal and financial advice, including advice as to tax consequences, before making any investment decision.

Charts and graphs provided herein are for illustrative purposes only.

Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

The indexes are unmanaged and do not include any expenses, fees, or sales charges. It is not possible to invest directly in an index. Any index referred to herein is the intellectual property (including registered trademarks) of the applicable licensor. Any product based on an index is in no way sponsored, endorsed, sold, or promoted by the applicable licensor and it shall not have any liability with respect thereto.

This material is not a product of Morgan Stanley's Research Department and should not be regarded as research material or a recommendation.

The Firm has not authorized financial intermediaries to use and to distribute this material unless such use and distribution is made in accordance with applicable law and regulation. Additionally, financial intermediaries are required to satisfy themselves that the information in this material is appropriate for any person to whom they provide this material in view of that person's circumstances and purpose. The Firm shall not be liable for, and accepts no liability for, the use or misuse of this material by any such financial intermediary.

This material may be translated into other languages. Where such a translation is made this English version remains definitive. If there are any discrepancies between the English version and any version of this material in another language, the English version shall prevail.

The whole or any part of this material may not be directly or indirectly reproduced, copied, modified, used to create a derivative work, performed, displayed, published, posted, licensed, framed, distributed,

or transmitted or any of its contents disclosed to third parties without the Firm's express written consent. This material may not be linked to unless such hyperlink is for personal and non-commercial use. All information contained herein is proprietary and is protected under copyright and other applicable law.

Eaton Vance is part of Morgan Stanley Investment Management. Morgan Stanley Investment Management is the asset management division of Morgan Stanley.

DISTRIBUTION

This material is only intended for and will only be distributed to persons resident in jurisdictions where such distribution or availability would not be contrary to local laws or regulations.

MSIM, the asset management division of Morgan Stanley (NYSE: MS), and its affiliates have arrangements in place to market each other's products and services. Each MSIM affiliate is regulated as appropriate in the jurisdiction it operates. MSIM's affiliates are: Eaton Vance Management (International) Limited, Eaton Vance Advisers International Ltd, Calvert Research and Management, Eaton Vance Management, Parametric Portfolio Associates LLC, and Atlanta Capital Management LLC.

This material has been issued by any one or more of the following entities:

EMEA:

This material is for Professional Clients/Accredited Investors only.

In the EU, MSIM materials are issued by MSIM Fund Management (Ireland) Limited ("FMIL"). FMIL is regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland and is incorporated in Ireland as a private company limited by shares with company registration number 616661 and has its registered address at 24-26 City Quay, Dublin 2, DO2 NY19, Ireland.

Outside the EU, MSIM materials are issued by Morgan Stanley Investment Management Limited (MSIM Ltd) is authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority. Registered in England. Registered No. 1981121. Registered Office: 25 Cabot Square, Canary Wharf, London E14 4QA.

In Switzerland, MSIM materials are issued by Morgan Stanley & Co. International plc, London (Zurich Branch) Authorised and regulated by the Eidgenössische Finanzmarktaufsicht ("FINMA"). Registered Office: Beethovenstrasse 33, 8002 Zurich, Switzerland.

Italy: MSIM FMIL (Milan Branch), (Sede Secondaria di Milano) Palazzo Serbelloni Corso Venezia, 16 20121 Milano, Italy. **The Netherlands:** MSIM FMIL (Amsterdam Branch), Rembrandt Tower, 11th Floor Amstelplein 1 1096HA, Netherlands. **France:** MSIM FMIL (Paris Branch), 61 rue de Monceau 75008 Paris, France. **Spain:** MSIM FMIL (Madrid Branch), Calle Serrano 55, 28006, Madrid, Spain. **Germany:** MSIM FMIL Frankfurt Branch, Große Gallusstraße 18, 60312 Frankfurt am Main, Germany (Gattung: Zweigniederlassung (FDI) gem. § 53b KWG). **Denmark:** MSIM FMIL (Copenhagen Branch), Gorriksen Federspiel, Axel Towers, Axelstorv2, 1609 Copenhagen V, Denmark.

MIDDLE EAST

Dubai International Financial Centre: This information does not constitute or form part of any offer to issue or sell, or any solicitation of any offer to subscribe for or purchase, any securities or investment products in the UAE (including the Dubai International Financial Centre and the Abu Dhabi Global Market) and accordingly should not be construed as such. Furthermore, this information is being made available on the basis that the recipient acknowledges and understands that the entities and securities to which it may relate have not been approved, licensed by or registered with the UAE Central Bank, the Dubai Financial Services Authority, the UAE Securities and Commodities Authority, the Financial Services Regulatory Authority or any other relevant licensing authority or government agency in the UAE. The content of this report has not been approved by or filed with the UAE Central Bank, the Dubai Financial Services Authority, the UAE Securities and Commodities Authority or the Financial Services Regulatory Authority.

