

# TCW Investment Management Company LLC

Section I	Form ADV, Part 2A (the “Brochure”)
Section II	Form ADV, Part 2B (the “Brochure Supplement”)
Section III	Privacy Policy

## Section I      Form ADV, Part 2A (the “Brochure”)

March 28, 2025



## ITEM 1: COVER PAGE

TCW INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT COMPANY LLC  
(**"We"** or **"Us"**)

Form ADV, Part 2A  
(the **"Brochure"**)

March 28, 2025

TCW Investment Management Company LLC  
515 South Flower Street  
Los Angeles, CA 90071  
[www.tcw.com](http://www.tcw.com)

This Brochure provides information about the qualifications and business practices of TCW Investment Management Company LLC. If you have any questions about the contents of this Brochure, please contact us at [advpart2@tcw.com](mailto:advpart2@tcw.com). The information in this Brochure has not been approved or verified by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (**"SEC"**) or by any state securities authority.

Additional information about TCW Investment Management Company LLC also is available on the SEC's website at [www.adviserinfo.sec.gov](http://www.adviserinfo.sec.gov).

We may refer to ourselves as a "registered investment adviser" or **"RIA"**. You should be aware that registration with the SEC or a state securities authority does not imply a certain level of skill or training.

For a hard-copy of any of these materials please send your inquiry to [advpart2@tcw.com](mailto:advpart2@tcw.com).

TCW.IMANLEGAL.215264.1



## ITEM 2: MATERIAL CHANGES

See Attachment 1 of this Brochure for a summary of the material changes that we have made to this Brochure since our annual Amendment filed March 28, 2024.

## ITEM 3: TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Item</u>		<u>Page</u>
1	Cover Page	1
2	Material Changes	2
3	Table of Contents	2
4	Advisory Business	3
5	Fees and Compensation	4
6	Performance-Based Fees and Side-By-Side Management	16
7	Types of Clients	17
8	Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies and Risk of Loss	20
9	Disciplinary Information	47
10	Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations	47
11	Code of Ethics, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions and Personal Trading	49
12	Brokerage Practices	55
13	Review of Accounts	64
14	Client Referrals and Other Compensation	66
15	Custody	66
16	Investment Discretion	67
17	Voting Client Securities	67
18	Financial Information	69
	Attachment 1 – Summary of Material Changes	70

#### ITEM 4: ADVISORY BUSINESS

**WHO WE ARE.** We are an investment adviser registered with the SEC under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended (the “**Advisers Act**”) and have been since 1987. We are a Delaware limited liability company.

We are wholly-owned by The TCW Group, Inc., a Nevada corporation (“**TCW Group**”). In February 2013, TCW management and private investment funds affiliated with alternative asset manager The Carlyle Group (together with such affiliated funds, “**Carlyle**”) acquired TCW Group. On December 27, 2017, Nippon Life Insurance Company (“**Nippon**”) acquired a minority stake in TCW Group. At present, TCW Group is co-owned by TCW management and employees, Carlyle, and Nippon.

**THE SERVICES WE OFFER.** We provide investment management and advice for a wide array of U.S. Equities, U.S. Fixed Income, International and Alternatives investment strategies for institutional and individual investors through investment advisory accounts (“**Accounts**”), public and private open- and closed-end commingled investment vehicles (“**Funds**”) and wrap fee accounts sponsored by others (“**Wrap Accounts**”). The publicly-offered Funds include mutual funds (“**Mutual Funds**”), Exchange-Traded Funds (“**ETFs**”) and Undertaking for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities funds (“**UCITS**”). We also act as investment manager to Luxembourg domiciled UCITS organized as a société d’investissement à capital variable registered with the Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier of Luxembourg. We are typically the direct adviser for an Account or Fund, but we sometimes are a sub-adviser. We receive a share of the fees charged to clients of Wrap Accounts, and we may benefit from the marketing, reporting and client screening services of the Wrap Account sponsors. Investment advice is provided directly to the Funds and not individually to investors in the Funds. We provide services to our clients in accordance with the Fund’s offering material

Our clients include private or government investment funds and institutions, including pension funds, registered investment companies including mutual funds and foreign investment companies, high net worth individuals, family offices and others. Those clients are generally sophisticated investors and often have internal and external consultants and advisers to assist them with determinations of their individual needs, such as allocations among types of investments, and do not seek those determinations from us. We may agree with certain clients on investment guidelines that restrict the securities or types of securities that we invest in on their behalf. Any such guidelines or restrictions are typically contained in the in the offering and governing documents of the respective Fund or accounts.

**ASSETS UNDER MANAGEMENT.** As of December 31, 2024, we had \$40,149,916,771 in discretionary assets under management and \$0 in non-discretionary assets under management. The TCW Group of Companies, including affiliated entities, had approximately \$195 billion in assets under management as of that date.

**IMPORTANT NOTICE**

**In no event should this Brochure be considered an offer of interests in a Fund or relied upon in determining to invest in a Fund. It is also not an offer of, or agreement to provide, advisory services directly to any recipient.** Rather, this Brochure is designed only to provide information about us to comply with regulatory requirements under the Advisers Act, which may cause information in this Brochure to differ from the information provided in the prospectus for the Fund. If there is any conflict between the information in this Brochure and similar information in the Fund's prospectus, you should rely on the information in the offering material.

**ITEM 5: FEES AND COMPENSATION**

The investment management fees we charge are generally computed as a percentage of the market value of assets under management in the Account or Fund. These are billed, rather than deducted from the assets we manage. However, for Funds, including Mutual Funds and for Wrap Accounts the management fees are deducted from the assets we manage. Our clients typically pay our management fees quarterly in arrears, although Mutual Funds and some Accounts pay us monthly in arrears. Accounts are generally subject to a minimum account size as shown in Item 7, below. Investment management fees are based on the investment strategy and, in some cases, size of the account. In some cases, the fee schedule applied to an Account for a particular strategy will take into consideration other assets managed by us in other strategies for that Account or that Account's owner and its affiliates. The investment management fee described below is subject to modification, reduction and/or waiver, both voluntarily and on a negotiated basis with respect to certain Accounts. Any such variation, modification, reduction or waiver may not be disclosed to other Accounts.

**A. MARKETABLE SECURITIES DIVISION**

**Mutual Funds, ETFs, and Other Investment Companies.** We (or our affiliates pursuant to sub-advisory agreements) serve as investment adviser to affiliated and unaffiliated investment companies, including mutual funds registered under the 1940 Act and foreign investment companies ("**Investment Companies**") under written agreements pursuant to which we manage the investments of such Investment Companies' assets in our Marketable Securities Division. We provide investment management advice for unaffiliated Investment Companies at fees negotiated with each such company. Fees generally range from 0.10% of average daily net assets to 0.60% of average daily net assets, and may vary based on account size, depending upon the strategy offered by the Investment Companies but may be negotiable. Fees may also include incentive fees, which would comply with the SEC's Rule 205-3, if applicable, which provides an exemption from a prohibition on our receiving compensation based on a share of capital gains or appreciation in a client's account that we manage. We may also place orders for the purchase and sale of securities and provide other management functions to Investment Companies, pursuant to our investment management agreement. The fees, minimum



investment amounts and other conditions relevant to making and maintaining an investment in any such Fund are disclosed in the offering materials of the Investment Companies.

**TCW Funds, Inc.** The annual rate of our contractual advisory fees for each of the Mutual Funds offered by TCW Funds, Inc. is shown as a percentage of assets in the table below. See the prospectus for each Mutual Fund for detailed information about the investment strategy, the advisory fees and other expenses, minimum investment amounts, investment risks and other matters relevant to making and maintaining an investment in each Mutual Fund.

- **U.S. FIXED INCOME FUNDS:**

TCW Core Fixed Income Fund	.40%
TCW Global Bond Fund	.50%
TCW Securitized Bond Fund	.40%

- **U.S. EQUITIES FUNDS:**

TCW Global Real Estate Fund	.80%
TCW Relative Value Large Cap Fund	.60%
TCW Relative Value Mid Cap Fund	.70%
TCW Concentrated Large Cap Growth Fund	.65%

- **INTERNATIONAL FUNDS:**

TCW Emerging Markets Income Fund	.75%
TCW Emerging Markets Local Currency Income Fund	.75%
TCW White Oak Emerging Markets Equity Fund	.90%

- **MONEY MARKET FUNDS:**

TCW Central Cash Fund	.00%
-----------------------	------

- ALLOCATION:**

**TCW Conservative Allocation Fund.** The TCW Conservative Allocation Fund, as a shareholder of certain underlying funds in which it invests, indirectly bears its pro rata share of the advisory fees charged to, and expenses of operating, such underlying funds. We do not charge a separate advisory fee, in addition to the fees of the underlying funds.

**TCW Strategic Income Fund, Inc.** TCW Strategic Income Fund, Inc. ("TSI") is a closed-end fund listed on the New York Stock Exchange. We are paid a monthly fee by TSI computed at the annual rate of 0.75% of the first \$100 million of TSI's average managed assets and 0.50% of TSI's average managed assets in excess of \$100 million. See TSI's annual report for additional information.

**TCW ETF Trust.** The annual rate of our contractual advisory fees for each of the ETFs offered by TCW ETF Trust is shown as a percentage of assets in the table below. See the prospectus for each ETF for detailed information about the investment strategy, the advisory fees, investment risks and other matters relevant to making and maintaining an investment in each ETF.

- EQUITY ETFs:**

TCW Artificial Intelligence ETF (AIFD)	.75%
TCW Compounders ETF (GRW)	.75%
TCW Transform 500 ETF (VOTE)	.05%
TCW Transform Systems ETF (PWRD)	.75%
TCW Transform Supply Chain ETF (SUPP)	.75%

- Fixed Income ETFs:**

TCW AAA CLO ETF (ACLO)	.20%
TCW Corporate Bond ETF (IGCB)	.35%



<b>TCW Flexible Income ETF (FLXR)</b>	.40%
<b>TCW High Yield Bond ETF (HYBX)</b>	.50%
<b>TCW Multisector Credit Income ETF (MUSE)</b>	.56%
<b>TCW Senior Loan ETF (SLNZ)</b>	.65%

**TCW UCITS.** The range of the annual rate of our contractual advisory fees as a percentage of assets for each of the UCITS funds offered by TCW Funds is shown in the table below. See the prospectus for each UCITS fund for detailed information about the investment strategy, the advisory fees and other expenses, minimum investment amounts, investment risks and other matters relevant to making and maintaining an investment in each UCITS fund.

<b>TCW Core Plus Bond Fund</b>	.40% to .80%
<b>TCW Global Multi Asset Opportunities Fund</b>	.80% to 1.60%
<b>TCW Global Securitised Fund</b>	.60% to 1.20%
<b>TCW High Yield Bond Fund</b>	.50% to 1.50%
<b>TCW Income Fund</b>	.54% to 1.50%
<b>TCW Multi-Sector Fixed Income Fund</b>	.70% to 1.40%
<b>TCW Emerging Markets Income Fund</b>	.50% to 1.50%
<b>TCW Global Artificial Intelligence Equity Fund</b>	.80% to 2.00%
<b>TCW Global Premier Equities Fund</b>	.80% to 1.80%

**SEPARATE ACCOUNTS.** The current fee schedule for Accounts is given below, stated on a per annum basis.

- **U.S. FIXED INCOME STRATEGIES:**

	<b>Institutional or Individual (High Net Worth)</b>
<b>Bank Loans</b>	.40% on the first \$100 million .25% on remaining assets
<b>Conservative Unconstrained</b>	.50% on the first \$100 million .40% on remaining assets
<b>Core Fixed Income</b>	.275% on the first \$100 million .20% on remaining assets
<b>Core Plus Fixed Income</b>	.275% on the first \$100 million .20% on remaining assets
<b>Corporate Bonds</b>	.275% on the first \$100 million .20% on remaining assets
<b>Flexible Income</b>	.50% on the first \$100 million .40% on remaining assets
<b>Global Fixed Income</b>	.30% on the first \$100 million .24% on the next \$400 million .19% on remaining assets
<b>Global Mortgage-Backed Securities Plus</b>	.375% on the first \$100 million .25% on remaining assets
<b>Global Securitized</b>	.50% on the first \$100 million .40% on remaining assets
<b>High Yield Fixed Income</b>	.40% on the first \$100 million .25% over \$100 million
<b>Index Plus Mortgage-Backed Securities</b>	.25% on the first \$100 million .20% on remaining assets

**Institutional or Individual (High Net Worth)**

<b>Index Tracking Mortgage-Backed Securities</b>	.20% on the first \$100 million .15% on remaining assets
<b>Intermediate Fixed Income</b>	.275% on the first \$100 million .20% on remaining assets
<b>Investment Grade Credit Fixed Income</b>	.275% on the first \$100 million .20% on remaining assets
<b>Long Duration Credit Fixed Income</b>	.275% on the first \$100 million .20% on remaining assets
<b>Long Duration Government-Credit Fixed Income</b>	.275% on the first \$100 million .20% on remaining assets
<b>Low Duration Fixed Income</b>	.22% on the first \$100 million .15% on remaining assets
<b>Mortgage-Backed Securities</b>	.275% on the first \$100 million .20% on remaining assets
<b>Mortgage-Backed Short-Intermediate</b>	.275% on the first \$100 million .20% on remaining assets
<b>Opportunistic Core Plus Fixed Income</b>	.375% on the first \$100 million .25% on remaining assets
<b>Securitized Opportunities</b>	.50% on the first \$500 million .32% on the next \$500 million .15% on the next \$500 million .10% on remaining assets
<b>Strategic Income</b>	.50% on the first \$100 million .40% on remaining assets

We, or our affiliates, also offer the Strategic Income strategy through other investment vehicles, which may have differing fee schedules.

