

PIMCO

650 Newport Center Drive
Newport Beach, California 92660

Style: Inflation Linked Secs
Sub-Style: Inflation Linked Sec Global
Firm AUM: \$1,714.4 billion
Firm Strategy AUM: \$323.0 million

Year Founded: 1971
GIMA Status: Focus
Firm Ownership: Allianz Asset Management
Professional-Staff: 1587

PRODUCT OVERVIEW

Originally founded in 1971, Pacific Investment Mgmt. Co("PIMCO") is a global investments solutions provider. The PIMCO Real Return for Managed Accounts strategy is an actively managed core inflation protection strategy that seeks maximum real return by investing primarily in high-quality inflation-linked bonds, including Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities (TIPS). The product can contribute to overall portfolio diversification because other financial assets, such as stocks or nominal bonds, may underperform in periods of higher inflation. A typical portfolio will hold 3 to 15 securities (this number may vary from account to account), which represent approximately 55% of the portfolio. The remaining 45% will be invested in a PIMCO proprietary commingled vehicle, which invests primarily in inflation-linked fixed income securities. The average portfolio duration of the portfolio normally varies within two years (plus or minus) of the duration of the Barclays U.S. TIPS Index.

TARGET PORTFOLIO CHARACTERISTICS

Number of bond holdings:	3 to 15
Average credit quality:	A to A
Average maturity:	7.63
Average duration:	2.0 to 2.0 years
Average coupon:	1.40
Average turnover rate:	150 to 400%

PORTFOLIO STATISTICS

	-----06/18-----	12/17
	PIMCO	Index***
Number of bond holdings	5	—
SEC Yield	—	—
Avg credit quality	AA	—
Avg maturity	7.63 yrs.	—
Avg duration	7.21 yrs.	—
Avg coupon	1.4%	—

FIXED INCOME SECTOR DISTRIBUTION (%) +

	06/18	03/18	12/17	09/17
United States TIPS	98.40	106.00	107.20	108.00
Net Other Short Duration Instruments	3.70	5.00	5.20	11.00
Mortgage-Backed Securities	11.50	9.00	7.40	7.00
Emerging Markets	5.80	6.00	6.60	
United Kingdom ILBs	1.40	1.00	2.40	2.00
High Yield Credit	-0.60	3.00	1.90	
Investment Grade	2.60		2.50	1.00
Non- U.S. Developed	-9.10	-11.00	-10.70	-8.00
U.S. Treasury	-16.90	-21.00	-21.50	-30.00
High Yield Corporates	0.00	-1.00	-1.20	0.00
Other non-U.S. ILBs	3.00	0.00	0.30	
Other	0.20		0.00	
EM Short Duration Instruments	0.00		-0.10	

*Total may not equal 100% due to rounding.

***Index : BC TIPS

MANAGER'S INVESTMENT PROCESS

- PIMCO's core investment process, which applies to all real return portfolios, begins with an annual Secular Forum, during which the firm formulates its outlook for global bond markets over the next three to five years. Topics monitored include monetary and fiscal policy, inflation, demographics, technology, productivity trends, global trade, etc.
- PIMCO investment professionals also meet quarterly in Economic Forums to evaluate growth and inflation over the business cycle horizon of the next 6-12 months.
- Subsequent to these forums and the resulting formation of a consensus forecast of growth and inflation rates around the globe, the portfolio management group constructs generic model portfolios for both multi-sector or specialized sector portfolios. Specifically, real return portfolio managers construct model Real Return portfolios, guided by the risk parameter ranges established in real return model portfolios approved by the Investment Committee.
- The portfolio will invest approximately 55% in individual high quality U.S. bonds with the remaining assets in a PIMCO proprietary commingled vehicle, which invests primarily in inflation-linked fixed income securities.

