

## Franklin Portfolio Advisors

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## PRODUCT OVERVIEW

Franklin Portfolio Advisors (FPA), a division of Franklin Templeton Portfolio Advisors, Inc., seeks to provide investors with long-term capital growth by investing in equity securities whose market valuation FPA believes does not properly reflect future growth prospects. FPA leverages the research staff and resources of Franklin Advisers, Inc. (FAI). (Both FPA and FAI are subsidiaries of Franklin Resources, Inc. (FRI) also known as Franklin Templeton Investments.) FPA blends quantitative tools with fundamental security analysis in selecting solid growth companies. These companies in FPA's opinion benefit from one or more of the following: brand equity, superior returns on invested capital, strong balance sheets, quality management, and compelling valuations. FPA may invest a substantial amount of the portfolios' assets in California based companies. Being a West-Coast money manager that focuses on bottom-up fundamental analysis, it believes it can directly leverage the resources it has within the state by effectively identifying opportunities that are close to home. FPA will invest in stocks across market capitalization ranges (large, medium and small companies) for the all cap growth portfolio. FPA's investment process may, at times, result in portfolios that will be significantly over/underweighted in particular sectors/industries versus the S&P 500 Index.

The portfolio characteristics, portfolio statistics, portfolio weightings, allocation history and top five holdings are based on a representative account managed by the investment manager in the same or a substantially similar investment discipline and/or on information that the manager has provided to Morgan Stanley Smith Barney. The performance data and related analyses are based on the performance of the investment manager's composite described on page 3.

## TARGET PORTFOLIO CHARACTERISTICS

Number of stock holdings:	70 to 100
Average dividend yield:	Below the S&P 500 Index
P/E ratio:	Above the S&P 500 Index
Cash level over market cycle:	0 to 10%
Risk (standard deviation):	Above the S&P 500 Index
Average turnover rate:	35 to 65%
Use ADRs:	0 to 15%
Capitalization:	Mega, Large, Medium and Small companies

## RISK CONSIDERATIONS

Investing in securities entails risks, including: Equity portfolios are subject to the basic stock market risk that a particular security, or securities in general, may decrease in value. The stocks of small and medium-sized companies are often associated with higher risk than stocks of larger companies, including higher volatility. Concentrating assets in a single state, such as California, may subject the portfolio to a greater risk of adverse economic conditions and regulatory changes than a portfolio with broader geographical diversification.

## MANAGER'S INVESTMENT PROCESS

- Seeks to identify companies that it believes are able to achieve solid, positive annual earnings increases over the next three-to-five years
- Applies quantitative screening models & conducts fundamental analysis
- Selects stocks with some or all of brand equity, strong growth characteristics including superior returns in invested capital, history of meeting or beating analysts' expectations, strong balance sheet, sustainable competitive advantages, strong management team, and compelling valuations
- Sells a stock when the price reaches an established price target or fundamentals deteriorate

## MANAGER'S INVESTMENT STRATEGY

Top-down / portfolio structures based on economic trends  
 Bottom-up / portfolio structure based on individual securities

## % PROCESS BASED ON

0 Asset allocation - cash vs. stock  
 20 Industry or sector weighting  
 80 Stock Selection

PORTFOLIO'S ALLOCATION HISTORY (%)<sup>\*</sup>

	06/11	03/11	12/10	09/10
U.S. Stocks	96	97	98	98
Cash/Cash Equivalents	4	3	2	2

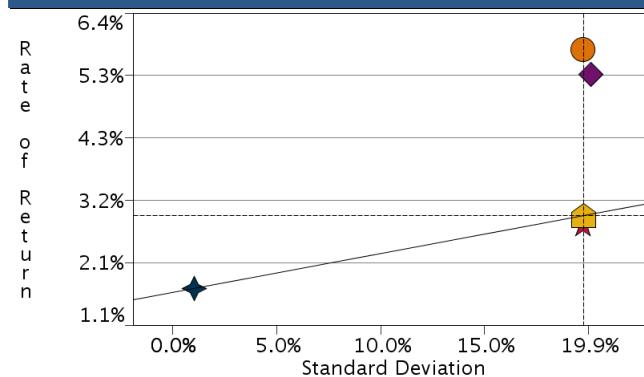
## PORTFOLIO'S TOP FIVE EQUITY HOLDINGS %

Apple Inc.	4.0
Praxair Inc.	2.4
EMC Corp.	2.2
Johnson Controls Inc.	1.9
International Business Machines Corp.	1.8

<sup>1</sup>The P/E used here is calculated by the harmonic mean.