**Institutional or Individual (High Net Worth)**

<b>Sustainable Securitized</b>	.275% on the first \$100 million .20% on remaining assets
<b>TIPS Portfolios</b>	.20% on the first \$100 million .15% on remaining assets
<b>Total Return Mortgage-Backed Securities</b>	.275% on the first \$100 million .20% on remaining assets
<b>Ultra Short Fixed Income</b>	.20% on the first \$100 million .15% on remaining assets
<b>Unconstrained</b>	.50% on the first \$100 million .40% on remaining assets

- EQUITIES STRATEGIES:**

	<b>Institutional</b>	<b>Individual (High Net Worth)</b>
<b>Concentrated Large Cap Growth</b>	.70% on all assets	1.00% on all assets
<b>Global Artificial Intelligence Equity</b>	.75% on all assets	1.00% on all assets
<b>Global Entertainment Technology Equity</b>	.75% on all assets	1.00% on all assets
<b>Global Green Equity Income</b>	.75% on all assets	1.00% on all assets
<b>Global Low Volatility Equities</b>	.50% on the first \$100 million .40% on the next \$500 million .30% on remaining assets	1.00% on all assets
<b>Global Premier Sustainable Equities</b>	.80% on all assets	1.00% on all assets

	<b>Institutional</b>	<b>Individual (High Net Worth)</b>
<b>Global REIT</b>	.75% on all assets	1.00% on all assets
<b>Global Relative Value Dividend Appreciation</b>	.75% on all assets	1.00% on all assets
<b>Global Space Technology Equities</b>	.75% on all assets	1.00% on all assets
<b>Market Neutral Income Equities</b>	1.00% on all assets, plus a performance fee of 15% (subject to a high-water mark)	1.00% on all assets, plus a performance fee of 15% (subject to a high-water mark)
<b>New America Premier Equities</b>	.75% on all assets	1.00% on all assets
<b>Next Generation Mobility Equity</b>	.75% on all assets	1.00% on all assets
<b>Relative Value Large Cap</b>	.70% on the first \$25 million .50% on the next \$75 million .40% on remaining assets	1.00% on all assets
<b>Relative Value Mid Cap</b>	.80% on the first \$25 million .65% on the next \$25 million .60% on remaining assets	1.00% on all assets

- **BALANCED STRATEGY:**

	<b>Institutional or Individual (High Net Worth)</b>
<b>Core Balanced*</b>	.50% on the first \$50 million .40% on the next \$50 million .30% on remaining assets

\* Consists of an Equity component and a Fixed Income component. Concentrated Large Cap Growth and Relative Value Large Cap are the choices for the equity component.

- **INTERNATIONAL STRATEGIES:**

	<b>Institutional or Individual (High Net Worth)</b>
<b>Emerging Markets Asia High Yield</b>	.50% on the first \$100 million .40% on the next \$400 million .35% on remaining assets
<b>Emerging Markets Fixed Income 50% Hard Currency/ 50% Local Currency Blend</b>	.40% on the first \$500 million .35% on remaining assets
<b>Emerging Markets Fixed Income Total Return</b>	.40% on the first \$500 million .35% on remaining assets
<b>Emerging Markets Income Focus</b>	.35% on the first \$500 million .30% on remaining assets
<b>Emerging Markets Local Currency Absolute Return</b>	.50% on the first \$100 million .40% on remaining assets
<b>Emerging Markets Local Currency Income</b>	.40% on the first \$500 million .35% on remaining assets
<b>Emerging Markets Opportunistic Credit</b>	.50% on the first \$100 million .40% on remaining assets
<b>Emerging Markets Opportunistic Credit Investment Grade</b>	.35% on the first \$100 million .30% on remaining assets
<b>Emerging Markets Sustainable Income</b>	.40% on the first \$500 million .35% on assets over \$500 million

- **GLOBAL MULTI-ASSET ALLOCATION**

We also offer asset allocation investment management that combines one or more investment strategies. Allocations may be made to separate accounts, limited partnerships, commingled investment trusts or mutual funds that we or our affiliates manage. Investment management fees are charged with respect to each allocation



in accordance with the investment strategy in which each allocation is invested or based on a blended rate applicable to specified investment strategies.

## **B. MANAGED ACCOUNTS DIVISION.**

**Separate Accounts.** The current fee schedule for Managed Accounts Division separate accounts is given below stated on a per annum basis. The investment management fees generally are computed as a percentage of the market value of the assets under management. In some instances, the fee may be negotiated.

We offer investment management services through wrap fee and dual contract ("mini-institutional") managed account programs that are sponsored by banks, broker dealers or other investment advisers ("Sponsors"). In a traditional wrap fee program, we provide our investment management services pursuant to an advisory or service agreement with the wrap fee program Sponsor.

- Each wrap fee client enters into an agreement with the Sponsor who provides an array of services, including, but not limited to, custody, asset allocation, selection of investment advisers, trade execution and reporting covered by a single bundled or "wrap" fee payable to the Sponsor.
- In a dual contract program, we provide our investment management services pursuant to an Investment Management Agreement directly with the client. Typically, the client separately arranges with the Sponsor for custody, financial advisory and certain trading services to be provided on a bundled fee arrangement.

### **Dual Accounts:**

<hr/>		
<b>Core Balanced</b>		
On all assets		.65%
(Includes Concentrated Large Cap Growth)		
<hr/>		
<b>Concentrated Large Cap Growth</b>		
On all assets		.75%
<hr/>		
<b>New America Premier Equities</b>		
On all assets		.75%
<hr/>		
<b>Relative Value Balanced</b>		
On all assets		.65%
(Includes Relative Value Large Cap)		
<hr/>		

**Relative Value Dividend Appreciation**

On first \$25 million	.70%
On next \$75 million	.50%
On remaining assets	.40%

**Relative Value Large Cap**

On first \$25 million	.70%
On next \$75 million	.50%
On remaining assets	.40%

**Relative Value Mid Cap**

On first \$25 million	.80%
On next \$25 million	.65%
On remaining assets	.60%

**Wrap Accounts.** The general range of annual fees by investment strategy is shown below.

<b>Strategies</b>	<b>Fee Range</b>
Large Cap Equity and Balanced	0.28% - 0.50%
Mid Cap Equity	0.35% - 0.50%
Multi Cap Equities	0.34% - 0.34%

Wrap program clients should refer to the disclosure brochure provided by their sponsor for the investment management fees and other information for that sponsor's program.

**OTHER EXPENSES IN CONNECTION WITH ACCOUNTS AND FUNDS.**

- **Accounts.** Our Account clients will typically pay fees to their custodian in addition to our management fees. Depending on the strategy in which the account invests, the Account will incur brokerage fees for most equity trading, and the effect of the difference with respect to the bid/ask spread for trading in fixed income investments. See Item 12, Brokerage Practices, of this Brochure. If the strategy for the Account involves derivatives, the Account may be required to make payments related to the derivatives contracts to counterparties. A description of expenses payable by an Account is reflected in the governing document of such Account.
- **U.S. Mutual Funds.** In addition to our management fees, our Mutual Fund clients incur fees for distribution (pursuant to 12b-1), custodial, administrative, transfer agency and sub-transfer agent/record keeper services, state registration, Securities and Exchange Commission registration, membership in the Investment Company Institute (a mutual fund industry association), state and city taxes, audit,



printing, mailing, legal, compliance, as well as independent director's expenses. The Fund offering materials describe these fees and expenses in greater detail.

- **TCW ETF Trust.** All expenses incurred by the ETFs are shown in the contractual advisory fee above.
- **UCITS Funds.** In addition to our management fees, our UCITS fund clients incur service fees and transaction charges.
- Expenses are allocated among our Funds and products, including its strategies, and such expenses may be allocated differently depending on the type of product or strategy. Within the specific product or strategy, the allocation of expenses is based on the nature of the expenses and the reasonableness of the allocation. Generally, Fund organizational and administrative expenses are usually charged to the respective Fund or Account to which they relate in accordance with the offering and governing documents of the respective Fund or Accounts. Certain shared administrative expenses may be charged to Funds and products based on an allocation methodology that seeks to fairly and reasonably allocate such administrative expenses among the relevant Funds and products. In these cases, the allocation methodology generally may be based on their respective proportionate share of assets under management, management fee revenues, and other relevant factors, including the applicable offering and governing documents, taken into consideration and determined by us in our sole discretion. We may make any corrective allocations and take any mitigating steps if we determine in our sole discretion that such corrections are necessary.

## **COMPENSATION OF OUR EMPLOYEE MARKETING REPRESENTATIVES.**

Our employees who act as our marketing representatives are not normally paid a sales commission by our Funds for marketing those Funds to our clients. If they were to be paid a sales commission by any of our Funds, we would fully disclose that in the Fund documents provided to potential investors prior to investment.

We do, however, compensate our marketing representatives from the management fees we earn on Accounts that they are responsible for and for their clients who invest in our Funds. This practice presents a conflict of interest and gives our marketing representatives an incentive to recommend our investment strategies and Funds based on the compensation received, rather than on a client's needs. Our mutual fund and wrap accounts are available through brokers and other agents not affiliated with us. For the mutual funds, those brokers and agents are generally compensated through a portion of our advisory fees, and in some cases through 12b-1 fees disclosed in the mutual fund documents.

## **PERFORMANCE FEES**

Please see Item 6 below regarding any performance fees that we receive.

**ITEM 6: PERFORMANCE-BASED FEES AND SIDE-BY-SIDE MANAGEMENT**

We receive investment advisory fees for some of the Accounts and Funds that we manage that are performance fees. For investment strategies invested in marketable securities, the performance fee normally consists of an increased asset-based fee which is tied to the performance of the Account or Fund to a benchmark. For some marketable securities accounts, the performance fees are based on the Account or Fund achieving net gains over a stated rate of return.

Our portfolio managers share in performance fees. In each case the fees are specifically authorized by the Account or Fund documents and disclosed in any Fund disclosure documents. For other Accounts and Funds we manage that make the same or similar investments, we receive investment advisory fees based only on a percentage of assets or a fixed fee.

**Performance fees create a risk that:**

- we have an incentive to allocate more attractive investment opportunities to Accounts or Funds with performance fees (or performance fees at a higher rate);
- we have an incentive to disproportionately allocate time, services or functions to Accounts or Funds with performance fees (or performance fees at a higher rate);
- we have an incentive to hold on to investments that have poor prospects for improvement in order to increase the receipt of likely or larger investment management fees or performance fees if such asset's value appreciates in the future; and
- we cause the Account or Fund that has performance fees to make investments that are more speculative than we would for an Account or Fund with similar investment guidelines that does not have performance fees. However, we receive no performance fee or a reduced fee if the Account or Fund has losses, which can align our interest with the client and temper this risk.

Accounts and Funds that make similar investments, but do not pay us performance fees, may have different investment advisory fees from each other. This can create the risk that we allocate more time, service or functions, or that we allocate more attractive investment opportunities to Accounts and Funds with greater investment advisory fees.

To mitigate these risks, we monitor Accounts and Funds for compliance with investment guidelines and follow investment allocation policies. Under our allocation policies, when a particular investment would be appropriate for several Accounts and Funds we manage, we apportion the investment in a manner that we determine in good faith to be fair and equitable. Our apportionment may not be pro rata and is based on such considerations as investment objectives, guidelines and restrictions, availability of cash, amount of existing

holdings (or substitutes) of the security in the accounts, an eligible account's proximity to our desired target allocation, exposure or weight compared to other eligible accounts, investment horizon and directed brokerage instructions, if applicable. We follow similar good faith apportionment policies when disposing of investments for our Accounts and Funds. These allocation policies could in certain circumstances adversely affect the price paid or received by our Accounts and Funds. See Item 12 of this Brochure, describing our Brokerage Practices, for more information.

## ITEM 7: TYPES OF CLIENTS

Our clients include many of the largest corporate and public pension plans, financial institutions, registered investment companies, endowments and foundations in the U.S., as well as a number of foreign investors, foreign investment companies and high net worth individuals.

Accounts in our investment strategies are subject to a minimum account size. In some instances, the minimum account size may be negotiated or waived.

- **TCW Mutual Funds.** The minimum account size for each of the TCW Mutual Funds is \$2,000 (\$500 for IRAs) for Class N and I shares and \$25 million for Plan Class shares.
- **TCW ETF Trust.** The ETFs do not have a minimum investment requirement.
- **TCW UCITS Funds.** The minimum investment participation amount for each of the TCW UCITS Funds is disclosed in the current prospectus.
- **Dual Accounts.** The minimum account size for the managed accounts listed in Item 5 above is generally \$1,000,000.
- **Wrap Accounts.** The minimum account size for each of the wrap fee programs listed in Item 5 is generally \$100,000.
- **Separate Accounts.** The minimum account size for each of the strategies for the separately managed accounts are as follows:

### U.S. FIXED INCOME STRATEGIES:

Accounts in our U.S. fixed income investment strategies are generally subject to the minimum account size of \$75 million. Investment strategies that vary from the \$75 million minimum account size are as follows:

- |                           |              |
|---------------------------|--------------|
| • Bank Loans              | \$75 million |
| • High Yield Fixed Income | \$40 million |

**EQUITIES STRATEGIES:**

	<b>Minimum Account Size</b>	
	<b>Institutional</b>	<b>Individual (High Net Worth)</b>
<b>Concentrated Large Cap Growth</b>	\$25 million: U.S \$50 million: International	\$5 million
<b>Global Artificial Intelligence Equity</b>	\$10 million	\$5 million
<b>Global Entertainment Technology Equity</b>	\$10 million	\$5 million
<b>Global Green Equity Income</b>	\$10 million	\$5 million
<b>Global Low Volatility Equities</b>	\$10 million	\$5 million
<b>Global Premier Sustainable Equities</b>	\$10 million	\$5 million
<b>Global REIT</b>	\$10 million	\$5 million
<b>Global Relative Value Dividend Appreciation</b>	\$10 million	\$5 million
<b>Global Space Technology Equities</b>	\$10 million	\$5 million
<b>Market Neutral Income Equities</b>	\$10 million	\$5 million
<b>New America Premier Equities</b>	\$10 million	\$5 million

	<b>Institutional</b>	<b>Individual (High Net Worth)</b>
<b>Next Generation Mobility Equity</b>	\$10 million	\$5 million
<b>Relative Value Large Cap</b>	\$10 million	\$5 million
<b>Relative Value Mid Cap</b>	\$10 million	\$5 million

**BALANCED STRATEGY:**

<b>Minimum Account Size</b>	<b>Institutional or Individual (High Net Worth)</b>
<b>Core Balanced</b>	\$50 million

**INTERNATIONAL STRATEGIES:**

<b>Minimum Account Size</b>	<b>Institutional or Individual (High Net Worth)</b>
<b>Emerging Markets Asia High Yield</b>	\$25 million
<b>Emerging Markets Fixed Income 50% Hard Currency/ 50% Local Currency Blend</b>	\$100 million
<b>Emerging Markets Fixed Income Total Return</b>	\$100 million
<b>Emerging Markets Income Focus</b>	\$50 million
<b>Emerging Markets Local Currency Absolute Return</b>	\$25 million
<b>Emerging Markets Local Currency Income</b>	\$50 million

	<b>Institutional or Individual (High Net Worth)</b>
<b>Emerging Markets Opportunistic Credit</b>	\$25 million
<b>TCW Emerging Markets Opportunistic Credit Investment Grade</b>	\$50 million
<b>Emerging Markets Sustainable Income</b>	\$50 million

## GLOBAL MULTI-ASSET ALLOCATION

The minimum account size for investments in Global Multi-Asset Allocation is \$50 million.

