

Allianz Global Investors U.S. LLC/NFJ Investment Group L.P.

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PRODUCT OVERVIEW

Allianz Global Investors U.S. LLC/NFJ Investment Group L.P. ("Allianz/NFJ") is a disciplined, value-oriented equity manager specializing in a diversified, low price-to-earnings approach with an emphasis on dividends. Allianz/NFJ selects stocks on a bottom-up basis by employing a process that begins with screening stocks for positive fundamental characteristics. Based on forward twelve months earnings, stocks are then ranked by P/E and dividend yield within their industry peer group. Those exhibiting attractive relative valuations within each industry are identified as prospective purchase candidates. Fundamental company specific analysis is then performed, with an emphasis on the balance sheet, cash flow, and sustainability and growth of earnings and dividends. Once stocks are selected for purchase, Allianz/NFJ utilizes two models (price momentum and earnings revision) to aid in the timing of the purchase. The resulting portfolio typically holds between 35 and 60 dividend-paying stocks across 40 to 50 industries. Allianz Global Investors U.S. LLC ("Allianz") manages the accounts using a model portfolio developed by the subadvisor NFJ Investment Group L.P. ("NFJ") as a guide. While Allianz generally intends to follow NFJ's recommendations, as the account manager it has the discretion to accept or reject any investment recommendation and to deviate from the model portfolio. Allianz/NFJ's bottom-up investment process may, at times, result in portfolios that will be over/underweighted in particular sectors/industries versus the S&P 500 Index.

TARGET PORTFOLIO CHARACTERISTICS

Number of stock holdings:	35 to 60
Average dividend yield:	Above the S&P 500
P/E ratio:	Below the S&P 500
Cash level over market cycle:	0 to 10%
Risk (standard deviation):	Above the S&P 500
Average turnover rate:	30 to 50%
Use ADRs:	0 to 15%
Capitalization:	Mega, Large, Medium and Small companies

RISK CONSIDERATIONS

Investing in securities entails risks, including: Equity portfolios are subject to the basic stock market risk that a particular security, or securities in general, may decrease in value. The stocks of small and medium-sized companies are often associated with higher risk than stocks of larger companies, including higher volatility. When investing in value securities, the market may not necessarily have the same value assessment as the manager, and, therefore, the performance of the securities may decline.

MANAGER'S INVESTMENT PROCESS

- Review the holdings in four other NFJ strategies. The holdings in these portfolios have already satisfied NFJ's investment criteria, including low price-to-earnings multiple, a dividend yield, positive prospective earnings and quality operations
- Avoid overexposure to any one sector by restricting the number of stocks held in a single industry
- Select approximately 40 of the most attractive securities, with an estimated 80% of the holdings in the mid- and large-cap range and 20% of the holdings in the small-cap range (in each case, measuring capitalization as of the time of purchase). Each holding must pay a dividend
- Continually repeat the research process to identify new buy and sell candidates. Sell a stock when an alternative stock with equally strong fundamentals demonstrates a substantially lower valuation

MANAGER'S INVESTMENT STRATEGY

- ☐ Top-down / portfolio structures based on economic trends
- ☒ Bottom-up / portfolio structure based on individual securities

% PROCESS BASED ON

0 Asset allocation - cash vs. stock
10 Industry or sector weighting
90 Stock Selection

PORTFOLIO'S ALLOCATION HISTORY (%)⁺

	03/14	12/13	09/13	06/13
U.S. Stocks	88	88	88	88
ADRs/Non-U.S. Stocks	8	8	9	8
Cash/Cash Equivalents	4	4	3	4

Style: Multi Cap Value
Firm Assets Under Management: \$43.4 billion[^]
Firm Strategy Assets Under Management: \$229.6 million
Year Founded: 1989
Professional Staff: 10^{^^}
Firm Ownership: Allianz Global Investors
CG IAR Status: Approved