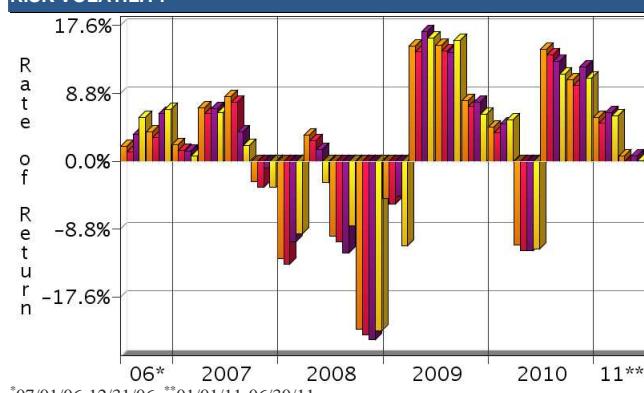
<sup>\*</sup>Total may not equal 100% due to rounding.

RISK/RETURN ANALYSIS – 5 YEARS ENDING 06/30/11



	STD	ROR
FPA (Gross)	19.69	5.79
FPA (Net)	19.69	2.76
Russell 3000 Growth Index	20.07	5.36
S&P 500 Index	19.70	2.94
90-Day Treasury Bills	1.01	1.69

RISK VOLATILITY

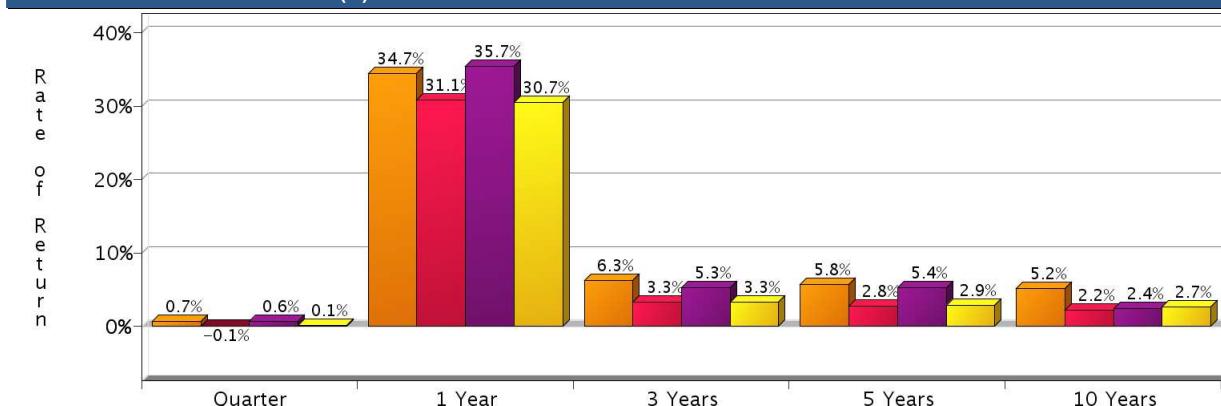


\*07/01/06-12/31/06 \*\*01/01/11-06/30/11

Number Of Up Qtrs. Down Qtrs.

FPA (Gross)	14	6
FPA (Net)	13	7
Russell 3000 Growth Index	14	6
S&P 500 Index	13	7

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURN (%) – PERIODS ENDING 06/30/11



INVESTMENT RESULTS

	Annual Rates of Return (%)										10 Year - Ending 06/30/11 Annualized	Std. Dev.
	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010		
FPA (Gross)	-22.46	-24.12	41.89	14.09	7.29	6.99	15.31	-36.15	35.72	17.81	5.23	20.02
FPA (Net)	-24.90	-26.48	38.13	10.90	4.25	3.95	12.09	-38.22	32.07	14.52	2.21	20.02
Russell 3000 Growth Index	-19.63	-28.03	30.97	6.93	5.17	9.46	11.40	-38.44	37.01	17.64	2.43	19.71
S&P 500 Index	-11.89	-22.10	28.68	10.88	4.91	15.79	5.49	-37.00	26.46	15.06	2.72	18.24