### ITEM 8: METHODS OF ANALYSIS, INVESTMENT STRATEGIES AND RISK OF LOSS

An investment in any of our strategies involves risk, including the risk that an investor can lose money. An investment in any of these strategies by itself is not a balanced investment program for purposes of an investor's portfolio diversification needs. Investors should consult with their investment professional regarding the appropriateness of an investment in any of these strategies for their overall investment program.

The following are general descriptions of our current investment strategies, not descriptions of any particular Mutual Fund or other Investment Company. For descriptions of the strategies, methods of analysis, and risks of loss of any of the TCW Mutual Funds or other Investment Companies we advise or sub-advise, see their prospectus or other offering documents. Certain of the strategies listed below may not be offered for Wrap Accounts or Dual Accounts, such as the fixed income strategies that invest in mortgage-backed securities, because of the dollar amount of the securities typically traded.

#### A. FIXED INCOME STRATEGIES

The fixed income strategies we offer are:

- **Bank Loans.** The strategy seeks primarily to maximize current income, with a secondary objective of long-term capital appreciation. The strategy normally invests primarily in floating rate investments and in investments that are the economic equivalent of floating rate investments. These investments may include, but are not limited to, any combination of the following items: (i) senior secured floating rate loans or debt; (ii) second lien or other subordinated or unsecured floating rate loans or debt; (iii) fixed-rate loans or debt, such as corporate bonds, preferred securities, convertible securities, mezzanine investments, collateralized loan obligations, senior loans, second lien loans, structured products and U.S.

government debt securities, with respect to which the strategy has entered into derivative instruments that have the effect of converting the fixed-rate interest payments into floating-rate interest payments; and (iv) writing credit derivatives, which would give the strategy exposure to the credit of a single issuer or an index. The strategy may also purchase, without limitation, participations, or assignments in senior floating rate loans or second lien floating rate loans. Debt instruments include convertible or preferred securities that produce income.

- **Conservative Unconstrained.** An opportunistic, value driven strategy that invests in all sectors of the global fixed income marketplace with the goal of achieving attractive risk-adjusted total returns (and no traditional benchmark). With broad flexibility in the average duration, sector allocation, quality profile and country exposure (though typically U.S. dollar), the strategy emphasizes capital preservation through in-depth security-level analysis and absolute return via the recognition of market mispricing. The constrained approach to Unconstrained Fixed Income will typically limit less than investment grade exposure to no more than 20% of portfolio market value.
- **Core Fixed Income.** With a typical interest rate duration range of 3 to 6 years, this strategy invests across the investment-grade U.S. Fixed Income sectors, seeking to outperform the aggregate bond market by applying specialized management expertise and allocating capital among the U.S. government, corporate, mortgage and asset-backed bond sectors. In addition to the risk factors for all fixed income strategies, see the risk factors for mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities, below.
- **Core Plus Fixed Income.** With a typical interest rate duration range of 3 to 6 years, the strategy seeks to outperform the broad bond market by applying specialized management expertise to and allocating capital among the U.S. government, investment-grade and high yield corporate, mortgage and asset-backed, and international and emerging markets bond sectors. In addition to the risk factors for all fixed income strategies, see the risk factors for derivatives and mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities, below.
- **Corporate Bonds.** A value-oriented strategy capitalizing on our fundamental credit analysis capabilities. The focus is on identifying investment-grade corporate bonds offering attractive yields with a particular emphasis on avoiding deteriorating credits as well as selecting improving credits. In addition to the risk factors for all fixed income strategies, see the risk factor for asset-backed securities, below.
- **Flexible Income.** This strategy seeks a high level of current income with a secondary objective of long-term capital appreciation through a flexible investment approach that allocates investments across a range of global investment opportunities related to credit, currencies, and interest rates.

- **Global Fixed Income.** Drawing on fixed income issues from across the U.S., developed and emerging markets, this value-oriented strategy seeks to outperform its benchmark through active decision making across the dimensions of country weighting, currency exposure, duration management, yield curve positioning, sector allocation and security selection. In addition to the risk factors for all fixed income strategies, see the risk factors for derivatives and mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities, below.
- **High Yield Fixed Income.** For this strategy, we construct portfolios that are primarily invested in securities rated BB+ / Ba1 and below. The High Yield strategy focuses on identifying credits with substantial underlying asset value relative to the market price of their debt. The portfolio managers generally emphasize the debt of companies with hard asset value and resilient operating cash flow and de-emphasize those companies and industries with limited asset value protection. Generally, there is a preference within the strategy for bank loans or bonds that are senior in the capital structure and/or closer to the company's assets.
- **Intermediate Fixed Income.** This strategy constructs portfolios to normally maintain an average interest rate duration of between 2 and 4.5 years. Investments can include U.S. government and corporate debt securities, mortgage and asset-backed securities, money market instruments and derivatives, although other fixed income securities may be used in the portfolio.
- **Investment Grade Credit Fixed Income.** A value-oriented strategy capitalizing on our fundamental credit analysis capabilities. The focus is on identifying investment-grade corporate bonds offering attractive risk-adjusted yields. Particular emphasis is placed on recognition of market mispricing and the selection of cheaper, stable to improving credits, and the avoidance of weaker issuers that buyers have overpriced.
- **Long Duration Credit Fixed Income.** Designed for investors seeking to align all or a portion of portfolios with longer dated liabilities such as pension benefits or insurance obligations, our deflation-hedging long duration (10 years or greater) strategies allow for the extension of average portfolio maturities in a diversified corporate-specific account. These strategies blend top-down risk control with bottom-up sector/industry allocation and fundamental security analysis to drive outperformance of associated benchmarks. In some instances, client discretion may extend portfolio latitude to a modest allocation of up to 20% of portfolio exposure to sub-investment grade holdings to enhance the yield profile.
- **Long Duration Government-Credit Fixed Income.** Designed for investors seeking to align all or a portion of portfolios with longer dated liabilities such as pension benefits or insurance obligations, our deflation-hedging long duration (10 years or greater) strategies allow for the extension of average portfolio maturities in a diversified government-credit account. These strategies blend top-down risk



control with bottom-up sector/industry allocation and fundamental security analysis to drive outperformance of associated benchmarks.

- **Low Duration Fixed Income.** For this strategy, we construct portfolios to normally maintain an average interest rate duration of between 1 and 3 years. Investments can include U.S. government and corporate debt securities, mortgage and asset-backed securities, money market instruments and derivatives, although other fixed income securities may be used in the portfolio.
- **Opportunistic Core Plus Fixed Income.** With a typical interest rate duration range of 3 to 6 years, the strategy seeks to outperform the broad bond market by applying specialized management expertise to and allocating capital among the U.S. government, corporate, high yield, international and mortgage and asset-backed bond sectors. In addition to the risk factors for all fixed income strategies, see the risk factors for derivatives and mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities, below.
- **Strategic Income.** This strategy is designed to generate absolute return through bond market investments, while bearing generally low correlation to equity and fixed income performance. Much of the time, this approach will exhibit the profile of an unconstrained fixed income strategy, allocating investments across a range of global opportunities related to credit, currencies, and interest rates, with less restrictive constraints than Core Plus portfolio management. Fewer limitations allow for a broader expression of portfolio duration and off-index exposures. When conditions are suitable, in terms of an attractive return-risk proposition, this strategy may undertake opportunities to exploit market inefficiencies through capital structure arbitrage, inter-sector arbitrage and rating agency arbitrage. These arbitrage strategies can be implemented in both the cash bond and derivative markets (including credit default swaps), both intended to benefit from mean-reverting top-down characteristics of the bond market and a strong value-oriented bottom-up perspective.
- **Sustainable Securitized.** This strategy seeks to generate returns in excess of its designated benchmark over a market cycle through a combination of current income and capital preservation (or appreciation). The investment universe from which the strategy draws includes collateralized public market issues from among mortgage-backed securities, commercial mortgage-backed securities, and asset-backed securities, with selection criteria favoring positive sustainable factors based on our proprietary research and screening.
- **TIPS Fixed Income.** We invest in securities commonly known as TIPS (Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities). The strategy attempts to select TIPS at various maturities that appear more advantageous while striving to outperform against the chosen index and providing protection against inflation.

- **Ultra Short Fixed Income.** With this strategy, we attempt to maintain a dollar-weighted average portfolio maturity normally exceeding one year, while normally maintaining an average portfolio interest rate duration of up to one year. Investments can include government and corporate debt securities, mortgage and other asset-backed securities, money market instruments and derivatives, although other fixed income securities may be used in the portfolio.
- **Unconstrained.** This strategy seeks a long-term rate of return by utilizing a flexible approach that allocates investments across a range of global investment opportunities related to credit, currencies, and interest rates. The use of the term “unconstrained” in the strategy’s name means that it has few limitations with respect to types of investments, is flexible in the use of interest rate duration and is not managed to be compared to an index. The portfolio management team expects to actively evaluate each investment idea based on its potential return, its risk level and how it fits within the Fund’s overall portfolio in determining whether to buy or sell investments.

*Note: In addition to the risks of all our fixed income strategies, the following are subject to the mortgage-backed securities, asset-backed securities and derivatives risks described below.*

- **Global Mortgage-Backed Securities Plus.** A fixed income strategy that seeks high income and total returns in excess of the broad investment grade bond market through investing in mortgage-backed securities across the U.S., developed and emerging markets. Strategy is implemented primarily through investment grade securities but will be extended when prevailing conditions provide for more opportunistic deployment of capital.
- **Global Securitized.** Drawing on fixed income issues across the U.S., developed and emerging markets, an aggressive, total return fixed income strategy, emphasizing complex mortgage-backed securities designed to offer high absolute returns. The strategy is not managed within a prescribed duration range and may vary greatly over time.
- **Index Plus Mortgage-Backed Securities.** A fixed income strategy that seeks high income and total returns in excess of the broad investment grade bond market through investing in U.S. dollar-denominated mortgage-backed securities. This strategy generally involves tighter constraints on the investments it makes, such as non-agency mortgage-backed securities, than our Mortgage-Backed Securities strategy.
- **Index Tracking Mortgage-Backed Securities.** A strategy designed to largely replicate the return of or slightly outperform a designated mortgage-backed securities index with very limited differentiation from the composition of the benchmark.

- **Mortgage-Backed Securities.** A fixed income strategy that seeks high income and total returns in excess of the broad investment grade bond market through investing in U.S. dollar-denominated mortgage-backed securities.
- **Mortgage-Backed Short-Intermediate.** A fixed income strategy investing primarily in mortgage-backed securities of U.S. government agencies. The strategy seeks to capture much of the higher yields of traditional long-term bond portfolios with relatively less volatility.
- **Securitized Opportunities.** An aggressive, total return fixed income strategy, emphasizing complex mortgage-backed securities designed to offer high absolute returns. The strategy is not managed within a prescribed duration range and may vary greatly over time.
- **Total Return Mortgage-Backed Securities.** A fixed income strategy that seeks high income and total returns in excess of the broad investment grade bond market through investing in U.S. dollar-denominated mortgage-backed securities. This strategy generally involves fewer restraints on the investments it makes, such as non-agency mortgage-backed securities, than our Mortgage-Backed Securities strategy.

#### **Our methods and sources for analysis for domestic fixed income strategies:**

We maintain a value-oriented investment approach. As such, our investment process focuses on preserving capital for our clients, while extracting value utilizing deep, fundamental, “bottom-up” research and analysis.

For the credit sector, our research focuses on asset value, seniority in the capital structure, covenant strength, and the ability to generate free cash flow. We utilize several measures to determine a company's asset value (including discounted cash flow analysis, multiples of cash flow, multiples of free cash flow, percentage of replacement cost, required IRR, etc.) and then compare that to the market price of their debt. We conduct a detailed examination of the company's organizational and capital structure to determine seniority. We consider both structural and payment seniority, as well as limitations on the company's ability to incur debt senior to us. In addition, we concentrate on the actual cash flow generated by reconstructing the components that make up the change in cash from period to period. This removes accrual accounting distortions. Other firm specific factors and risks such as liquidity, management, operations, labor relations, the overall competitive position and business environment, or other financially material risks related to sustainability factors that impact a firm are also considered.

We employ quantitative research that is driven by proprietary models that aid in the analysis of fixed income securities. These models assist us in establishing independent criteria for bond valuation. We believe that the process of developing quantitative fixed

income tools in-house improves our understanding and knowledge of different securities. These proprietary analytics also help us to understand and focus on how a portfolio is structured relative to the benchmark and how a portfolio will perform across a variety of interest rate, yield curve, and volatility scenarios.

In the mortgage sector, our loan level database of over 30 million loans provides original and current loan characteristics that are updated monthly. The original information provided includes loan to value ("LTV"), zip code, property type, documentation, loan type, FICO score, etc. Current information is updated monthly to include payment status, modification details, loss amounts, prepayments and liquidation amounts necessary for us to estimate information and real estate owned or "REO" sale prices. Additionally, utilizing data from external vendors, we analyze climate physical risk for commercial and residential mortgages.