PORTFOLIO STATISTICS

	-----03/14-----		09/13
	Allianz/NFJ	Russell 3000 VI	Allianz/NFJ
Number of stock holdings	—	2,038	—
Weighted average dividend yield	2.5%	2.2%	2.9%
Weighted average P/E ratio ¹	14.30x	15.90x	13.00x
Weighted average portfolio beta	—	—	—
Mega capitalization ⁺	0.0%	34.1%	0.0%
Large capitalization ⁺	0.0%	41.3%	0.0%
Medium capitalization ⁺	0.0%	17.2%	0.0%
Small capitalization ⁺	0.0%	6.2%	0.0%
Micro capitalization ⁺	0.0%	1.1%	0.0%

PORTFOLIO'S EQUITY SECTOR WEIGHTINGS ⁺

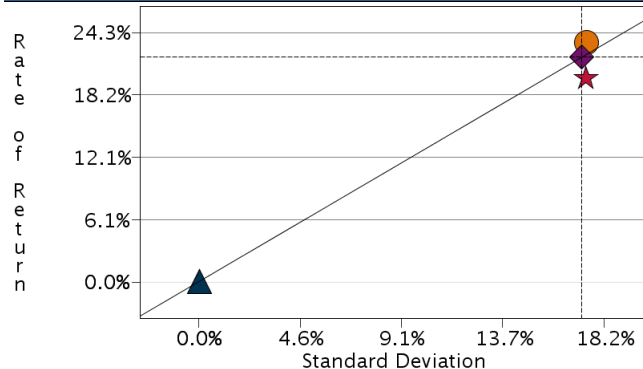
	-----03/14-----		09/13
Sector	Allianz/NFJ	Russell 3000 VI	Allianz/NFJ
Energy	11.50	13.97	11.50
Materials	5.70	3.07	8.10
Industrials	11.30	10.41	11.10
Consumer Discretionary	5.00	6.71	7.50
Consumer Staples	4.70	5.57	4.90
Health Care	13.50	12.84	12.90
Financials	26.30	29.93	26.40
Information Technology	12.30	9.09	9.70
Telecomm Services	2.20	2.31	2.30
Utilities	3.70	6.09	2.40
Cash/Cash Equivalents	3.80	0.00	3.20

PORTFOLIO'S TOP FIVE EQUITY HOLDINGS %

TRINITY INDUSTRIES INC	2.9
WELLS FARGO & CO	2.7
FIFTH THIRD BANCORP	2.6
MEDTRONIC INC	2.6
UGI CORP	2.6

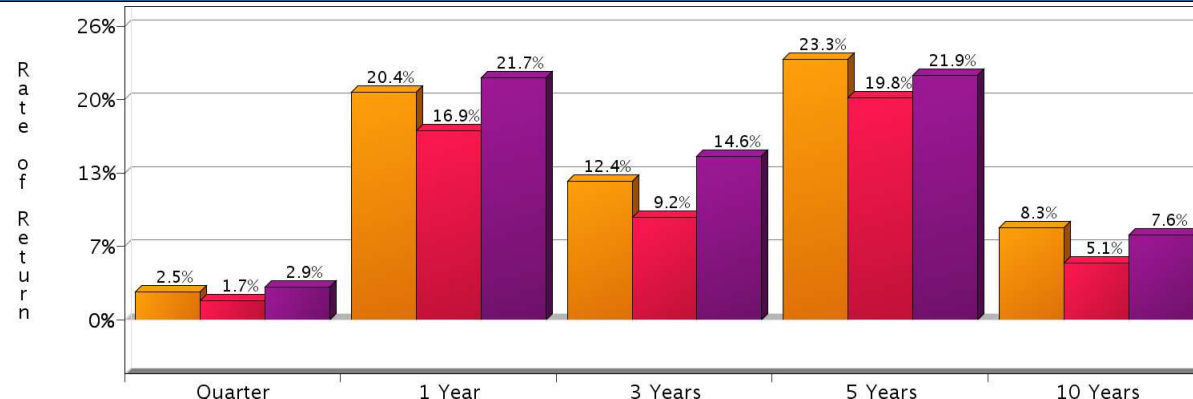
[^]As of 12/31/2013. Information as of 03/31/2014 is not yet available.^{^^}As of 12/31/2012. Information as of 03/31/2014 is not yet available.¹The P/E used here is calculated by the harmonic mean.⁺Total may not equal 100% due to rounding.