RISK CONSIDERATIONS

Investing in securities entails risks, including: Fixed Income securities may be sensitive to changes in prevailing interest rates. When rates rise the value generally declines. There is no assurance that the private guarantors or insurers will meet their obligations. U.S. Treasuries are guaranteed by the U.S. government and, if held to maturity, offer a fixed rate of return and fixed principal value. Growth investing does not guarantee a profit or eliminate risk. The stocks of these companies can have relatively high valuations. Because of these high valuations, an investment in a growth stock can be more risky than an investment in a company with more modest growth expectations. Value investing does not guarantee a profit or eliminate risk. Not all companies whose stocks are considered to be value stocks are able to turn their business around or successfully employ corrective strategies which would result in stock prices that do not rise as initially expected.

PORTFOLIO'S MATURITY STRUCTURE (%) *

	06/18	03/18	12/17	09/17
0 to 2 Years	6.74	9.13	11.32	11.92
2 to 4 Years	9.70	21.11	26.99	23.37
4 to 6 Years	37.79	29.05	13.87	15.64
6 to 8 Years	14.28	13.18	7.94	11.94
8 to 12 Years	20.23	15.55	27.51	24.33
12 to 17 Years	0.71	0.78	0.67	0.44
Over 17 Years	10.55	11.20	11.70	12.36
Cash/Cash Equivalents	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

PORTFOLIO'S CREDIT QUALITY STRUCTURE (%) *

Investment Grade

	06/18	03/18	12/17	09/17
AAA	88.60	91.40	89.10	88.60
AA	1.50	1.10	2.00	0.70
A	2.50	-0.10	1.70	3.00
BBB	2.00	1.80	1.60	1.40

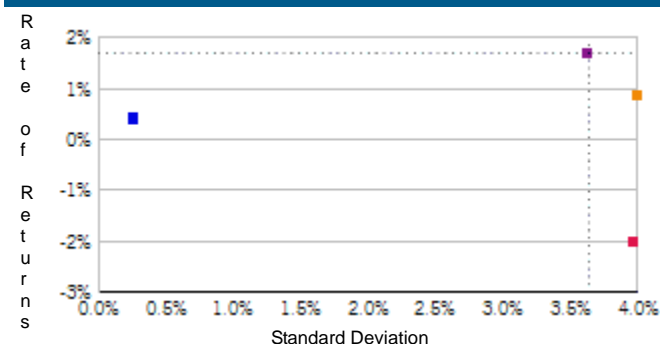
Below Investment Grade

BB	4.30	4.50	4.50	5.20
B	0.80	1.00	0.80	0.80
Below B	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30
Not Rated	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Cash/Cash Equivalents	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

*Total may not equal 100% due to rounding.

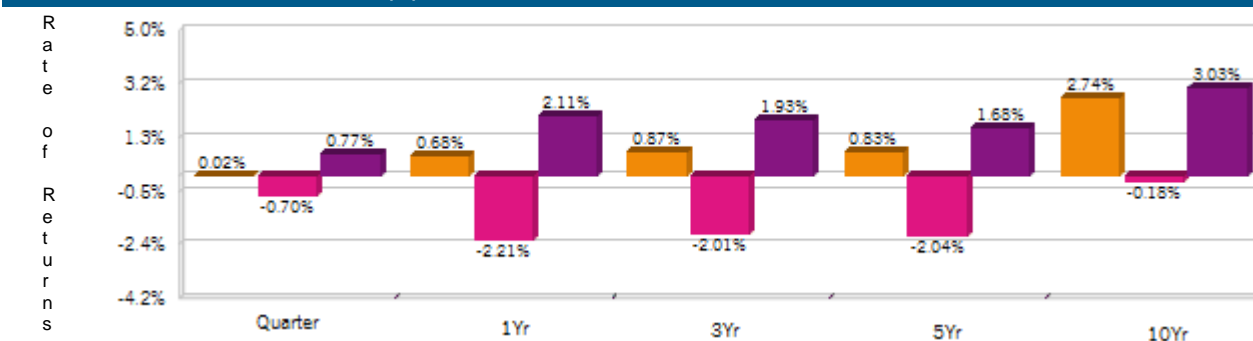
***Index : BC TIPS

RISK/RETURN ANALYSIS - 5 YEARS ENDING 06/30/18



	STD	ROR
PIMCO (Gross)	4.00	0.83
PIMCO (Net)	3.98	-2.04
BC TIPS	3.64	1.68
90-Day T-Bills	0.26	0.39