The research and analytics generate deal and zip code level metrics including delinquency roll rates, prepayment rates, REO sales index, mark-to-market LTV, negative/positive equity, and many other factors historically critical in the analysis of the complex non-agency MBS sector. In today's market, the most important factor is the loan-to-value ratio, as it is the primary driver of a borrower's default decision, a key input to loss severity calculations and a significant indicator of prepayment speeds. Our ability to determine a more accurate LTV than is observable in the broader market statistics is a critical way we add incremental value to portfolio analysis and security selection. The output of this analysis shapes our market analysis/insight and pricing and determines vintage rankings, alt-A vs. subprime vs. prime vs. option-arm comparative analysis, absolute and relative rankings at the deal level as well as security level.

In addition to our proprietary resources, we also use tools available from external vendors. One example is our utilization of Bloomberg. Another example is our utilization of The Yield Book. This tool enables us to model client indexes with an additional database containing 50,000+ issues. The Yield Book allows us to provide clients, by request, with third-party risk metrics for their portfolio.

The output of our analysis shapes our view of the markets and pricing helps to point out when further in-depth research is needed to determine relative value.

#### **Our methods and sources for analysis for international fixed income strategies:**

We utilize a value-seeking investment approach developed to identify and exploit the best reward-risk opportunities in emerging markets fixed income. Our integrated top-down and bottom-up investment process emphasizes global and multi-sector diversification to generate attractive risk-adjusted returns from income and capital appreciation. Scenario analysis is an important element in the investment process. This probabilistic approach includes the widest range of potential outcomes in the determination of expected returns, allowing us to establish a dynamic link between credit fundamentals, market valuations, and portfolio strategy.

All sovereign and corporate credits are evaluated utilizing proprietary credit models designed and developed by us. This phase of the research process serves three important functions: isolate key credit strengths and weaknesses and other risk factors; analyze the momentum of credit fundamentals; and standardize the framework for comparing credits.

Sovereign credits are evaluated using a standardized set of quantitative and qualitative variables falling into seven general categories: exchange rates, fiscal policy, debt service capacity and debt dynamics, financial sector strength, structural reforms, political outlook, and financially material risks related to factors including the environment, social development, and broader governance such as the rule of law or other sustainability factors.

Our corporate and quasi sovereign credit research is undertaken utilizing a similar standardized approach. We evaluate corporate credit fundamentals utilizing 24 separate financial and qualitative variables divided into seven categories: operating performance, debt service capacity, management, competitive position, covenants, operating trends, and financially material risks related to sustainability factors.

Including the assessment of a broad range of fundamental and non-traditional factors into the investment process promotes well informed investment decisions. Emerging Markets Fixed Income analysis is driven by a view that understanding factors including by not limited to those related to the environment and climate hazards, social development, and governance can help identify attractive investment opportunities and signal upside potential and downside risks. Sovereigns and corporates with stronger and/or improving trends related to sustainability metrics are likely, in our view, to be the beneficiaries of investment capital, and vice versa.

In our process, risk factors and sustainability considerations are evaluated as part of country allocation and security selection decisions. It should be noted that these factors are one input into the investment process, along with traditional fundamental economic and political analysis.

In addition to primary research, the portfolio managers, sovereign risk analysts, and corporate credit analysts utilize a wide variety of outside research sources. These include sell side banks, local banks, and investment banks such as JP Morgan, Deutsche Bank, Citibank, Bank of America Merrill Lynch, and Morgan Stanley; international multilateral organizations such as the IMF, IBRD, IADB, EBRD, and ADB; in-country political and economic consultants; and a variety of outside data services, including Bloomberg and FactSet.

Risk management plays an important role in our portfolio construction process. The first level of our risk management methodology is an elaborate scenario building process that isolates the strengths and weaknesses of each investment and constructs baseline, best, and worst-case outcomes from the interplay of investment fundamentals. The

aforementioned process is integral to the development of our investment strategy and risk management techniques with explicit probabilities and market valuations assigned to each scenario. For each investment, expected return forecasts are derived that capture the full range of possible outcomes. This scenario framework is utilized to define specific performance benchmarks for each investment. From these benchmarks, we can more easily track the performance of each investment in relation to its baseline, best, and worst-case outcomes through time. Through the scenario analysis, the team creates a dynamic link between investment fundamentals, market valuations, and investment strategy and a robust portfolio strategy that emphasizes maximum global and multi-sector diversification to diffuse and minimize investment risks.

## **RISKS FOR FIXED INCOME STRATEGIES:**

**The principal risks for all fixed income strategies are:**

- **interest rate risk:** the risk that debt securities will decline in value because of changes in interest rates or a decline in interest rates will lower their yield. Interest rate risk also includes the exposure of the portfolio to the outright level of both Treasury and swap rates across the entirety of the maturity curves. It also includes the level of Treasury and swap rates relative to each other and to other market indicators. Interest rate management will encompass all of those factors and will seek to hedge those exposures on an outright basis, relative to the stated benchmark, or relative to other risks in the portfolio.
- **liquidity risk:** the risk that there may be no willing buyer of the portfolio securities and we may have to sell those securities at a lower price or may not be able to sell the securities at all, each of which would have a negative effect on performance.
- **credit risk:** the risk that an issuer will default in the payment of principal and/or interest on a security.
- **price volatility risk:** the risk that the value of the investment portfolio will change as the prices of its investments go up or down.
- **issuer risk:** the risk that the value of a security may decline for reasons directly related to the issuer such as corporate governance or management performance, earnings, financial leverage, the value of assets and reduced demand for the issuer's goods or services, as well as other financially material risks including those related to climate hazards, among other factors.
- **market risk:** the risk that returns from the securities in which we invest will decline in value due to factors affecting securities markets generally or particular industries represented in the securities markets. Normal markets are generally characterized by a benign credit environment with only isolated idiosyncratic credit events, good liquidity as demonstrated by regular and consistent two-way trading across markets, and a risk posture on the part of the managers that is neutral to positive, i.e., not defensive with respect to credit risk.

- **securities selection risk:** the risk that the securities we invest in will underperform others investing in the same asset class or benchmarks that are representative of the asset class because of our choice of securities.
- **portfolio management risk:** the risk that an investment strategy may fail to produce the intended results.
- **non-diversification risk:** the risk that the portfolio we invest in may be subject to wider fluctuations in value than if it were subject to broader diversification requirements.
- **globalization risk:** the risk that the growing inter-relationship of all global economies and financial markets has increased the effect of conditions in one country or region on issuers of securities in a different country or region.
- **market disruptions, geopolitical, and physical/natural risk:** market disruption can be caused by economic, financial or political events and factors, including but not limited to, international wars or conflicts (including Russia's military invasion of Ukraine, and any global consequences), geopolitical developments (including trading and tariff arrangements, sanctions and cybersecurity attacks), instability in regions such as Asia, Eastern Europe and the Middle East, terrorism, natural disasters (including earthquakes and significant hydrometeorological hazards) and other unanticipated events. The extent and duration of such events and resulting market disruptions cannot be predicted but could be substantial and could magnify the impact of other risks to investors. These and other similar events could adversely affect the U.S. and foreign financial markets and lead to increased market volatility, reduced liquidity in the securities markets, significant negative impacts on issuers and the markets for certain securities and commodities and/or government intervention. They may also cause short- or long-term economic uncertainties in the United States and worldwide. As a result, whether or not an investor invests in securities of issuers located in or with significant exposure to the countries directly affected, the value and liquidity of the investments in an account may be negatively impacted. Further, due to closures of certain markets and restrictions on trading certain securities, the value of certain securities held could be significantly impacted, which could lead to those securities being valued at zero.
- **cybersecurity risk:** We, our clients, our clients' service providers and other market participants depend on complex and often interconnected information technology and communications systems to conduct business functions. These systems are subject to a number of different cyber threats and other risks that could adversely affect the clients despite our efforts and the client's service providers to adopt technologies, processes and procedures intended to mitigate these risks and help protect the security of their computer systems, software, networks and other technology assets, as well as the security, confidentiality, integrity and availability of information belonging to the clients and Fund investors. For example, unauthorized third parties may attempt to improperly access, modify, disrupt the

operations of, encrypt or otherwise prevent access to these systems of us, the clients, the clients' service providers and counterparties, as well as the data stored by these systems, including client and investor information. Our service providers may be subject to ransomware or other attacks that could cause a substantial business disruption or loss of availability of data that could prevent us from executing a client's investment strategy or prevents a client or Fund investor from accessing an account, which could lead to financial losses. Third parties may also attempt to fraudulently induce employees, customers, third-party service providers or other users of our systems to disclose sensitive information in order to gain access to our data or that of the clients or the Funds' investors or to transfer funds to unauthorized third parties. A successful penetration or circumvention of the security of our systems by unauthorized third parties could result in the loss or theft of a client or Fund investor's data or funds, the inability to access electronic systems, loss or theft of proprietary information or corporate data, physical damage to a computer or network system or costs associated with system repairs. Such incidents could cause the clients, us, or our service providers to incur regulatory penalties, reputational damage, additional compliance costs, increased insurance premiums or financial loss. In addition, we may incur substantial costs related to investigation and remediation of the cybersecurity incident, increasing and upgrading cybersecurity protections including its administrative, technical, organizational and physical controls, acts of identity theft, unauthorized use or loss of proprietary information, adverse investor reaction, increased insurance premiums or difficulties obtaining insurance coverage, or litigation, regulatory actions or other legal risks.

Similar types of operational and technology risks are also present for the investments in which the clients invest, which could have material adverse consequences for such companies, and may cause the clients' investments to lose value.

- **risks of artificial intelligence ("AI"):** Our ability to use, manage and aggregate data may be limited by the effectiveness of its policies, systems and practices that govern how data is acquired, validated, used, stored, protected, processed and shared. Failure to manage data effectively and to aggregate data in an accurate and timely manner may limit our ability to manage current and emerging risks, as well as to manage changing business needs and to adapt to the use of new tools, including AI. While we will, under certain circumstances, restrict certain uses of third-party and open source AI tools, our employees and consultants and portfolio companies may, under certain circumstances use these tools, which poses additional risks relating to the protection of our and such portfolio companies' proprietary data, including the potential exposure of our or such portfolio companies' confidential information to unauthorized recipients and the misuse of our or third-party intellectual property, which could adversely affect us, a client or a client's portfolio companies. Use of AI tools may result in allegations or claims against us, a client or a client's portfolio companies related to violation of third-party intellectual property rights, unauthorized access to or use of proprietary



information and failure to comply with open-source software requirements. Additionally, AI tools may produce inaccurate, misleading or incomplete responses that could lead to errors in our and our employees' and consultants' decision-making, portfolio management or other business activities, which could have a negative impact on us or on the performance of a client and its portfolio companies.

Ongoing and future regulatory actions with respect to AI generally or AI's use in any industry in particular may alter, perhaps to a materially adverse extent, the ability of us, a client or a client's portfolio companies to utilize AI in the manner is has to-date, and may have an adverse impact on the ability of us, a client or a client's portfolio companies to continue to operate as intended.

- **public health emergency risks:** the risk that pandemics and other public health emergencies, including outbreaks of infectious diseases can result in market volatility and disruption, and materially and adversely impact economic conditions in ways that cannot be predicted, all of which could result in substantial investment losses. Containment efforts and related restrictive actions by governments and businesses can significantly diminish and disrupt global economic activity across many industries. Less developed countries and their health systems may be more vulnerable to these impacts. The ultimate impact of health emergencies on global economic conditions and businesses is impossible to predict accurately. Ongoing and potential additional material adverse economic effects of indeterminate duration and severity are possible. The resulting adverse impact on the value of an investment could be significant and prolonged.
- **inflation risk:** the risk that the value of assets or income from investments will be less in the future as inflation decreases the value of money. As inflation increases, the present value of assets and distributions may decline. Inflation creates uncertainty over the future real value (after inflation) of an investment. Inflation rates may change frequently and drastically as a result of various factors, including unexpected shifts in the domestic or global economy, and investments may not keep pace with inflation, which may result in losses to investors.
- **benchmark risks.** The London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) was the offered rate at which major international banks could obtain wholesale, unsecured funding. The terms of investments, financings or other transactions (including certain derivatives transactions) to which a Fund may be a party have historically been tied to LIBOR. In connection with the global transition away from LIBOR led by regulators and market participants, LIBOR was last published on a representative basis at the end of June 2023. Alternative reference rates to LIBOR have been established in most major currencies (e.g., the Secured Overnight Financing Rate for U.S. dollar LIBOR and the Sterling Overnight Index Average for GBP LIBOR) and the transition to new reference rates continues. Interest rates or other types of rates and indices which are classified as "benchmarks" have been the subject of ongoing national and international regulatory reform, including under the European Union regulation on indices used as benchmarks in financial instruments and financial contracts. Such changes could cause increased market volatility and

disruptions in liquidity for instruments that rely on or are impacted by such benchmarks. Additionally, there could be other consequences which cannot be predicted.

- **sustainable investing risk:** the risk a sustainable investment strategy may exclude securities of certain issuers or securities for non-financial reasons, and that the strategy's performance will differ from accounts that do not utilize a sustainable investing strategy. For example, the application of this strategy could affect an account's exposure to certain sectors or types of investments, which could negatively impact the account's performance. Sustainable investing is qualitative and subjective by nature, and there is no guarantee that the criteria used by us, or any judgement exercised by us will reflect the opinions of any particular investor. Accounts with sustainable investment strategies are generally suited for long-term rather than short-term investors.
- **non-traditional material factor risk:** Certain of our portfolio managers may evaluate a broad range of fundamental and non-traditional or emergent material factors to make well-informed investment decisions. However, there are no universally agreed upon standards for assessing the financial materiality of non-traditional factors including but not limited to, investor rights, management independence, product safety, disaster risk, supply chain resilience, environmental and climate risk hazards, and labor relations and the contribution of these factors to the assessment of risk/return. These factors can vary across regions, industries, and time periods, making consistent application challenging. Consequently, different stakeholders may disagree on the evaluation of these identified risk factors for any given company or asset given the absence of generally accepted criteria and inconsistencies in reporting. As a diversified asset manager, we expect our portfolio managers to consider a broad range of existing and emerging material factors to promote well-informed investment decisions with the goal of improving risk-adjusted returns.
- **ETF, ETC and ETN risk:** the risk that the value of the investment portfolio's investments in these instruments will fluctuate in response to the performance of underlying or reference investments.