RISK/RETURN ANALYSIS – 5 YEARS ENDING 03/31/14



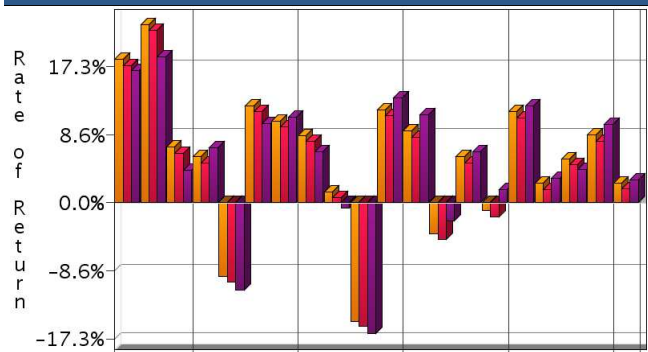
	STD	ROR
● Allianz/NFJ (Gross)	17.44	23.29
★ Allianz/NFJ (Net)	17.41	19.83
◆ Russell 3000 VI	17.21	21.88
▲ 90-Day T-Bills	0.02	0.09

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURN (%) – PERIODS ENDING 03/31/14



INVESTMENT RESULTS	1 Year			Annual Rates of Return (%)							10 Year - Ending 03/31/14	
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	Annualized	Std. Dev.
Allianz/NFJ (Gross)	18.84	18.64	20.21	-3.59	-40.88	28.42	19.00	4.51	9.85	31.02	8.26	18.76
Allianz/NFJ (Net)	15.49	15.30	16.84	-6.45	-42.86	24.83	15.64	1.57	6.64	27.33	5.12	18.75
Russell 3000 VI	16.94	6.85	22.34	-1.01	-36.25	19.76	16.23	-0.10	17.54	32.69	7.62	17.69

RISK VOLATILITY



*04/01/09-12/31/09 **01/01/14-03/31/14

	Number Of	Up Qtrs.	Down Qtrs.
● Allianz/NFJ (Gross)	16	4	4
★ Allianz/NFJ (Net)	16	4	4
◆ Russell 3000 VI	16	4	4

PORTFOLIO'S QUARTERLY RETURNS (%)

	Quarter 1		Quarter 2		Quarter 3		Quarter 4	
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net	Gross	Net	Gross	Net
2004	2.97	2.23	4.03	3.29	2.96	2.22	7.75	7.01
2005	3.92	3.18	6.77	6.03	5.43	4.69	1.42	0.68
2006	8.62	7.88	-1.09	-1.83	4.29	3.55	7.29	6.55
2007	1.55	0.81	5.49	4.75	-2.96	-3.70	-7.26	-8.00
2008	-7.16	-7.90	-3.85	-4.59	-10.46	-11.20	-26.03	-26.77
2009	-17.27	-18.01	18.20	17.46	22.66	21.91	7.07	6.33
2010	5.84	5.10	-9.34	-10.08	12.32	11.58	10.41	9.67
2011	8.51	7.77	1.36	0.61	-15.03	-15.68	11.84	11.09
2012	9.14	8.35	-3.93	-4.65	5.84	5.06	-1.01	-1.75
2013	11.59	10.81	2.46	1.71	5.54	4.80	8.58	7.81
2014	2.52	1.74						

☒ Related
 ☐ Select UMA
PORTFOLIO'S RISK STATISTICS – PERIODS ENDING 03/31/14^{1,2}

	3 Year	5 Year
Standard Deviation	15.10%	17.44%
Standard Deviation of Primary Benchmark	16.42%	17.21%
Sharpe Ratio	0.82	1.33
Sharpe Ratio of Primary Benchmark	0.89	1.27
Alpha	-0.78%	1.44%
Beta	0.91	0.99
Downside Risk	2.66%	2.11%
R-Squared	0.97	0.95
Tracking Error	2.97%	3.75%
Information Ratio	-0.74	0.38

PORTFOLIO DIVERSIFICATION - R² (10 YEARS ENDING 03/14)*

	R ²
Allianz/NFJ vs. Russell 3000 VI	0.95

*Statistics are calculated using gross of fee performance only.