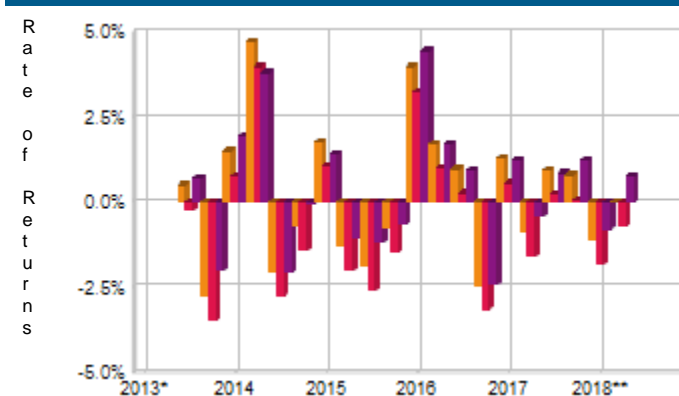
AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURN (%) - PERIODS ENDING 06/30/18



INVESTMENT RESULTS

	Annual Rates of Return (%)										10 Year - Ending 06/30/18	
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Annual	Std. Dev.
PIMCO (Gross)	-6.04	19.14	6.74	12.60	8.00	-11.43	3.41	-2.11	4.24	2.18	2.74	6.12
PIMCO (Net)	-8.78	15.77	3.73	9.45	4.96	-13.97	0.48	-4.88	1.27	-0.73	-0.18	6.09
BC TIPS	-2.35	11.41	6.31	13.56	6.98	-8.61	3.64	-1.44	4.68	3.01	3.03	4.99

RISK VOLATILITY (%)



*07/01/13-12/31/13

**01/01/18-06/30/18

	Number Of	Up Qtrs.	Down
PIMCO (Gross)	11	9	
PIMCO (Net)	9	11	
BC TIPS	11	9	

PORTFOLIO'S QUARTERLY RETURNS (%)

	Quarter1		Quarter2		Quarter3		Quarter4	
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net	Gross	Net	Gross	Net
2008	5.35	4.62	-0.56	-1.29	-5.68	-6.36	-4.91	-5.66
2009	6.37	5.61	3.67	2.91	5.54	4.79	2.38	1.65
2010	1.21	0.49	2.84	2.11	3.50	2.76	-0.92	-1.62
2011	2.38	1.64	3.47	2.75	3.50	2.77	2.71	1.98
2012	1.53	0.81	4.11	3.38	1.99	1.26	0.19	-0.54
2013	-0.56	-1.29	-8.86	-9.52	0.51	-0.22	-2.77	-3.47
2014	1.51	0.79	4.72	3.98	-2.03	-2.73	-0.71	-1.42
2015	1.79	1.08	-1.28	-1.98	-1.88	-2.58	-0.73	-1.45
2016	3.99	3.25	1.73	1.00	0.99	0.27	-2.44	-3.15
2017	1.29	0.57	-0.87	-1.59	0.95	0.23	0.81	0.08
2018	-1.09	-1.81	0.02	-0.70				

Related

Select UMA

PORTFOLIO'S RISK STATISTICS - ENDING 06/30/18 ^{1 2}

	PERIODS	
	3 Year	5 Year
Standard Deviation	3.54%	4.00%
Standard Deviation of Primary Benchmark	3.50%	3.64%
Sharpe Ratio	0.07	0.11
Sharpe Ratio of Primary Benchmark	0.37	0.35
Alpha	-1.04%	-0.93%
Beta	1.00	1.08
Downside Risk	0.82%	0.82%
R-Squared	0.97	0.96
Tracking Error	0.61%	0.83%
Information Ratio	-1.73	-1.02

PORTFOLIO DIVERSIFICATION - R²(INCEPTION THROUGH 12/14)+

	R ²
PIMCO vs. BC TIPS	0.93

+Statistics are calculated using gross of fee performance only.