*The following are risks of strategies that invest in mortgage-backed securities:*

- **underlying collateral risk:** the risk that the impairment of the value of the collateral underlying the non-agency security in which we invest, such as non-payment of mortgage loans, will result in a reduction in the value of the security.
- **extension risk:** the risk that in times of rising interest rates, mortgage prepayments will slow causing portfolio securities considered short or intermediate term to be long-term securities which fluctuate more widely in response to changes in interest rates than shorter term securities.

- **prepayment risk:** the risk that in times of declining interest rates, the higher yielding securities will be prepaid and we will have to replace them with securities having a lower yield.

*The following are risks of strategies that employ derivatives or leverage:*

- **derivatives risk:** the risk of investing in derivative instruments, including liquidity, interest rate, market and management risks, mispricing, or improper value. Changes in the value of a derivative may not correlate perfectly with the underlying asset, reference rate or index and could lose more than the principal amount invested.
- **leveraging risk:** the risk that leverage created from borrowing or certain types of transactions or instruments, including derivatives, may impair the investment portfolio's liquidity, cause it to liquidate positions at an unfavorable time, increase volatility or otherwise not achieve its intended result.
- **counterparty risk:** the risk that the other party to a contract, such as a swap agreement, will not fulfill its contractual obligations.

*The following are risks of strategies that invest in asset-backed securities:*

- **underlying collateral risk:** the risk that the impairment of the value of the collateral underlying a security in which we invest such as non-payment of loans, will result in a reduction in the value of the security. The asset-backed securities (ABS) sector includes not only traditional collateral types such as credit card receivables, auto loans, and home equity lines of credit, but also non-traditional collateral types such as student loans, franchise loans, structured legal settlements, shipping containers, etc. ABS will also include instruments which have collateral that is comprised of other securities, such as collateralized debt/bond/loan obligations (CDOs/CBOs/CLOs). For a variety of reasons, many of these collateral types are not included in the specified benchmark but may be attractive investments consistent with the desired risk profile of the portfolio.
- **extension risk:** the risk that in times of rising interest rates, prepayments will slow causing portfolio securities considered short or intermediate term to be long-term securities which fluctuate more widely in response to changes in interest rates than shorter term securities.

*The following are special risks for international strategies:*

- **emerging market country risk:** the risk that the value of investments will decline due to the greater degree of economic, political, and social instability of emerging market countries as compared to the developed countries.
- **foreign currency risk:** the risk that the value of the investments denominated in foreign currencies will decline in value because the foreign currency has declined in value relative to the U.S. dollar.

- **market disruptions, geopolitical, and physical/natural risk:** please refer to the description above under “Principal Risks”.

## B. EQUITIES STRATEGIES

The equity strategies we offer and the principal methods and sources of analysis we use are:

- **Concentrated Large Cap Growth.** A highly focused approach primarily targeting top large cap companies with strong and enduring business models. An active strategy utilizing proprietary fundamental research focused on identifying companies with improving operating prospects. The strategy also uses macroeconomic risk analysis. Sources of information include financial news, review of corporate activity, internal and third-party research, company reports and press releases, due diligence meetings with management and interviews with suppliers, customers, and competitors.
- **Global Artificial Intelligence Equity.** A global strategy that focuses on investing in the equity of growth businesses in information technology, consumer discretionary, industrials, health care, and other sectors. The emphasis is on the technological leaders in position to grow over the medium- and long-term as global industry demand increases. The strategy invests in those businesses expected to benefit from the rising influence of artificial intelligence in analysis, forecasting, efficiency, automation, consistency, and scale. The strategy uses fundamental research to identify these companies. Sources of information include financial news, review of corporate activity, internal and third-party research, company reports and press releases, due diligence meetings with management and interviews with suppliers, customers, and competitors.
- **Global Relative Value Dividend Appreciation.** A global strategy which employs a highly disciplined, analytically-driven investment process utilizing quantitative and qualitative resources to generate investment ideas. Primarily invests in equities of companies with dividend paying records. There is an option on this strategy to apply a Shariah-compliant overlay. The strategy uses bottom-up, fundamental analysis, proprietary data and analytical systems, discounted cash flows, and discussions with third parties. Sources of information include financial news, inspection of corporate activity, internal and third-party research, company reports and press releases, due diligence meetings with management, court filings, interviews with suppliers, customers and competitors and audited financial reports.
- **Global Space Technology Equities.** In managing the strategy, the portfolio manager seeks to invest in what he considers to be attractively valued equity securities of cash generating businesses that benefit from demand for aerospace/space-oriented technology, equipment, and tools. Fundamental research is used to identify these companies. The portfolio manager will use both

qualitative and quantitative screening criteria to supplement the fundamental research. The portfolio manager's screening focuses on companies whose shares are trading at prices the portfolio manager believes are below their intrinsic values.

- **New America Premier Equities.** In managing the strategy, the portfolio manager seeks to invest in what he considers to be attractively valued equity securities of cash generating businesses with prudently managed environmental, social, and financial resources. Fundamental research is used to identify these companies. The portfolio manager will use both qualitative and quantitative screening criteria to supplement the fundamental research. The portfolio manager's screening focuses on companies whose shares are trading at prices the portfolio manager believes are below their intrinsic values.
- **Next Generation Mobility Equity.** A global strategy that focuses on investing in the equity of businesses providing technology for the next generation of mobility to reduce pollution, improve safety, enable autonomous vehicles, and the connected experience. The emphasis is on the technological leaders in position to grow over the medium- and long-term to benefit from these long-term trends. The strategy invests in those businesses expected to benefit from the electrification, active safety, autonomy, and connectivity. The strategy uses fundamental research to identify these companies. Sources of information include financial news, review of corporate activity, internal and third-party research, company reports and press releases, due diligence meetings with management and interviews with suppliers, customers, and competitors.
- **Relative Value Large Cap.** A strategy seeking undervalued, large cap stocks where the company has a fundamental catalyst or competitive advantage which will ultimately be recognized by the marketplace and appreciate in value. The strategy uses bottom-up, fundamental analysis, proprietary data and analytical systems, discounted cash flows, and discussions with third parties. Sources of information include financial news, inspection of corporate activity, internal and third-party research, company reports and press releases, due diligence meetings with management, court filings, interviews with suppliers, customers, and competitors, and audited financial reports.

*Note: In addition to the risks of all our equities strategies, the following are subject to small and mid-capitalization risk described below:*

- **Global Entertainment Technology Equity.** A global strategy that focuses on investing in the equity of businesses that benefit from the growth of demand for entertainment products and services, primarily in the communications services, information technology, and consumer discretionary sectors. The emphasis is on those businesses embracing technological change to disrupt and expand the entertainment industry and provide a better consumer experience. The strategy uses fundamental research to identify these companies. Sources of information

include financial news, review of corporate activity, internal and third-party research, company reports and press releases, due diligence meetings with management and interviews with suppliers, customers, and competitors.

- **Global Green Equity Income:** A concentrated all-cap equity portfolio of high quality, well managed, global, exchange-listed, dividend-paying renewable energy companies. The strategy seeks to acquire common or preferred shares of high quality dividend-paying renewable energy at a substantial discount to their intrinsic value. To identify opportunities, it employs a disciplined “bottom-up” investment process, with emphasis on asset/cash flow/management quality. Sources of information include financial news, inspection of corporate activity, inspection of assets, internal and third-party research, corporate rating services, company reports and press releases, due diligence meetings with management, court filings, interviews with suppliers, customers, and competitors, and audited financial reports.
- **Global Low Volatility Equities.** A global equity portfolio of listed companies who exhibit low share price and business fundamental volatility. The strategy’s investment objective is to outperform the MSCI World Minimum Volatility Index with low tracking error. To identify opportunities, it employs a disciplined “bottom-up” investment process, with emphasis on asset/cash flow/management quality to select top holdings. Factor analysis is used to manage exposures and remove unintended bets. Sources of information include financial news, inspection of corporate activity, inspection of assets, internal and third-party research, corporate rating services, company reports and press releases, due diligence meetings with management, court filings, interviews with suppliers, customers, and competitors, and audited financial reports.
- **Global Premier Sustainable Equities.** In managing the strategy, the portfolio manager seeks to invest in a small number of enduring businesses that are run by talented leaders who prudently reinvest free cash flow. In this way we seek to build a compounding machine. The Sub-Fund uses publicly reported data related to a variety of traditional and nontraditional material factors to make well-informed investment decisions. Such factors include but are not limited to investor rights, management independence, product safety, disaster risk, supply chain resilience, environmental and climate risk hazards, and labor relations as these indicators help identify better managed business that are often overlooked or underappreciated by market participants
- **Global REIT.** A concentrated all-cap global equity portfolio of high quality, well managed real estate companies. The strategy seeks to acquire common or preferred shares of high quality real estate stocks at a substantial discount to their intrinsic value. To identify opportunities, it employs a disciplined “bottom-up” investment process, with emphasis on asset/cash flow/management quality. Sources of information include financial news, inspection of corporate activity,

inspection of assets, internal and third-party research, corporate rating services, company reports and press releases, due diligence meetings with management, court filings, interviews with suppliers, customers and competitors, and audited financial reports.

- **Market Neutral Income Equities.** A concentrated all-cap long/short equity portfolio with a focus on the real estate and financials ecosystems as well as adjacent industries (e.g., retail, consumer, infrastructure, hotels, lending, etc.) The strategy seeks to be market neutral, as defined by having a beta of approximately 0 relative to major indices such as the S&P 500 or the Russell 2000. It accomplishes this through a disciplined and focused process of “bottom-up” security selection – both with long and short candidates – and tight beta control. Sources of information include financial news, inspection of corporate activity, inspection of assets, internal and third-party research, corporate rating services, company reports and press releases, due diligence meetings with management, court filings, interviews with suppliers, customers, and competitors, and audited financial reports.
- **Relative Value Mid Cap.** An aggressive capital appreciation style that generally invests in small- and medium-sized cap companies deemed to be undervalued relative to the equities market. The strategy uses bottom-up, fundamental analysis, proprietary data and analytical systems, discounted cash flows, and discussions with third parties. Sources of information include financial news, inspection of corporate activity, internal and third-party research, company reports and press releases, due diligence meetings with management, court filings, interviews with suppliers, customers and competitors and audited financial reports.

## RISKS FOR EQUITIES STRATEGIES:

The principal risks of investing in our equity strategies are:

- **equity risk:** the risk that stocks and other equity securities generally fluctuate in value more than bonds and may decline in value over short or extended periods based on changes in a company’s financial condition and in overall market economic and political conditions.
- **liquidity risk:** the risk that there may be no willing buyer of the portfolio securities and it may have to sell those securities at a lower price or may not be able to sell the securities at all, each of which would have a negative effect on performance.
- **price volatility risk:** the risk that the value of the investment portfolio will change as the prices of its investments go up or down.
- **market risk:** the risk that returns from the securities in which we invest will decline in value due to factors affecting securities markets generally or particular industries represented in the securities markets.

- **securities selection risk:** the risk that the securities in the investment portfolio will underperform other accounts or funds investing in the same asset class or benchmarks that are representative of the asset class because of the choice of securities. In addition, security selection for an investment portfolio using machine learning is dependent upon the Advisor's use of its proprietary machine learning process and, as a result, the Advisor's skill in utilizing and implementing that process.
- **ETF, ETC and ETN risk:** the risk that the value of the investment portfolio's investments in these instruments will fluctuate in response to the performance of underlying or reference investments.
- **portfolio management risk:** the risk that an investment strategy may fail to produce the intended results.
- **issuer risk:** the risk that the value of a security may decline for reasons directly related to the issuer such as corporate governance or management performance, earnings, financial leverage, the value of assets and reduced demand for the issuer's goods or services, as well as other financially material risks including those related to climate hazards, among other factors.
- **investment style risk:** the risk that the particular style or set of styles that we primarily use may be out of favor or may not produce the best results over short or longer time periods and may increase the volatility of the value of the investment portfolio.
- **globalization risk:** the risk that the growing interrelationship of all global economies and financial markets has increased the effect of conditions in one country or region on issuers of securities in a different country or region.
- **non-diversification risk:** the risk that the portfolio in which we invest may be subject to wider fluctuations in value than if it were subject to broader diversification requirements.
- **foreign investing risk:** the risk that the asset prices will fluctuate with market conditions and the economic and political climates where investments are made.
- **foreign currency risk:** the risk that the value of the investments we make that are denominated in foreign currencies will decline in value relative to the U.S. dollar.
- **small and mid-capitalization risk:** for certain of our strategies identified above, the risk that the stock performance of small and mid-capitalization companies can be more volatile than the stock performance of large capitalization companies, and they face the risk of business failure which increase the risk of loss.
- **machine learning risk:** the risk that an investment strategy's proprietary "machine learning" security selection process, as well as data and information supplied by third parties that are utilized in that process, may fail to identify profitable opportunities at any time. To the extent the machine learning process is used and does not perform as designed or as intended, the investment strategy may not be



successfully implemented, and the investment portfolio may lose value. If the input data is incorrect or incomplete, any decisions made in reliance on those data may lead to the inclusion or exclusion of securities that would have been excluded or included had the data been correct and complete.