1. Statistics are calculated using gross of fee performance only.
 2. Russell 3000 VI was used as the primary benchmark and the 90-Day U.S. T-Bill Index as the risk-free benchmark.

See page 3 for a discussion of the sources of the performance data used to calculate the performance results and related analyses on page 2.

Past performance is no guarantee of future results. This profile is not complete without pages 3 and 4, which contain important notes, including disclosures about the composite, index descriptions and a glossary of terms. Information shown is as of March 31, 2014, unless otherwise noted. All data are subject to change.

IMPORTANT NOTES AND DISCLOSURES

COMPOSITE DISCLOSURES

Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Actual individual account results may differ from the performance shown in this profile. There is no guarantee that this investment strategy will work under all market conditions. Do not use this profile as the sole basis for your investment decisions.

Performance results in this profile are calculated assuming reinvestment of dividends and income. Returns for more than one year are annualized and based on quarterly data. Returns for periods of less than a calendar year show the total return for the period and are not annualized.

Sources of Performance Results and Other Data: The performance data and certain other information for this strategy (including the data on page 1 of this profile) reflect the investment manager's results in managing Morgan Stanley program accounts, or the investment manager's results in managing accounts and investment products, in the same or a substantially similar investment discipline. (For periods through June 2012, the Fiduciary Services program operated through two channels - Morgan Stanley channel and the Smith Barney channel - and any performance and other data relating to Fiduciary Services accounts shown here for these periods is calculated using accounts in only one of these channels.) This information for the investment manager is presented solely to provide information about accounts that were managed according to investment objectives and strategies the same or substantially similar to the corresponding investment discipline in the Select UMA program. Although the Fiduciary Services and Select UMA programs are both Morgan Stanley managed account programs, the performance results and other features of similar investment disciplines in the two programs may differ due to investment and operational differences. For example, the individual investment disciplines in the Select UMA accounts may contain fewer securities, which would lead to a more concentrated portfolio. The automatic rebalancing, wash sale loss and tax-harvesting features of the Select UMA program, which are not available in Fiduciary Services, also could cause differences in performance. Accordingly, the performance of the accounts in the Fiduciary Services program is not, and may differ significantly from, the performance of the accounts in the Select UMA program and should not be considered indicative of or a substitute for Select UMA performance. Similarly, performance results of the investment manager's composites may differ from those of Select UMA accounts managed in the same or a substantially similar investment discipline.

Related Performance:

Allianz Global Investors U.S. LLC/NFJ Investment Group L.P.'s (Allianz/NFJ) all cap value equity performance prior to 1/1/2007 represents a composite of all fully discretionary all cap value managed wrap accounts. Prior to 7/1/2006, there was only one seed account in the composite. The single account is a "seed" account established by NFJ with an initial investment of \$500,000, with subsequent liquidations in December 2005 leaving approximately \$100,000 in the account. The seed account is held at another broker/dealer firm. The composite was size weighted and consisted of 684 accounts with a market value of \$206.0 million as of 12/31/2006.

Select UMA Performance:

In this profile, the performance from 1/1/2007 consists of accounts in either the Morgan Stanley or the Smith Barney form of the Fiduciary Services program. Performance composites calculated by Morgan Stanley Smith Barney include all fee-paying portfolios with no investment restrictions. New accounts are included upon the first full quarter of performance. Terminated accounts are removed in the quarter in which they terminate. Performance is calculated on a total return basis and by asset weighting the individual portfolio returns using the beginning of period values.

Equity Account (Gross): Allianz/NFJ's gross results do not reflect a deduction of the investment advisory fees charged by Allianz/NFJ, or program fees, if any, but are net of commissions charged on securities transactions.