1. Statistics are calculated using gross of fee performance only.
2. BC TIPS was used as the primary benchmark and the 90-Day T-Bills Index as the risk-free benchmark.

See important notes and disclosures pages for a discussion of the sources of the performance data used to calculate the performance results and related analyses shown above.

IMPORTANT NOTES AND DISCLOSURES

COMPOSITE DISCLOSURES

Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Actual individual account results may differ from the performance shown in this profile. There is no guarantee that this investment strategy will work under all market conditions. Do not use this profile as the sole basis for your investment decisions.

Performance results in this profile are calculated assuming reinvestment of dividends and income. Returns for more than one year are annualized and based on quarterly data. Returns for periods of less than a calendar year show the total return for the period and are not annualized.

Sources of Performance Results and Other Data: The performance data and certain other information for this strategy (including the data on page 1 of this profile) reflect the investment manager's results in managing Morgan Stanley program accounts, or the investment manager's results in managing accounts and investment products, in the same or a substantially similar investment discipline. (For periods through June 2012, the Fiduciary Services program operated through two channels - Morgan Stanley channel and the Smith Barney channel - and any performance and other data relating to Fiduciary Services accounts shown here for these periods is calculated using accounts in only one of the these channels.) This information for the investment manager is presented solely to provide information about accounts that were managed according to investment objectives and strategies the same or substantially similar to the corresponding investment discipline in the Select UMA program. Although the Fiduciary Services and Select UMA programs are both Morgan Stanley managed account programs, the performance results and other features of similar investment disciplines in the two programs may differ due to investment and operational differences. For example, the individual investment disciplines in the Select UMA accounts may contain fewer securities, which would lead to a more concentrated portfolio. The automatic rebalancing, wash sale loss and tax-harvesting features of the Select UMA program, which are not available in Fiduciary Services, also could cause differences in performance. Accordingly, the performance of the accounts in the Fiduciary Services program is not, and may differ significantly from, the performance of the accounts in the Select UMA program and should not be considered indicative of or a substitute for Select UMA performance. Similarly, performance results of the investment manager's composites may differ from those of Select UMA accounts managed in the same or a substantially similar investment discipline.

Related Performance:

The PIMCO Real Return performance data from 1/1/2005 to the present represents a composite of all fully discretionary managed account portfolios with comparable investment objectives and risk managed by Allianz Global Investors Managed Accounts using PIMCO's Real Return model. From 9/1/1997 to 1/1/2005, the data represents a composite of PIMCO Real Return Fixed Income Full Authority institutional accounts managed by PIMCO (the Institutional Composite). Cash flows, account size and other factors such as dividend payments may affect individual account performance. Managed accounts are rebalanced if the commingled vehicles portion of the portfolio approaches a percentage specified by Allianz Global Investors Managed Accounts. While the commingled vehicles were designed to model PIMCO's Real Return strategy for institutional investors, no representation is being made that a managed account will achieve performance similar to the Institutional Composite. Although the portfolio characteristics of the managed accounts will be similar to the institutional separate accounts, they will not be identical. It is important to note that PIMCO exercises discretion over the accounts included in the Institutional Composite, determining what and when to trade and executing those trades. While PIMCO exercises this discretion over the commingled vehicles, those securities only constitute a portion of a managed account portfolio. Because of the substantially higher asset level of institutional accounts, trading differences, and the fact that Allianz Global Investors Managed Accounts has discretion over a portion of the managed account portfolio (as described above), significant disparities may occur between the holdings, characteristics and performance of the managed accounts and the Institutional Composite. Despite these differences, Allianz Global Investors Managed Accounts believes the Institutional Composite is a reasonable representation of the Portfolio's management style and is sufficiently relevant for consideration by prospective investors. Fixed Income SHares or "FISH" may not be purchased or held outside of a wrap fee program such as FS (Fiduciary Services). When you terminate your investment in the portfolio, such termination will result in the automatic redemption of all FISH shares held by you or on your behalf. The liquidation of these shares may result in certain tax consequences. By selecting this portfolio, you agree to the automatic liquidation of all FISH shares upon termination of your account. AGIMA may restrict, from accounts under its management, securities of certain companies in which AGIMA or an affiliated entity has an interest. All portfolio positions subject to restriction, client driven or otherwise, may be maintained in cash. The guarantee on Treasuries, TIPS and Government Bonds is to the timely repayment of principal and interest. Portfolios that invest in them are not guaranteed.