- **market disruptions, geopolitical, and physical/natural risk:** market disruption can be caused by economic, financial or political events and factors, including but not limited to, international wars or conflicts (including Russia's military invasion of Ukraine, and any global consequences), geopolitical developments (including trading and tariff arrangements, sanctions and cybersecurity attacks), instability in regions such as Asia, Eastern Europe and the Middle East, terrorism, natural disasters (including earthquakes and significant hydrometeorological hazards) and other unanticipated events. The extent and duration of such events and resulting market disruptions cannot be predicted but could be substantial and could magnify the impact of other risks to investors. These and other similar events could adversely affect the U.S. and foreign financial markets and lead to increased market volatility, reduced liquidity in the securities markets, significant negative impacts on issuers and the markets for certain securities and commodities and/or government intervention. They may also cause short- or long-term economic uncertainties in the United States and worldwide. As a result, whether or not an investor invests in securities of issuers located in or with significant exposure to the countries directly affected, the value and liquidity of the investments in an account may be negatively impacted. Further, due to closures of certain markets and restrictions on trading certain securities, the value of certain securities held could be significantly impacted, which could lead to those securities being valued at zero.
- **cybersecurity risk:** We, our clients, our clients' service providers and other market participants depend on complex and often interconnected information technology and communications systems to conduct business functions. These systems are subject to a number of different cyber threats and other risks that could adversely affect the clients despite our efforts and the client's service providers to adopt technologies, processes and procedures intended to mitigate these risks and help protect the security of their computer systems, software, networks and other technology assets, as well as the security, confidentiality, integrity and availability of information belonging to the clients and Fund investors. For example, unauthorized third parties may attempt to improperly access, modify, disrupt the operations of, encrypt or otherwise prevent access to these systems of us, the clients, the clients' service providers and counterparties, as well as the data stored by these systems, including client and investor information. Our service providers may be subject to ransomware or other attacks that could cause a substantial business disruption or loss of availability of data that could prevent us from executing a client's investment strategy or prevents a client or Fund investor from accessing an account, which could lead to financial losses. Third parties may also attempt to fraudulently induce employees, customers, third-party service providers or other users of our systems to disclose sensitive information in order to gain

access to our data or that of the clients or the Funds' investors or to transfer funds to unauthorized third parties. A successful penetration or circumvention of the security of our systems by unauthorized third parties could result in the loss or theft of a client or Fund investor's data or funds, the inability to access electronic systems, loss or theft of proprietary information or corporate data, physical damage to a computer or network system or costs associated with system repairs. Such incidents could cause the clients, us, or our service providers to incur regulatory penalties, reputational damage, additional compliance costs, increased insurance premiums or financial loss. In addition, we may incur substantial costs related to investigation and remediation of the cybersecurity incident, increasing and upgrading cybersecurity protections including its administrative, technical, organizational and physical controls, acts of identity theft, unauthorized use or loss of proprietary information, adverse investor reaction, increased insurance premiums or difficulties obtaining insurance coverage, or litigation, regulatory actions or other legal risks.

Similar types of operational and technology risks are also present for the investments in which the clients invest, which could have material adverse consequences for such companies, and may cause the clients' investments to lose value.

- **risks of artificial intelligence ("AI"):** Our ability to use, manage and aggregate data may be limited by the effectiveness of its policies, systems and practices that govern how data is acquired, validated, used, stored, protected, processed and shared. Failure to manage data effectively and to aggregate data in an accurate and timely manner may limit our ability to manage current and emerging risks, as well as to manage changing business needs and to adapt to the use of new tools, including AI. While we will, under certain circumstances restrict certain uses of third-party and open source AI tools, our employees and consultants and portfolio companies may, under certain circumstances use these tools, which poses additional risks relating to the protection of our and such portfolio companies' proprietary data, including the potential exposure of our or such portfolio companies' confidential information to unauthorized recipients and the misuse of our or third-party intellectual property, which could adversely affect us, a client or a client's portfolio companies. Use of AI tools may result in allegations or claims against us, a client or a client's portfolio companies related to violation of third-party intellectual property rights, unauthorized access to or use of proprietary information and failure to comply with open-source software requirements. Additionally, AI tools may produce inaccurate, misleading or incomplete responses that could lead to errors in our and our employees' and consultants' decision-making, portfolio management or other business activities, which could have a negative impact on us or on the performance of a client and its portfolio companies.

Ongoing and future regulatory actions with respect to AI generally or AI's use in any industry in particular may alter, perhaps to a materially adverse extent, the ability of us, a client or a client's portfolio companies to utilize AI in the manner is

has to-date, and may have an adverse impact on the ability of us, a client or a client's portfolio companies to continue to operate as intended.

- **benchmark risks:** The London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) was the offered rate at which major international banks could obtain wholesale, unsecured funding. The terms of investments, financings or other transactions (including certain derivatives transactions) to which a Fund may be a party have historically been tied to LIBOR. In connection with the global transition away from LIBOR led by regulators and market participants, LIBOR was last published on a representative basis at the end of June 2023. Alternative reference rates to LIBOR have been established in most major currencies (e.g., the Secured Overnight Financing Rate for U.S. dollar LIBOR and the Sterling Overnight Index Average for GBP LIBOR) and the transition to new reference rates continues. Interest rates or other types of rates and indices which are classified as "benchmarks" have been the subject of ongoing national and international regulatory reform, including under the European Union regulation on indices used as benchmarks in financial instruments and financial contracts. Such changes could cause increased market volatility and disruptions in liquidity for instruments that rely on or are impacted by such benchmarks. Additionally, there could be other consequences which cannot be predicted.
- **public health emergency risks:** the risk that pandemics and other public health emergencies, including outbreaks of infectious diseases can result in market volatility and disruption, and materially and adversely impact economic conditions in ways that cannot be predicted, all of which could result in substantial investment losses. Containment efforts and related restrictive actions by governments and businesses can significantly diminish and disrupt global economic activity across many industries. Less developed countries and their health systems may be more vulnerable to these impacts. The ultimate impact of health emergencies on global economic conditions and businesses is impossible to predict accurately. Ongoing and potential additional material adverse economic effects of indeterminate duration and severity are possible. The resulting adverse impact on the value of an investment could be significant and prolonged.
- **inflation risk:** the risk that the value of assets or income from investments will be less in the future as inflation decreases the value of money. As inflation increases, the present value of assets and distributions may decline. Inflation creates uncertainty over the future real value (after inflation) of an investment. Inflation rates may change frequently and drastically as a result of various factors, including unexpected shifts in the domestic or global economy, and investments may not keep pace with inflation, which may result in losses to investors.
- **sustainable investing risk:** the risk a sustainable investment strategy may exclude securities of certain issuers or securities for non-financial reasons, and that the strategy's performance will differ from accounts that do not utilize a sustainable investing strategy. For example, the application of this strategy could

affect an account's exposure to certain sectors or types of investments, which could negatively impact the account's performance. Sustainable investing is qualitative and subjective by nature, and there is no guarantee that the criteria used by us, or any judgement exercised by us will reflect the opinions of any particular investor. Accounts with sustainable investment strategies are generally suited for long-term rather than short-term investors.

- **non-traditional material factor risk:** Certain of our portfolio managers may evaluate a broad range of fundamental and non-traditional or emergent material factors to make well-informed investment decisions. However, there are no universally agreed upon standards for assessing the financial materiality of non-traditional factors including but not limited to, investor rights, management independence, product safety, disaster risk, supply chain resilience, environmental and climate risk hazards, and labor relations and the contribution of these factors to the assessment of risk/return. These factors can vary across regions, industries, and time periods, making consistent application challenging. Consequently, different stakeholders may disagree on the evaluation of these identified risk factors for any given company or asset given the absence of generally accepted criteria and inconsistencies in reporting. As a diversified asset manager, we expect our portfolio managers to consider a broad range of existing and emerging material factors to promote well-informed investment decisions with the goal of improving risk-adjusted returns.

*The following are special risks for real estate and income-related strategies:*

- **REIT and real estate company risk:** the risk that the value of the investments in REITs and real estate companies may generally be affected by factors affecting the value of real estate and the earnings of companies engaged in the real estate industry. REITs are also subject to heavy cash flow dependency, self-liquidation, and the possibility of failing to qualify for tax-free "pass-through" of income under the federal tax law.
- **real estate industry concentration risk:** the risk that the investments may be susceptible to the impact of market, economic, regulatory, and other factors affecting the real estate industry and/or the local or regional real estate markets because of its concentrated investments in the real estate industry. At times of such impact, the value of the investments may fluctuate more widely than it would for a strategy that invests more broadly across varying industries and sectors.
- **mortgage/loan REIT risk:** the risk that REITs that invest in mortgages or loans may also be indirectly subject to various risks associated with those investments, including, but not limited to interest rate risk, credit risk and distressed and defaulted securities risk as discussed below:
  - **interest rate risk:** the risk that debt securities will decline in value because of changes in interest rates.

- **credit risk:** the risk that an issuer will default in the payment of principal and/or interest on a security.
- **distressed and defaulted securities risk:** the risk that the repayment of defaulted securities and obligations of distressed issuers is subject to significant uncertainties.
- **frequent trading risk:** the risk that frequent trading will lead to increased portfolio turnover and higher transaction costs, which may reduce the portfolio's performance and may cause higher levels of current tax liability clients of the portfolio.
- **derivatives risk:** the risk of investing in derivative instruments, which include liquidity, interest rate, market, credit, and management risks as well as risks related to mispricing or improper valuation. Changes in the value of a derivative may not correlate perfectly with the underlying asset, reference rate or index and could lose more than the principal amount invested.
- **leverage risk:** the risk that leverage created from borrowing or certain types of transactions or instruments, including derivatives, may impair the investment portfolio's liquidity, cause it to liquidate positions at an unfavorable time, increase its volatility or otherwise cause it not to achieve its intended result.
- **counterparty risk:** the risk that the other party to a contract, such as a derivatives contract, will not fulfill its contractual obligations.
- **options strategy risk:** the risk that the investment portfolio's opportunity to profit from an increase in the market value of its investments may be limited by writing call options.
- **other investment company risk:** the risk that investments in the shares of other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds and REITs, are subject to the risks associated with such investment companies' portfolio securities. Accordingly, investments in shares of another investment company will fluctuate based on the performance of such investment company's portfolio securities.

### C. INTERNATIONAL STRATEGIES:

#### The international strategies we offer are:

- **Emerging Markets Asia High Yield.** The objective of this strategy is to outperform the benchmark over the long term by investing primarily in high yield Asia ex-Japan corporate credit, primarily denominated in U.S. dollars and opportunistically in local currency. The strategy uses top-down and bottom-up fundamental analysis, including analysis of security structure, country and political risk, credit, discounted cash flows, and discussions with third parties. Sources of information include primary research, financial news, inspection of corporate activity, research from secondary sources, corporate rating services, company reports and press

releases, due diligence meetings with management, court filings, independently prepared engineering and technical reports, interviews with suppliers, customers, and competitors, third party analytical systems and audited financial reports. This strategy is subject to the same risks as U.S. fixed income strategies described above, including derivatives and counterparty risk. In addition, it is subject to the special risks for international strategies described below.

- **Emerging Markets Fixed Income 50% Hard Currency / 50% Local Currency Blend.** This strategy seeks high current income and total returns by investing in emerging market fixed income securities, including the debt obligations of public and private sector issuers. The strategy uses fundamental, technical, and relative value analysis, including analysis of security structure, country and political risk, credit, discounted cash flows, and discussions with third parties. Sources of information include primary research, financial news, inspection of corporate activity, research from secondary sources, corporate rating services, company reports and press releases, due diligence meetings with management, court filings, independently prepared engineering and technical reports, interviews with suppliers, customers, and competitors, third party analytical systems and audited financial reports. This strategy is subject to the same risks as U.S. fixed income strategies described above, including derivatives, and counterparty risk. In addition, it is subject to the special risks for international strategies described below.
- **Emerging Markets Fixed Income Total Return.** This strategy seeks high current income and total returns by investing in emerging market fixed income securities, including the debt obligations of public and private sector issuers. The strategy uses fundamental, technical, and relative value analysis, including analysis of security structure, country and political risk, credit, discounted cash flows, and discussions with third parties. Sources of information include primary research, financial news, inspection of corporate activity, research from secondary sources, corporate rating services, company reports and press releases, due diligence meetings with management, court filings, independently prepared engineering and technical reports, interviews with suppliers, customers, and competitors, third party analytical systems and audited financial reports. This strategy is subject to the same risks as U.S. fixed income strategies described above, including derivatives and counterparty risk. In addition, it is subject to the special risks for international strategies described below.
- **Emerging Markets Income Focus.** The objective of this strategy is to seek current income and long-term capital appreciation by investing in emerging markets hard currency sovereign, quasi-sovereign, and corporate debt, all with an emphasis on investment grade. The strategy uses top-down and bottom-up fundamental analysis, including analysis of security structure, country and political risk, credit, discounted cash flows, and discussions with third parties. Sources of information include primary research, financial news, inspection of corporate activity, research from secondary sources, corporate rating services, company

reports and press releases, due diligence meetings with management, court filings, independently prepared engineering and technical reports, interviews with suppliers, customers and competitors, third party analytical systems and audited financial reports. This strategy is subject to the same risks as U.S. fixed income strategies described above, including derivatives and counterparty risk. In addition, it is subject to the special risks for international strategies described below.

- **Emerging Markets Local Currency Absolute Return.** This strategy seeks an absolute return with reduced volatility in the emerging market local currency markets. The strategy's investment approach emphasizes high risk-adjusted carry, diversification, and dynamic currency management to mitigate downside risk. Investments primarily include local currency bonds and foreign exchange.
- **Emerging Markets Local Currency Income.** This strategy seeks high current income and total returns by investing in emerging market fixed income securities, including the debt obligations of public and private sector issuers, denominated in local currency. For this strategy our managers employ fundamental, technical, and relative value analysis, as well as analysis of security structures, country and political risks, proprietary data and analytical systems, credit, discounted cash flows and discussions with third parties.
- **Emerging Markets Opportunistic Credit.** This strategy seeks current income and long-term capital appreciation primarily by investing in corporate and quasi-sovereign emerging markets fixed income assets. The strategy uses top-down and bottom-up fundamental analysis, including analysis of security structure, country and political risk, credit, discounted cash flows, and discussions with third parties. Sources of information include primary research, financial news, inspection of corporate activity, research from secondary sources, corporate rating services, company reports and press releases, due diligence meetings with management, court filings, independently prepared engineering and technical reports, interviews with suppliers, customers, and competitors, third party analytical systems and audited financial reports. This strategy is subject to the same risks as U.S. fixed income strategies described above, including derivatives and counterparty risk. In addition, it is subject to the special risks for international strategies described below.
- **Emerging Markets Opportunistic Credit Investment Grade.** This strategy is a dedicated investment grade version of the TCW Emerging Markets Opportunistic Credit strategy.
- **Emerging Markets Sustainable Income.** The strategy seeks high total return provided by current income and capital appreciation by investing mainly in fixed income securities and instruments giving exposure to emerging markets. The strategy employs a proprietary sustainable investment framework to evaluate and score emerging market issuers, including sovereigns, quasi-sovereigns, and corporates. Factors incorporated in the proprietary research score vary by asset

class and may include indicators linked to the United Nations' Sustainable Development Goals ("SDGs"), countries' per capita income, and momentum analysis, in addition to factors related to climate policy, civil liberties, natural resource protection, gender equality, corporate governance and transparency, corruption, and rule of law, among many other topics.