PORTFOLIO'S QUARTERLY RETURNS (%)

	Quarter 1		Quarter 2		Quarter 3		Quarter 4	
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net	Gross	Net	Gross	Net
2001	-25.80	-26.53	10.81	10.08	-21.06	-21.79	19.46	18.73
2002	1.61	0.88	-14.02	-14.75	-17.30	-18.03	5.02	4.29
2003	0.81	0.08	15.64	14.91	6.19	5.46	14.62	13.89
2004	3.15	2.42	2.93	2.20	-3.12	-3.85	10.92	10.19
2005	-3.93	-4.66	1.61	0.88	5.11	4.38	4.57	3.84
2006	6.39	5.66	-4.97	-5.70	1.95	1.22	3.80	3.07
2007	2.18	1.45	6.96	6.23	8.39	7.66	-2.66	-3.39
2008	-12.61	-13.34	3.36	2.63	-9.69	-10.42	-21.73	-22.46
2009	-4.87	-5.60	14.95	14.22	15.03	14.30	7.90	7.17
2010	4.41	3.68	-10.88	-11.61	14.49	13.76	10.58	9.85
2011	5.68	4.95	0.66	-0.07				

Related

Select UMA

PORTFOLIO DIVERSIFICATION - R<sup>2</sup> (10 YEARS ENDING 06/11)\*

	R <sup>2</sup>
FPA vs. S&P 500 Index	0.91
FPA vs. Russell 3000 Growth Index	0.96

\*Statistics are calculated using gross of fee performance only.

PORTFOLIO'S RISK STATISTICS – PERIODS ENDING 06/30/11<sup>1,2</sup>

	3 Year	5 Year
Standard Deviation	23.63%	19.69%
Standard Deviation of Primary Benchmark	24.91%	20.07%
Sharpe Ratio	0.26	0.21
Sharpe Ratio of Primary Benchmark	0.20	0.18
Alpha	1.13%	0.51%
Beta	0.94	0.97
Downside Risk	1.60%	2.20%
R-Squared	0.99	0.97
Tracking Error	2.51%	3.50%
Information Ratio	0.42	0.12

1. Statistics are calculated using gross of fee performance only.

2. Russell 3000 Growth Index was used as the primary benchmark and the 90-Day U.S. T-Bill Index as the risk-free benchmark.

See page 3 for a discussion of the sources of the performance data used to calculate the performance results and related analyses on page 2.

## **IMPORTANT NOTES AND DISCLOSURES**

### **COMPOSITE DISCLOSURES**

**Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Actual individual account results may differ from the performance shown in this profile. There is no guarantee that this investment strategy will work under all market conditions. Do not use this profile as the sole basis for your investment decisions.**

Performance results in this profile are calculated assuming reinvestment of dividends and income. Returns for more than one year are annualized and based on quarterly data. Returns for periods of less than a calendar year show the total return for the period and are not annualized.

**Sources of Performance Results and Other Data:** The performance data and certain other information for this strategy (including the data on page 1 of this profile) reflect the investment manager's results in managing Morgan Stanley Smith Barney Fiduciary Services program accounts in the Morgan Stanley channel or the Smith Barney channel, or the investment manager's results in managing accounts and investment products, in the same or a substantially similar investment discipline. This information for the investment manager is presented solely to provide information about accounts that were managed according to investment objectives and strategies the same or substantially similar to the corresponding investment discipline in the Select UMA program. Although the Fiduciary Services and Select UMA programs are both Morgan Stanley managed account programs, the performance results and other features of similar investment disciplines in the two programs may differ due to investment and operational differences. For example, the individual investment disciplines in the Select UMA accounts may contain fewer securities, which would lead to a more concentrated portfolio. The automatic rebalancing, wash sale loss and tax-harvesting features of the Select UMA program, which are not available in Fiduciary Services, also could cause differences in performance. Accordingly, the performance of the accounts in the Fiduciary Services program is not, and may differ significantly from, the performance of the accounts in the Select UMA program and should not be considered indicative of or a substitute for Select UMA performance. Similarly, performance results of the investment manager's composites may differ from those of Select UMA accounts managed in the same or a substantially similar investment discipline.