Morgan Stanley Performance:

The composite consists of **103** account(s) with a market value of **\$37.6 million** as of **06/30/2018**. In this profile, the performance from April 1, 2010 through June 30, 2012 consists of accounts managed by the investment manager in this strategy in either the Morgan Stanley or the Smith Barney form of the Fiduciary Services program. From July 1, 2012 through December 31, 2015, performance consists of all Fiduciary Services (FS) accounts managed by the investment manager in this strategy, subject to any other limitations stated in this profile. From January 1, 2016, performance consists of the performance of all FS accounts (as described in the previous sentence) as well as the performance of all single style Select UMA accounts managed by the investment manager in this strategy, subject to any other limitations stated in this profile. Performance composites calculated by Morgan Stanley include all fee-paying portfolios with no investment restrictions. New accounts are included beginning with the second full calendar month of performance. Terminated accounts are removed in the month in which they terminate (but prior performance of terminated accounts is retained). Performance is calculated on a total return basis and by asset weighting the individual portfolio returns using the beginning of period values.

Equity Account (Gross): PIMCO's gross results do not reflect a deduction of the investment advisory fees charged by PIMCO, or program fees, if any, but are net of commissions charged on securities transactions.

Net Performance for all Periods: Net performance results reflect a deduction of 0.7225% quarterly. This consists of three components: 0.625% maximum quarterly MS Advisory Fee and 0.0175% maximum quarterly Program Overlay Fee (which, together cover the services provided by Morgan Stanley), plus 0.08% quarterly SMA Manager Fees (being the fee currently charged by PIMCO to new clients for managing their assets in the Select UMA program). The SMA Manager Fees may differ from manager to manager, and managers may change their fee to new clients from time to time. If you select this manager for your account, check the SMA Manager Fees specified in the written client agreement, in case these have changed since you received this profile. Historical net fees reflect the Advisory Fee Schedule as of October 1, 2015.

Morgan Stanley program fees are usually deducted quarterly, and have a compounding effect on performance. The Morgan Stanley program fee, which differs among programs and clients, is described in the applicable Morgan Stanley ADV brochure, which is available at www.morganstanley.com/ADV or on request from your Financial Advisor or Private Wealth Advisor.

Document approval date November 2013.

Focus List, Approved List, and Watch Status:

Global Investment Manager Analysis ("GIMA") uses two methods to evaluate investment products in applicable advisory programs. In general, strategies that have passed a more thorough evaluation may be placed on the "Focus List", while strategies that have passed through a different and less comprehensive evaluation process may be placed on the "Approved List". Sometimes an investment product may be evaluated using the Focus List process but then placed on the Approved List instead of the Focus List.