In addition, the strategy uses top-down and bottom-up fundamental analysis, including analysis of security structure, country and political risk, credit, discounted cash flows, and discussions with third parties. Sources of information include primary research, financial news, inspection of corporate activity, research from secondary sources, corporate rating services, company reports and press releases, due diligence meetings with management, court filings, independently prepared engineering and technical reports, interviews with suppliers, customers, and competitors, third party analytical systems and audited financial reports. This strategy is subject to the same risks as U.S. fixed income strategies described above, including derivatives and counterparty risk. In addition, it is subject to the special risks for international strategies described below.

#### **RISKS FOR INTERNATIONAL STRATEGIES:**

*The following are special risks for international strategies in addition to the risks above for fixed income and equity strategies, excepting those risks related to using leverage or investing in mortgage-backed securities which are not applicable:*

- **emerging market country risk:** the risk that the value of investments will decline due to the greater degree of economic, political, and social instability of emerging market countries as compared to the developed countries.
- **foreign currency risk:** the risk that the value of the investments denominated in foreign currencies will decline in value because the foreign currency has declined in value relative to the U.S. dollar.
- **market disruptions, geopolitical, and physical/natural risk:** market disruption can be caused by economic, financial or political events and factors, including but not limited to, international wars or conflicts (including Russia's military invasion of Ukraine, and any global consequences), geopolitical developments (including trading and tariff arrangements, sanctions and cybersecurity attacks), instability in regions such as Asia, Eastern Europe and the Middle East, terrorism, natural disasters (including earthquakes and significant hydrometeorological hazards) and other unanticipated events. The extent and duration of such events and resulting market disruptions cannot be predicted but could be substantial and could magnify the impact of other risks to investors. These and other similar events could adversely affect the U.S. and foreign financial markets and lead to increased market volatility, reduced liquidity in the securities markets, significant negative impacts on issuers and the markets for certain securities and commodities and/or



government intervention. They may also cause short- or long-term economic uncertainties in the United States and worldwide. As a result, whether or not an investor invests in securities of issuers located in or with significant exposure to the countries directly affected, the value and liquidity of the investments in an account may be negatively impacted. Further, due to closures of certain markets and restrictions on trading certain securities, the value of certain securities held could be significantly impacted, which could lead to those securities being valued at zero.

#### D. BALANCED STRATEGY

- **Core Balanced.** A strategy which consists of an equity component, either the TCW Concentrated Large Cap Growth Strategy or the TCW Relative Value Large Cap Strategy and a fixed income component and seeks to provide high total return from equity and fixed income markets by investing in a managed asset allocation portfolio of high quality stocks and bonds. The risks for the Core Balanced strategy include the principal risks noted above for the fixed income and equities strategies.

#### ITEM 9: DISCIPLINARY INFORMATION

Not Applicable.

#### ITEM 10: OTHER FINANCIAL INDUSTRY ACTIVITIES AND AFFILIATIONS

As a global asset manager with personnel operating out of multiple offices worldwide, we may conduct operations through affiliates that are also subsidiaries of our parent company, The TCW Group, Inc., in other jurisdictions. Some of the services provided to our clients in our Accounts and Funds may from time to time be conducted by, or in conjunction with, TCW Europe Limited ("TCW UK"). TCW UK's investment personnel report to portfolio management teams based in the U.S., are subject to direct oversight by us, and must comply with all of our applicable policies and compliance rules, in addition to local rules and policies. Regardless of where services are conducted, we remain fully responsible to our clients for all of our obligations and for all actions of TCW UK's personnel to the same extent we are responsible for our own actions. There are no additional costs to our clients for advisory services provided by personnel of TCW UK.

**Broker-Dealer.** TCW Funds Distributors LLC ("TFD") is a registered broker-dealer that is affiliated with us. Some of our employees are registered representatives or principals of TFD. These registered representatives and principals may receive compensation from us for selling interests in open- and closed-end commingled investment vehicles that we manage. They do not receive sales commissions from those investment vehicles, unless specifically disclosed.

**Commodities Registrations.** We are registered as a commodity pool operator ("CPO"). TCW Asset Management Company LLC ("TAMCO") and Metropolitan West Asset

Management, LLC (“**MetWest**”) are registered investment advisers that are affiliated with us. TAMCO is also registered as a CPO. Both TAMCO and MetWest are registered as commodity trading advisers (“**CTA**”). Some of our officers are, in turn, registered as “associated persons” of those affiliates that are registered as a CPO or CTA. These associated persons may receive compensation from those affiliates for selling interests in funds or for accounts those affiliates manage. They do not receive sales commissions or other compensation from those funds or accounts, unless specifically disclosed.

**Investment Advisers.** For certain investment strategies, we may retain related registered investment advisers on a fully-disclosed basis. See the Brochure of each of these related investment advisers for additional information about their investment management services.

- Buchanan Street Partners, L.P. (SEC Number: 801-78627; CRD Number: 169052)
- Metropolitan West Asset Management, LLC (SEC Number: 801-53332; CRD Number: 104571)
- Sepulveda Management LLC (SEC Number: 801-108097; CRD Number: 284290)
- TCW Asset Backed Finance Management Company LLC (SEC Number: 801-131265; CRD Number: 332802)
- TCW Asset Management Company LLC (SEC Number: 801-6642; CRD Number: 105742)
- TCW PT Management Company LLC (SEC Number: 801-131519; CRD Number: 333068)

#### **Other Advisers We May Recommend to Clients.**

We from time to time recommend to our clients unaffiliated investment advisers that are not subsidiaries of The TCW Group, Inc. (together “**Non-TCW Advisers**”). The Non-TCW Advisers pay us compensation, including a portion of the management and performance fees that they receive, for any of our clients that invest with the Non-TCW Adviser. This could create the risk that we refer our clients to the Non-TCW Advisers solely to receive the compensation, without consideration of the interests of the client. However, we review each Non-TCW Adviser, as well as their investment strategies and funds that we recommend, to determine that the adviser has appropriate business capability and capacity and that they offer investment alternatives that may not be available from us. We disclose to the clients we refer to Non-TCW Advisers that we are compensated if the client establishes an Account or invests in a Fund of the Non-TCW Adviser.

The following are Non-TCW Advisers we refer our clients to:

- Amundi Group and its subsidiaries

## ITEM 11: CODE OF ETHICS, PARTICIPATION OR INTEREST IN CLIENT TRANSACTIONS AND PERSONAL TRADING

### SUMMARY OF OUR CODE OF ETHICS

Our officers, directors and employees (collectively, “**Personnel**”) are generally subject to our Code of Ethics (the “**Code**”). The Code, which is designed to comply with Rule 204A-1 under the Advisers Act, establishes guidelines for professional conduct and personal trading procedures, including certain pre-clearance and reporting obligations. Personnel and their families and households may purchase investments for their own accounts, including the same investments as may be purchased or sold for a client, subject to the terms of the Code. Under the Code, Personnel are also required to file certain periodic reports with the Adviser’s Chief Compliance Officer as required by Rule 204A-1 under the Advisers Act. The Code helps us detect and prevent potential conflicts of interest.

Personnel who violate the Code may be subject to remedial actions, including, but not limited to, profit disgorgement, fines, censure, demotion, suspension or dismissal. Personnel are also required to promptly report any violation of the Code of which they become aware. Personnel are required to annually certify compliance with the Code.

We will provide a copy of our Code of Ethics to any client or prospective client upon request. Our contact information appears on the first page of this Brochure.

The Code includes:

- **Conduct Principles.** General principles of conduct for employees, and their respective covered persons.
- **Restrictions on Personal Investment.** We maintain restrictions on investment transactions in which our officers, directors and certain other persons have a beneficial interest to avoid any actual or potential conflict or abuse of their fiduciary position. The Code permits personnel subject to the Code to invest in securities, but contains restrictions and procedures designed to eliminate conflicts of interest.
- **Insider Trading Rules.** A policy statement on insider trading that provides generally that none of our officers, directors, or employees (a) may buy or sell a security either for themselves or others while in possession of material non-public information about the company, or (b) communicate material, non-public information to others who have no official need to know. The policy statement provides guidance about what is material non-public information, lists common examples of situations in which our personnel could obtain that information, and describes our procedures regarding securities maintained on our "Restricted Securities List" and for establishing information barriers. It also identifies parties to contact for questions in connection with the requirements of the policy statement.
- **Market Manipulation Policy.** A policy statement on market manipulation that prohibits firm personnel from engaging in any deceptive practice intended to

manipulate the market in an issuer's publicly traded security. The policy statement provides guidance about acts made in connection with legitimate business purposes and prohibitions regarding manipulative practices. The statement identifies possible manipulative acts and requires our personnel to report to our firm any potential transaction that may constitute market manipulation of which they may become aware.

- **Gifts & Entertainment: Anti-Corruption Policy.** A policy statement requiring compliance with our gifts and entertainment rules and applicable anti-corruption laws and rules, including the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act. The policy also prohibits any of our employees from making any gift, payment, or other inducement for the benefit of any person, including a foreign or domestic official, with the intent that the recipient misuses their position to aid our firm in obtaining, retaining or directing business. The policy explains the process by which our personnel may provide or accept gifts and entertainment. It also describes the approval process to engage third-party representatives to act on behalf of our firm. The statement identifies possible anti-corruption compliance "red flags" and requires our personnel and third-party representatives to report to our firm any potential violation of this policy of which they may become aware.
- **Restrictions on Employee Outside Activities.** A policy governing an employee's activities outside of their employment with us, including outside employment, service in any capacity for any non-affiliated company or institution, fiduciary appointments, and serving in any ongoing capacity for any non-investment related organization that is exclusively charitable, fraternal, religious, or civic and is recognized as tax exempt. The policy provides guidance on the approval and reporting of such outside business activities.
- **Restrictions on Political Contributions and Activities.** A policy on political activities and contributions, containing general rules governing contributions and solicitation, responsibility of individuals for personal contribution limits, quarterly reporting of political activities by certain employees and rules for political activities on our premises and for using our resources. The policy further requires employees and their respective covered persons to obtain pre-clearance of political contributions, solicitations, and volunteer activity.
- **Confidentiality Requirements.** Policies governing the confidentiality of our client and business information.
- **Whistleblower Provisions.** A policy stating it is our practice that employees report illegal activity or activities not in compliance with our written policies and procedures, including the Code.

## PARTICIPATION OR INTEREST IN CLIENT TRANSACTIONS

**Transactions Involving Related Persons.** There are broker-dealers and other financial intermediaries and institutions that are controlled by or under common control with TCW. With respect to those related persons:

- We will enter into transactions or services involving related persons only in accordance with applicable laws and where we determine that the transactions or services are being done on an arm's length basis at fees or rates comparable to: (i) those generally available to the related person's other clients and (ii) those available to us in the marketplace from unrelated parties.
- Where required under Section 206(3) of the Advisers Act, and related rules, or Section 17(e) of the Investment Company Act, and related rules, we will obtain client consent prior to effecting transactions with related parties, on a case-by-case basis as required or permitted by law. We have established certain policies and procedures to comply with the requirements of the Advisers Act as they relate to these transactions, including those disclosures required by Section 206 of the Advisers Act be made to the applicable party or parties regarding any proposed principal transactions and that any required prior consent to the transaction be received. Certain Funds we manage specifically authorize transactions with related parties and us, or an affiliate consents to those on behalf of those Funds.
- From time to time, we take the following actions on behalf of our clients, or recommend to our clients that they take such actions:
  - buy or sell securities in which persons related to us have a financial interest;
  - effect transactions through related persons, including broker-dealers acting as principal or as agent for non-clients;
  - buy or sell securities to or from related persons who are broker-dealers;
  - buy or sell securities in which we, parties related to us or our other client's accounts are at the same time effecting a sale or purchase; and
  - effect transactions with brokers that have clearing relationships with related persons who are broker-dealers.

In any transaction with a related party, the related party may receive compensation. Furthermore, we may act as investment adviser for related persons and may act as investment adviser for pension vehicles of related persons. We are restricted under certain circumstances from entering into principal and agency and other transactions with affiliates. We have adopted procedures to identify affiliated brokers, and such procedures are designed generally to prevent the purchase for certain clients of securities issued by certain affiliates. We have also adopted policies and procedures with respect to permitted transactions with our affiliates designed to assure that client interests are not adversely affected.

**Investment Products.** We recommend to or purchase or sell on behalf of clients, securities, or other investment products ("**Investment Products**") in which we, our affiliates or other related persons have a financial interest as the investment manager, general partner or trustee or as a co-investor in such Investment Products. We or our affiliates will receive fees in connection with any such purchase or sale of Investment Products. As a result, we have an incentive to recommend such transactions to our clients in order to receive more fees.

**Consulting and Structuring Fees.** We and our affiliates receive fees from third parties for performing consulting, merger and acquisition structuring or other financial advisory services or acting as directors, officers, or creditors' committee members. These fees can relate to actual, contemplated, or potential investments of our clients. Such fees are retained entirely by our affiliates or us and do not benefit the clients or investors in the Funds.

**Transactions by Different Accounts, Funds and Strategies.** We, from time to time, recommend or enter into for clients of any investment strategy:

- sales of or short positions (if allowed) in securities of an issuer, at the same time other of our or our related investment strategies purchase or continue to hold the same or other securities of the same issuer for those other clients; or
- clients from time to time invest in conjunction with an investment being made by other clients or a client of our affiliate, or in a transaction where another client or client of our affiliate has already made an investment. Conflicts may arise in connection with such investments.