Net Performance for all Periods: Net performance results reflect a deduction of 0.7425% quarterly. This consists of three components: 0.625% maximum quarterly MS Advisory Fee and 0.0175% maximum quarterly Program Overlay Fee (which, together cover the services provided by Morgan Stanley), plus 0.1% quarterly SMA Manager Fees (being the fee currently charged by Allianz/NFJ to new clients for managing their assets in the Select UMA program). The SMA Manager Fees may differ from manager to manager, and managers may change their fee to new clients from time to time. If you select this manager for your account, check the SMA Manager Fees specified in the written client

agreement, in case these have changed since you received this profile. Historical net fees reflect the Advisory Fee Schedule as of March 31, 2014.

Morgan Stanley program fees are usually deducted quarterly, and have a compounding effect on performance. The Morgan Stanley program fee, which differs among programs and clients, is described in the applicable Morgan Stanley ADV brochure, which is available at www.morganstanley.com/ADV or on request from your Financial Advisor or Private Wealth Advisor.

Focus List, Approved List, and Watch Status:

Consulting Group Investment Advisor Research ("CG IAR") uses two methods to evaluate investment products in applicable advisory programs. In general, strategies that have passed a more thorough evaluation may be placed on the "Focus List", while strategies that have passed through a different and less comprehensive evaluation process may be placed on the "Approved List". Sometimes an investment product may be evaluated using the Focus List process but then placed on the Approved List instead of the Focus List.

Investment products may move from the Focus List to the Approved List, or vice versa. CG IAR may also determine that an investment product no longer meets the criteria under either evaluation process and will no longer be recommended in investment advisory programs (in which case the investment product is given a "Not Approved" status).

CG IAR has a "Watch" policy and may describe a Focus List or Approved List investment product as being on "Watch" if CG IAR identifies specific areas that (a) merit further evaluation by CG IAR and (b) may, but are not certain to, result in the investment product becoming "Not Approved". The Watch period depends on the length of time needed for CG IAR to conduct its evaluation and for the investment manager to address any concerns. CG IAR may, but is not obligated to, note the Watch status in this report with a "W" or "Watch" on the cover page.

For more information on the Focus List, Approved List, and Watch processes, please see the applicable Morgan Stanley ADV brochure. Your Financial Advisor or Private Wealth Advisor can provide on request a copy of a paper entitled "Manager Research and Selection: A Disciplined Process".

ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES

The information about a representative account is for illustrative purposes only. Actual account holdings, performance and other data will vary depending on the size of an account, cash flows within an account, and restrictions on an account. Holdings are subject to change daily. The information in this profile is not a recommendation to buy, hold or sell securities.

Actual portfolio statistics may vary from target portfolio characteristics.

The investment manager may use the same or substantially similar investment strategies, and may hold similar portfolios of investments, in other portfolios or products it manages (including mutual funds). These may be available at Morgan Stanley or elsewhere, and may cost an investor more or less than this strategy in Morgan Stanley's Select UMA program.

The portfolio may, at times, invest in exchange-traded funds (ETFs), which are a form of equity security in seeking to maintain continued full exposure to the broad equity market.

Morgan Stanley investment advisory programs may require a minimum asset level and, depending on your specific investment objectives and financial position, may not be suitable for you. Investment advisory program accounts are opened pursuant to a written client agreement.

The investment manager acts independently of, and is not an affiliate of, Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC.

Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC Member SIPC.

INDEX DESCRIPTIONS

90-Day T-Bills

The 90-Day Treasury Bill is a short-term obligation issued by the United States government. T-bills are purchased at a discount to the full face value, and the investor receives the full value when they mature. The difference of discount is the interest earned. T-bills are issued in denominations of \$10,000 auction and \$1,000 increments thereafter.

Russell 3000 VI

The Russell 3000 Value Index is representative of those Russell 3000 Index companies with lower price-to-book ratios and lower forecasted growth values. The stocks in this index are also members of either the Russell 1000 Value Index or the Russell 2000 Value Index.

S&P 500

The S&P 500 has been widely regarded as the best single gauge of the large cap U.S. equities market since the index was first published in 1957. The index has over \$5.58 trillion benchmarked, with index assets comprising approximately \$1.31 trillion of this total. The index includes 500 leading companies in leading industries of the U.S. economy, capturing 75% coverage of U.S. equities. This index includes dividend reinvestment.

Indices are unmanaged and have no expenses. You cannot invest directly in an index.