Abu Dhabi Global Market ("ADGM"): This material is sent strictly within the context of, and constitutes, an Exempt Communication. This material relates to (strategy) which is not subject to any form of regulation or approval by the Financial Services Regulatory Authority of the Abu Dhabi Global Market (the "FSRA").

Saudi Arabia. This financial promotion was issued and approved for use in Saudi Arabia by Morgan Stanley Saudi Arabia, Al Rashid Tower, Kings Sand Street, Riyadh, Saudi Arabia, authorized and regulated by the Capital Market Authority license number 06044-37.

The views and opinions expressed are those of the Portfolio Management team as of December 2025 and are subject to change based on market, economic and other conditions. **Past performance is not indicative of future results.**

ASIA PACIFIC

Hong Kong: This document has been issued by Morgan Stanley Asia Limited, CE No. AAD291, for use in Hong Kong and shall only be made available to "professional investors" as defined under the Securities and Futures Ordinance of Hong Kong (Cap 571). The contents of this document have not been reviewed nor approved by any regulatory authority including the Securities and Futures Commission in Hong Kong. Accordingly, save where an exemption is available under the relevant law, this document shall not be issued, circulated, distributed, directed at, or made available to, the public in Hong Kong. **Singapore:** This material is disseminated in Singapore by Morgan Stanley Investment Management Company, Registration No. 199002743C. This material should not be considered to be the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase, whether directly or indirectly, to the public or any member of the public in Singapore other than (i) to an institutional investor under section 304 of the Securities and Futures Act, Chapter 289 of Singapore ("SFA"), (ii) to a "relevant person" (which includes an accredited investor) pursuant to section 305 of the SFA, and such distribution is in accordance with the conditions specified in section 305 of the SFA; or (iii) otherwise pursuant to, and in accordance with the conditions of, any other applicable provision of the SFA. This material has not been reviewed by the Monetary Authority of Singapore.

Australia: This material is provided by Morgan Stanley Investment Management (Australia) Pty Ltd ABN 22122040037, AFSL No. 314182 and its affiliates and does not constitute an offer of interests. Morgan Stanley Investment Management (Australia) Pty Limited arranges for MSIM affiliates to provide financial services to Australian wholesale clients. This material will not be lodged with the Australian Securities and Investments Commission.

JAPAN:

For professional investors, this material is circulated or distributed for informational purposes only. For those who are not professional investors, this material is provided in relation to Morgan Stanley Investment Management (Japan) Co., Ltd. ("MSIMJ")'s business with respect to discretionary investment management agreements ("IMA") and investment advisory agreements ("IAA"). This is not for the purpose of a recommendation or solicitation of transactions or offers any particular financial instruments. Under an IMA, with respect to management of assets of a client, the client prescribes basic

management policies in advance and commissions MSIMJ to make all investment decisions based on an analysis of the value, etc. of the securities, and MSIMJ accepts such commission. The client shall delegate to MSIMJ the authorities necessary for making investment. MSIMJ exercises the delegated authorities based on investment decisions of MSIMJ, and the client shall not make individual instructions. All investment profits and losses belong to the clients; principal is not guaranteed. Please consider the investment objectives and nature of risks before investing. As an investment advisory fee for an IAA or an IMA, the amount of assets subject to the contract multiplied by a certain rate (the upper limit is 2.20% per annum (including tax)) shall be incurred in proportion to the contract period. For some strategies, a contingency fee may be incurred in addition to the fee mentioned above. Indirect charges also may be incurred, such as brokerage commissions for incorporated securities. Since these charges and expenses are different depending on a contract and other factors, MSIMJ cannot present the rates, upper limits, etc. in advance. All clients should read the Documents Provided Prior to the Conclusion of a Contract carefully before executing an agreement. This material is disseminated in Japan by MSIMJ, Registered No. 410 (Director of Kanto Local Finance Bureau (Financial Instruments Firms)), Membership: the Japan Securities Dealers Association, The Investment Trusts Association, Japan, the Japan Investment Advisers Association and the Type II Financial Instruments Firms Association.

US

NOT FDIC INSURED | OFFER NO BANK GUARANTEE | MAY LOSE VALUE | NOT INSURED BY ANY FEDERAL GOVERNMENT AGENCY | NOT A DEPOSIT

LATIN AMERICA (BRAZIL, CHILE COLOMBIA, MEXICO, PERU, AND URUGUAY)

This material is for use with an institutional investor or a qualified investor only. All information contained herein is confidential and is for the exclusive use and review of the intended addressee and may not be passed on to any third party. This material is provided for informational purposes only and does not constitute a public offering, solicitation, or recommendation to buy or sell for any product, service, security and/or strategy. A decision to invest should only be made after reading the strategy documentation and conducting in-depth and independent due diligence.