#### **Related Performance:**

Franklin Portfolio Advisors' (FPA) all cap growth equity performance prior to 4/1/2006 represents a composite of all fully discretionary all cap growth equity accounts managed by Franklin, an affiliate of FPA. Historically, the pooled investment vehicle included in this composite has had as much as 80% or more of its net assets in California companies. The composite was size-weighted and consisted of 3 accounts with a market value of \$3.0 billion as of 3/31/2006.

#### **Select UMA Performance:**

In this profile, the performance from 4/1/2006 consists of accounts in either the Morgan Stanley or the Smith Barney form of the Fiduciary Services program. Performance composites calculated by Morgan Stanley Smith Barney include all fee-paying portfolios with no investment restrictions. New accounts are included upon the first full quarter of performance. Terminated accounts are removed in the quarter in which they terminate. Performance is calculated on a total return basis and by asset weighting the individual portfolio returns using the beginning of period values.

**Gross Performance:** FPA's gross results do not reflect a deduction of any investment advisory fees or program fees, charged by FPA or Morgan Stanley Smith Barney, but are net of commissions charged on securities transactions.

**Net Performance for all Periods:** Net performance results reflect a deduction of .73% quarterly. This consists of three components: 0.625% maximum quarterly MSSB Advisory Fee and 0.03% maximum quarterly Program Overlay Fee (which, together cover the services provided by Morgan Stanley Smith Barney), plus .075% quarterly SMA Manager Fees (being the fee currently charged by FPA to new clients for managing their assets in the Select UMA program). The SMA Manager Fees may differ from manager to manager, and managers may change their fee to new clients from time to time. If you select this manager for your account, check the SMA Manager Fees specified in the written client agreement, in case these have changed since you received this profile.

Morgan Stanley Smith Barney program fees are usually deducted quarterly, and have a compounding effect on performance. The Morgan Stanley Smith Barney program fee, which differs among programs and clients, is described in the applicable Morgan Stanley Smith Barney ADV brochure, which is available at [www.smithbarney.com/ADV](http://www.smithbarney.com/ADV) or on request from your Financial Advisor or Private Wealth Advisor.

#### **Focus List, Approved List, and Watch Status:**

Consulting Group Investment Advisor Research ("CG IAR") uses two methods to evaluate investment products in applicable advisory programs. In general, strategies that have passed a more thorough evaluation may be placed on the "Focus List", while strategies that have passed through a different and less comprehensive evaluation process may be placed on the "Approved List". Sometimes an investment product may be evaluated using the Focus List process but then placed on the Approved List instead of the Focus List.

Investment products may move from the Focus List to the Approved List, or vice versa. CG IAR may also determine that an investment product no longer meets the criteria under either evaluation process and will no longer be recommended in investment advisory programs (in which case the investment product is given a "Not Approved" status).

CG IAR has a "Watch" policy and may describe a Focus List or Approved List investment product as being on "Watch" if CG IAR identifies specific areas that (a) merit further evaluation by CG IAR and (b) may, but are not certain to, result in the investment product becoming "Not Approved". The Watch period depends on the length of time needed for CG IAR to conduct its evaluation and for the investment manager to address any concerns. CG IAR may, but is not obligated to, note the Watch status in this report with a "W" or "Watch" on the cover page.

For more information on the Focus List, Approved List, and Watch processes, please see the applicable Morgan Stanley Smith Barney ADV brochure. Your Financial Advisor or Private Wealth Advisor can provide on request a copy of a paper entitled "Manager Research and Selection: A Disciplined Process".

### **ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES**

The information about a representative account is for illustrative purposes only. Actual account holdings, performance and other data will vary depending on the size of an account, cash flows within an account, and restrictions on an account. Holdings are subject to change daily. The information in this profile is not a recommendation to buy, hold or sell securities.

Actual portfolio statistics may vary from target portfolio characteristics.