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Alpha is a mathematical estimate of risk-adjusted return expected from a portfolio above and beyond the benchmark return at any point in time.

American Depositary Receipts (ADRs) are receipts for shares of a foreign-based corporation held in the vault of a U.S. bank.

Average Portfolio Beta is a measure of the sensitivity of a benchmark or portfolio's rates of return to changes against a market return. The market return is the S&P 500 Index. It is the coefficient measuring a stock or a portfolio's relative volatility.

Beta is a measure of the sensitivity of a portfolio's rates of return to changes in the market return. It is the coefficient measuring a stock or a portfolio's relative volatility.

Bottom-Up Stock Selection Emphasis primarily on individual stock selection. Considerations of economic and industry factors are of secondary importance in the investment decision-making process.

Capitalization is defined as the following: Mega (Above \$100 billion), Large (\$12 to \$100 billion), Medium (\$2.5 - \$12 billion), Small (\$.50 - \$2.5 billion) and Micro (below \$.50 billion).

Dividend a portion of a company's profit paid to common and preferred shareholders.

Downside Risk is a measure of the risk associated with achieving a specific target return. This statistic separates portfolio volatility into downside risk and upside uncertainty. The downside considers all returns below the target return, while the upside considers all returns equal to or above the target return.

Duration is a measure of price sensitivity expressed in years.

High Grade Corporate Bonds corporate bonds from issuers with credit ratings of AA or AAA.

Information Ratio is a measure of the investment manager's skill to add active value against a given benchmark relative to how stable that active return has been. Essentially, the information ratio explains how significant a manager's alpha is. Therefore, the higher the information ratio, the more significant the alpha.

Investment Grade Bonds are those rated by Standard & Poor's AAA (highest rated), AA, A or BBB (or equivalent rating by other rating agencies or, in the case of securities not rated, by the investment manager).

Price/Book Ratio (P/B) weighted average of the stocks' price divided by book value per share. Book value per share is defined as common equity, including intangibles, divided by shares outstanding times the adjustment factor.

Price/Cash Flow Ratio a ratio used to compare a company's market value to its cash flow. It is calculated by dividing the company's market cap by the company's operating cash flow in the most recent fiscal year (or the most recent four fiscal quarters); or, equivalently, divide the per-share stock price by the per-share operating cash flow.

Price/Earnings Ratio (P/E Ratio) shows the multiple of earnings at which a stock sells. Determined by dividing current stock price by current earnings per share (adjusted for stock splits). Earnings per share for the P/E ratio are determined by dividing earnings for past 12 months by the number of common shares outstanding. The P/E ratio shown here is calculated by the harmonic mean.

Price/Sales Ratio determined by dividing current stock price by revenue per share (adjusted for stock splits). Revenue per share for the P/S ratio is determined by dividing revenue for past 12 months by number of shares outstanding.

R² (R-Squared)/Portfolio Diversification indicates the proportion of a security's total variance that is benchmark-related or is explained by variations in the benchmark.

Sharpe Ratio measures the efficiency, or excess return per unit of volatility, of a manager's returns. It evaluates managers' performance on a volatility-adjusted basis.

Standard Deviation is a statistical measure of historical variability or spread of returns around a mathematical average return that was produced by the investment manager over a given measurement period. The higher the standard deviation, the greater the variability in the investment manager's returns relative to its average return.

Top-Down/Economic Analysis Emphasis primarily on macroeconomic trends as opposed to bottom-up stock selection.

Tracking Error represents the standard deviation of the difference between the performance of the investment strategy and the benchmark. This provides a historical measure of the variability of the investment strategy's returns relative to its benchmark.

U.S. Treasury Bonds a marketable, fixed interest U.S. government debt security with a maturity of more than 10 years. Treasury bonds make interest payments semi-annually and the income that holders receive is only taxed at the federal level.

Volatility a measure of risk based on the standard deviation of the asset return. Volatility is a variable that appears in option pricing formulas, where it denotes the volatility of the underlying asset return from now to the expiration of the option. There are volatility indexes. Such as a scale of 1-9; a higher rating means higher risk.