Investment products may move from the Focus List to the Approved List, or vice versa. GIMA may also determine that an investment product no longer meets the criteria under either evaluation process and will no longer be recommended in investment advisory programs (in which case the investment product is given a "Not Approved" status).

GIMA has a "Watch" policy and may describe a Focus List or Approved List investment product as being on "Watch" if GIMA identifies specific areas that (a) merit further evaluation by GIMA and (b) may, but are not certain to, result in the investment product becoming "Not Approved". The Watch period depends on the length of time needed for GIMA to conduct its evaluation and for the investment manager to address any concerns. GIMA may, but is not obligated to, note the Watch status in this report with a "W" or "Watch" on the cover page.

For more information on the Focus List, Approved List, and Watch processes, please see the applicable Morgan Stanley ADV brochure (www.ms.com/adv). Your Financial Advisor or Private Wealth Advisor can provide on request a copy of a paper entitled "GIMA: At A Glance".

ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES

The information about a representative account is for illustrative purposes only. Actual account holdings, performance and other data will vary depending on the size of an account, cash flows within an account, and restrictions on an account. Holdings are subject to change daily. The information in this profile is not a recommendation to buy, hold or sell securities.

Actual portfolio statistics may vary from target portfolio characteristics.

The investment manager may use the same or substantially similar investment strategies, and may hold similar portfolios of investments, in other portfolios or products it manages (including mutual funds). These may be available at Morgan Stanley or elsewhere, and may cost an investor more or less than this strategy in Morgan Stanley's Select UMA program.

The portfolio may, at times, invest in exchange-traded funds (ETFs), which are a form of equity security in seeking to maintain continued full exposure to the broad equity market.

Morgan Stanley investment advisory programs may require a minimum asset level and, depending on your specific investment objectives and financial position, may not be suitable for you. Investment advisory program accounts are opened pursuant to a written client agreement.

The investment manager acts independently of, and is not an affiliate of, Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC.

Diversification does not guarantee a profit or protect against a loss.

No obligation to notify

Morgan Stanley has no obligation to notify you when information in this profile changes.

Sources of information

Material in this profile has been obtained from sources that we believe to be reliable, but we do not guarantee its accuracy, completeness or timeliness. Third party data providers make no warranties or representations relating to the accuracy, completeness or timeliness of the data they provide and are not liable for any damages relating to this data.

No tax advice

Morgan Stanley and its affiliates do not render advice on legal, tax and/or tax accounting matters to clients. Each client should consult his/her personal tax and/or legal advisor to learn about any potential tax or other implications that may result from acting on a particular recommendation.

Not an ERISA fiduciary

Morgan Stanley is not acting as a fiduciary under either the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended, or under section 4975 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, in providing the information in this profile.

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INDEX DESCRIPTIONS

90-Day T-Bills

The 90-Day Treasury Bill is a short-term obligation issued by the United States government. T-bills are purchased at a discount to the full face value, and the investor receives the full value when they mature. The difference of discount is the interest earned. T-bills are issued in denominations of \$10,000 auction and \$1,000 increments thereafter.

BC TIPS

The Barclays U.S. TIPS Index is an unmanaged market index comprised of all U.S. Treasury Inflation Protected Securities rated investment grade (Baa3 or better), have at least one year to final maturity, and at least \$250 million par amount outstanding.

S&P 500

The S&P 500 Total Return has been widely regarded as the best single gauge of the large cap U.S. equities market since the index was first published in 1957. The index has over \$5.58 trillion benchmarked, with index assets comprising approximately \$1.31 trillion of this total. The index includes 500 leading companies in leading industries of the U.S. economy, capturing 75% coverage of U.S. equities. This index includes dividend reinvestment.

Indices are unmanaged and have no expenses. You cannot invest directly in an index.

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Alpha is a mathematical estimate of risk-adjusted return expected from a portfolio above and beyond the benchmark return at any point in time.

American Depositary Receipts (ADRs) are receipts for shares of a foreign-based corporation held in the vault of a U.S. bank.