The investment manager may use the same or substantially similar investment strategies, and may hold similar portfolios of investments, in other portfolios or products it manages (including mutual funds). These may be available at Morgan Stanley Smith Barney or elsewhere, and may cost an investor more or less than this strategy in Morgan Stanley Smith Barney's Select UMA program.

The portfolio may, at times, invest in exchange-traded funds (ETFs), which are a form of equity security in seeking to maintain continued full exposure to the broad equity market.

Morgan Stanley Smith Barney investment advisory programs may require a minimum asset level and, depending on your specific investment objectives and financial position, may not be suitable for you. Investment advisory program accounts are opened pursuant to a written client agreement.

The investment manager acts independently of, and is not an affiliate of, Morgan Stanley Smith Barney.

Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC Member SIPC.

## INDEX DESCRIPTIONS

### 90-Day Treasury Bills

The 90-Day Treasury Bill is a short-term obligation issued by the United States government. T-bills are purchased at a discount to the full face value, and the investor receives the full value when they mature. The difference of 'discount' is the interest earned. T-bills are issued in denominations of \$10,000 (auction) and \$1,000 increments thereafter.

### Russell 3000 Growth Index

The Russell 3000 Growth Index is representative of those Russell 3000 Index companies with higher price-to-book ratios and higher forecasted growth values. The stocks in this index are also members of either the Russell 1000 Growth Index or the Russell 2000 Growth Index.

### S&P 500 Index

Widely regarded as the best single gauge of the U.S. equities market, this world-renowned index includes a representative sample of 500 leading companies in leading industries of the U.S. economy. Although the S&P 500 focuses on the large-cap segment of the market, with over 80% coverage of U.S. equities, it is also an ideal proxy for the total market.

**Indices are unmanaged and have no expenses. You cannot invest directly in an index.**

## GLOSSARY OF TERMS

**Alpha** is a mathematical estimate of risk-adjusted return expected from a portfolio above and beyond the benchmark return at any point in time.

**American Depository Receipts (ADRs)** are receipts for shares of a foreign-based corporation held in the vault of a U.S. bank.

**Average Portfolio Beta** is a measure of the sensitivity of a benchmark or portfolio's rates of return to changes against a market return. The market return is the S&P 500 Index. It is the coefficient measuring a stock or a portfolio's relative volatility.

**Capitalization** is defined as the following: Mega (\$50.0 billion and Above), Large (\$11.0 - \$50.0 billion), Medium (\$2 - \$11.0 billion), Small (\$500m - \$2 billion) and Micro (below \$500 million).

**Downside Risk** is a measure of the risk associated with achieving a specific target return. This statistic separates portfolio volatility into downside risk and upside uncertainty. The downside considers all returns below the target return, while the upside considers all returns equal to or above the target return.

**Duration** is a measure of price sensitivity expressed in years.

**Information Ratio** is a measure of the investment manager's skill to add active value against a given benchmark relative to how stable that active return has been. Essentially, the information ratio explains how significant a manager's alpha is. Therefore, the higher the information ratio, the more significant the alpha.

**Investment Grade Bonds** are those rated by Standard & Poor's AAA (highest rated), AA, A or BBB (or equivalent rating by other rating agencies or, in the case of securities not rated, by the investment manager).

**Price/Earnings Ratio (P/E Ratio)** shows the multiple of earnings at which a stock sells. Determined by dividing current stock price by current earnings per share (adjusted for stock splits). Earnings per share for the P/E ratio are determined by dividing earnings for past 12 months by the number of common shares outstanding. The P/E ratio shown here is calculated by the harmonic mean.

**R<sup>2</sup> (R-Squared)/Portfolio Diversification** indicates the proportion of a security's total variance that is benchmark-related or is explained by variations in the benchmark.

**Sharpe Ratio** measures the efficiency, or excess return per unit of volatility, of a manager's returns. It evaluates managers' performance on a volatility-adjusted basis.

**Standard Deviation** is a statistical measure of historical variability or spread of returns around a mathematical average return that was produced by the investment manager over a given measurement period. The higher the standard deviation, the greater the variability in the investment manager's returns relative to its average return.

**Tracking Error** represents the standard deviation of the difference between the performance of the investment strategy and the benchmark. This provides a historical measure of the variability of the investment strategy's returns relative to its benchmark.