Average Portfolio Beta is a measure of the sensitivity of a benchmark or portfolio's rates of return to changes against a market return. The market return is the S&P 500 Index. It is the coefficient measuring a stock or a portfolio's relative volatility.

Beta is a measure of the sensitivity of a portfolio's rates of return to changes in the market return. It is the coefficient measuring a stock or a portfolio's relative volatility.

Bottom-Up Stock Selection Emphasis primarily on individual stock selection. Considerations of economic and industry factors are of secondary importance in the investment decision-making process.

Capitalization is defined as the following: Mega (Above \$100 billion), Large (\$12 to \$100 billion), Medium (\$2.5 - \$12 billion), Small (\$.50 - \$2.5 billion) and Micro (below \$.50 billion).

Dividend a portion of a company's profit paid to common and preferred shareholders.

Downside Risk is a measure of the risk associated with achieving a specific target return. This statistic separates portfolio volatility into downside risk and upside uncertainty. The downside considers all returns below the target return, while the upside considers all returns equal to or above the target return.

Duration is a measure of price sensitivity expressed in years.

High Grade Corporate Bonds corporate bonds from issuers with credit ratings of AA or AAA.

Information Ratio is a measure of the investment manager's skill to add active value against a given benchmark relative to how stable that active return has been. Essentially, the information ratio explains how significant a manager's alpha is. Therefore, the higher the information ratio, the more significant the alpha.

Investment Grade Bonds are those rated by Standard & Poor's AAA (highest rated), AA, A or BBB (or equivalent rating by other rating agencies or, in the case of securities not rated, by the investment manager).

Price/Book Ratio (P/B) weighted average of the stocks' price divided by book value per share. Book value per share is defined as common equity, including intangibles, divided by shares outstanding times the adjustment factor.

Price/Cash Flow Ratio a ratio used to compare a company's market value to its cash flow. It is calculated by dividing the company's market cap by the company's operating cash flow in the most recent fiscal year (or the most recent four fiscal quarters); or, equivalently, divide the per-share stock price by the per-share operating cash flow.

Price/Earnings Ratio (P/E Ratio) shows the multiple of earnings at which a stock sells. Determined by dividing current stock price by current earnings per share (adjusted for stock splits). Earnings per share for the P/E ratio are determined by dividing earnings for past 12 months by the number of common shares outstanding. The P/E ratio shown here is calculated by the harmonic mean.

Price/Sales Ratio determined by dividing current stock price by revenue per share (adjusted for stock splits). Revenue per share for the P/S ratio is determined by dividing revenue for past 12 months by number of shares outstanding.

R2 (R-Squared)/Portfolio Diversification indicates the proportion of a security's total variance that is benchmark-related or is explained by variations in the benchmark.

Sharpe Ratio measures the efficiency, or excess return per unit of volatility, of a manager's returns. It evaluates managers' performance on a volatility-adjusted basis.

Standard Deviation is a statistical measure of historical variability or spread of returns around a mathematical average return that was produced by the investment manager over a given measurement period. The higher the standard deviation, the greater the variability in the investment manager's returns relative to its average return.

Top-Down/Economic Analysis Emphasis primarily on macroeconomic trends as opposed to bottom-up stock selection.

Tracking Error represents the standard deviation of the difference between the performance of the investment strategy and the benchmark. This provides a historical measure of the variability of the investment strategy's returns relative to its benchmark.

U.S. Treasury Bonds a marketable, fixed interest U.S. government debt security with a maturity of more than 10 years. Treasury bonds make interest payments semi-annually and the income that holders receive is only taxed at the federal level.

Volatility a measure of risk based on the standard deviation of the asset return. Volatility is a variable that appears in option pricing formulas, where it denotes the volatility of the underlying asset return from now to the expiration of the option. There are volatility indexes. Such as a scale of 1-9; a higher rating means higher risk.