Investment opportunities are from time to time appropriate for more than one client and/or clients of our affiliate at the same, different or overlapping levels of a company's capital structure. Conflicts arise in determining the terms of investments, particularly where these clients may invest in different types of securities in a single portfolio company. Questions arise as to whether payment obligations, covenants and claims should be enforced, modified or waived, whether payments should be accelerated, or whether debt should be refinanced. Decisions about what action should be taken in a troubled situation, including whether or not to enforce claims, whether or not to advocate or initiate a restructuring or liquidation inside or outside of bankruptcy, the terms of any work-out or restructuring or other concessions that may be given in such a situation raise conflicts of interest, and we may be incentivized to choose a course of action that benefits one client to the detriment of another clients. In addition, because different legal rights are associated with debt and equity investments, a conflict of interest arises in respect to the advice given to, and the actions taken on behalf of, a debt-holding client versus an equity-holding client.

Certain our clients and clients of our affiliates may invest in bank debt and securities of companies in which other clients hold securities, including equity

securities. Equity holders and debt holders have different (and often competing) motives, incentives, liquidity goals and other interests with respect to a portfolio company. In the event that such investments are made by a client, the interests of such client will at times conflict with the interest of such other client or client of our affiliate, particularly in circumstances where the underlying company is facing financial distress. In such instances, it may be in the best interest of the client holding debt securities to declare a default, accelerate a loan or take other protective actions, while such actions would harm another client's equity investment in the portfolio company. The involvement of such clients at both the equity and debt levels could inhibit strategic information exchanges among fellow creditors. In certain circumstances, clients or clients of our affiliate may be prohibited from exercising voting or other rights and may be subject to claims by other creditors with respect to the subordination of their interest.

If additional capital is necessary as a result of financial or other difficulties of a portfolio company, or to finance growth or other opportunities, the clients may or may not provide such additional capital, and, if provided, each client will supply such additional capital in such amounts, if any, as determined by us. In the event one client is unable to fund its share of additional capital (e.g., in the event such client does not have sufficient available capital), the other client may be obligated to fund more than its share of such amount. In such event, one client will gain greater exposure to such investment than may have been intended and the other client will be diluted in such investment. The returns of each client may be negatively impacted as a result of the foregoing. Investments by more than one client in a portfolio company also raise the risk of using assets of a client to support positions taken by another client or client of our affiliates, or that a client may remain passive in a situation in which it is entitled to vote.

There may be differences in timing of entry into, or exit from, a portfolio company for reasons such as differences in strategy, existing portfolio or liquidity needs. In addition, where more than one client invests in the same portfolio company, there can be no assurance that such parties will dispose of investments at the same time or on the same terms. Investments disposed of at different times will likely be disposed of at different valuations and, as a result, each client may realize different returns as compared to the same investment held by another client. These variations in timing may be detrimental to a client. In addition, clients may receive different consideration (for instance, one client may receive cash whereas another client may be provided the opportunity to receive distributions in-kind) which may impact the realized return ultimately received by each client.

Finally, in certain circumstances, if more than one client is participating in an investment, one client may bear more than its pro rata share of expenses relating to such investment if the other client or clients does not have the resources to bear such expenses (including, for instance, as a result of insufficient reserves and/or the inability to call capital to cover such expenses).

In such circumstances described above, we could take steps to reduce the potential conflicts of interest between the various clients, including causing a client to take certain actions that, in the absence of such conflict, it would not take (e.g., a client may divest itself of an asset it otherwise may have retained, we may establish information barriers, certain matters may be referred to an advisory committee or a third-party, or a client may only invest in securities that seeks to align the interests with other investing clients). Any such steps could have the effect of benefiting one client or us at the expense of another client.

The application of a Fund's Organizational Documents and the Adviser's policies and procedures are expected to vary based on the particular facts and circumstances surrounding each investment by two or more Funds in different classes of an issuer's capital structure (as well as across multiple issuers or borrowers within the same overall capital structure) and, as such, there may be a degree of variation and potential inconsistencies, in the manner in which potential or actual conflicts are addressed.

In the above circumstances, where we make different or conflicting investment recommendations for different investment strategies, either (i) the involved investment securities are marketable securities, or (ii) if one of the securities is not a marketable security an independent or separate decision-making process is followed between the different or conflicting recommendations. We would make those different or conflicting recommendations for different strategies only when we believed them to be in the best interest of the respective clients and we may be incentivized to make a decision that benefits one strategy over another strategy.

Where different clients hold securities representing different parts of an issuer's capital structure (such as debt versus equity, or secured debt versus unsecured debt), we will endeavor to use independent or separate decision making in an effort to serve the best interests of the clients whose interests can be adverse to each other in that situation. We cannot give any assurances, however, that we will be successful in protecting the interests of all clients those situations, particularly where an investment is distressed. Decisions about what action should be taken in a troubled situation, including whether or not to enforce claims, whether or not to advocate or initiate a restructuring or liquidation inside or outside of bankruptcy, the terms of any work-out or restructuring or other concessions that may be given in such a situation raise conflicts of interest, and we may be incentivized to choose a course of action that benefits one client to the detriment of another client. In addition, because different legal rights are associated with debt and equity investments, a conflict of interest arises in respect to the advice given to, and the actions taken on behalf of, a debt-holding client versus an equity-holding client.

**Other Affiliated Transactions.** Certain of our affiliated mutual funds may participate in joint investment transactions in private placement securities that could be subject to the prohibitions on joint transactions under Section 17(d) of the 1940 Act, but that can be effected under the specific conditions outlined by the SEC's no-action letter issued in 2000



to Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Company. We ensure that these joint transactions are executed in manner that complies with the conditions of that letter and/or other regulatory requirements as well as our policies and procedures and are in the best interest of affiliated mutual funds and their shareholders.

**Securities We Purchase, Hold or Sell.** We, from time to time, recommend, buy or sell securities of issuers in which we or related persons also purchase, hold or sell securities. These securities are either publicly traded or private placements. Our Code described above establishes various procedures with respect to investment transactions in which our related persons have a beneficial interest that are designed to reduce the potential for conflicts of interest.

**Board of Director Memberships.** Our officers or employees from time to time serve as members of the boards of directors of publicly or privately held companies which may be permitted investments of various investment strategies we offer. In these cases, we take steps, such as establishing appropriate “information barrier” procedures or placing the security in question on a restricted list, which may limit or preclude us from purchasing or selling such securities for our clients. Due to these restrictions, a client may not be able to initiate a transaction that they otherwise would have initiated and may not be able to sell and investment it otherwise might have sold, which can have a negative impact on such a client.

## ITEM 12: BROKERAGE PRACTICES

**GENERAL.** We and our affiliates seek to achieve best execution when selecting broker-dealers to execute securities transactions. Generally, this means seeking to achieve the best overall terms for a transaction available under the circumstances by employing an efficient trading process and does not necessarily result in the lowest available price or commission for any particular transaction. Best execution is not easily quantifiable, or definable, because it encompasses many potential factors such as: (i) price; (ii) commission; (iii) speed of execution; (iv) confidentiality/transparency; (v) market depth; (vi) market volatility; (vii) capital commitment; (viii) relationship with broker (including: responsiveness, accuracy, reputation, timeliness, credit strength); (ix) services offered by the broker; (x) access to company information; and (xi) recent order flow. Some or all of these factors may play a role in determining what constitutes best execution. We do not necessarily measure best execution by the circumstances surrounding a single transaction and may seek best execution over time across multiple transactions. Other goals include execution of trades on behalf of clients in a timely and cost-effective manner, fairness to clients, both in priority of order execution and in the allocation of the price obtained in execution of trades, and compliance with client trading related mandates and investment restrictions.

In addition to the general factors that may impact best execution for any security, best execution for fixed income securities is complicated by the unique profile of each individual CUSIP. Accordingly, the approach to best execution for fixed income securities typically

depends on an assessment of a number of factors that may include broker activity in the security and comparable securities, market conditions for comparable securities, the overall liquidity of the security, taking into consideration potential variance of that liquidity in the future, the security's sector, type, structure, tenor/maturity, priority, amortization, coupon, covenants, collateral if any, trading restrictions if any, issue size, and other characteristics, and the issuer's creditworthiness and stability. Fixed income securities may be traded as individual securities or as portfolios. For less liquid fixed income securities, traders may also need to consider potential market or price impact, particularly if the order size is significant relative to the market or a limited number of brokers are making markets in the security.

**EQUITIES.** Transactions in equities are not always executed at the lowest available commission, and we may effect transactions which cause the client to pay a commission in excess of a commission that another broker-dealer would have charged. We do that if we determine that such commission is reasonable in relation to the value of the brokerage and research services we or any client accounts receive.

- **Block Trades.** In an effort to achieve efficiencies in execution and reduce trading costs, we and our affiliates frequently aggregate securities transactions on behalf of a number of accounts at the same time, generally referred to as "*block trades*." When executing block trades, trades will be allocated among accounts using procedures that we consider fair and equitable. Participation of an account in the allocation is based on such considerations as investment objectives, guidelines and restrictions, availability of cash, amount of existing holdings (or substitutes) of the security in the accounts, an eligible account's proximity to our desired target allocation, exposure or weight compared to other eligible accounts, investment horizon and directed brokerage instructions, if applicable. Therefore, there are various reasons why we may decide not to include trades for certain strategies or accounts by us and our affiliates in a block trade for a given day or period. We may also execute securities transactions alongside or interspersed between block orders when we expect that such execution will not interfere with our ability to execute the order in a manner believed to be most favorable to our clients as a whole. Certain strategies, such as the ETFs we manage, may employ different trading strategies, such as market on close or "MOC" orders, and different traders in the same securities as other strategies we and our affiliates manage, which means they would not otherwise participate in a block trade and may use other broker-dealers and obtain different prices. We may exclude trades for accounts that direct brokerage or that are managed in part for tax considerations from block trades.

In some cases, various forms of pro rata allocation are used, and in other cases, random allocation processes are used. However, considerations such as lot size, relative liquidity of the position, existing or targeted account weightings in particular securities, account size, cash availability, diversification requirements and investment objectives, restrictions and time horizons may result in more

particularized allocations. In connection with multi-account purchase or sale programs, and in other circumstances, if practicable, if multiple trades for a specific security are made with the same broker in a single day, those securities are allocated to accounts based on a weighted average purchase or sale price.

- **Trade Rotation.** Regardless of the liquidity level of a security proposed to be traded, all equity accounts will generally be tiered and queued on a rotational basis for executing orders. Tier 1 consists of all Accounts over which we have full discretion for trade execution and settlement; Tier 2 consists of Accounts for which the client has provided a directed-brokerage agreement to us ("Directed Brokerage Account"); and Tier 3 consists of Accounts participating in Wrap or UMA Programs.

For each investment decision that leads to transactions in client Accounts, Accounts in Tier 1 and Tier 2 will typically trade first utilizing a random sequencing methodology. Upon completion of trading accounts in Tier 1 and 2, Accounts in Tier 3 are traded by Sponsors on a randomized basis. A typical rotation for Tier 3 Accounts will place Sponsors of Wrap and UMA Programs in a randomly generated trade rotation to ensure equitable treatment among Accounts. We, or a third-party vendor, will then submit or communicate trade instructions to the first entry in the rotation and then to the next entry, typically until all entries in the rotation have received instructions. Communication of trading instructions to a client in a Wrap Program is generally considered to be complete upon receipt of execution prices. Because of the non-discretionary nature of model portfolios, delivery of a model to a UMA Program is considered complete upon order placement. We, or a third-party vendor, may use another methodology that it believes to be fair, equitable and provides better overall execution. Our client services department maintains information around other deployed methodologies.

- **Allocation of Public Offerings.** We generally share allocations of equity securities in a pro rata fashion based upon assets under management of those accounts eligible to participate in the initial public offering. We may, however, determine not to allocate shares to Accounts or Funds below a certain minimum threshold. Portfolio managers are also required to designate whether their interest in an equity new issue allocation is to establish a long-term position or is for trading purposes, and priority is given to allocations for long-term positions. Our CIO of Equities may determine that the New Issue should be allocated to the Accounts managed by the portfolio manager or team that has been researching the New Issue most extensively. In all other cases, the share allocation among "Position" Equity Accounts and, separately, among "Trade" Equity Accounts will be pro rata based on the AUM of each Equity Account within the two respective groups; provided, however, that the Head of U.S. Equity Trading may determine not to allocate shares to Equity Accounts below a certain de minimis threshold. In that event, such Equity Accounts will not receive any allocations from the New Issue. In addition, fully directed equity accounts will not be allocated shares in initial public offerings.

- **Client Directed Brokerage.** Clients may expressly direct us to place, or set expectations that we place, some or all of the transactions for their accounts with one or more broker-dealers they specify. Clients may do so for several reasons, including offsetting consulting and other fees or participating in a bundled services program. In such circumstances, we may not be able to negotiate commissions, obtain volume discounts or select a broker based on the most favorable price and execution for the transaction. Because of that, such accounts may pay higher commissions than those that do not direct brokerage and may not get best execution. Depending upon the amount of directed brokerage, accounts with directed brokerage instructions may be excluded from block trades and their directed orders will generally be executed following completion of any non-directed trades. As a result, performance results for these accounts may vary from other client accounts we manage in the same strategy. In some instances, the client may direct us to make all or substantially all of their account trades with specific broker-dealers (“*fully directed*” accounts). Fully directed account clients may be required to sign certain acknowledgments, including the fact that such direction regarding brokerage may compromise best execution and that the client’s account may trade after other accounts. Clients may also prohibit us from placing transactions for their accounts with certain broker-dealers. This may prevent us from selecting a restricted broker-dealer even though such broker-dealer may offer a more favorable price and execution for the transaction. Clients should understand that for any amount directed by the Client, it may not be feasible to meet all of the above factors of best execution, as we may be limited in our ability to negotiate/obtain some or all of these factors. In addition, the client may lose the possible advantage that non-designating and unrestricted clients may derive from block trades, utilizing alternative trading venues, or alternative trading techniques for the purchase or sale of a particular security. We require all requests for directed brokerage to be in writing and originate from the client. Generally, we limit directed brokerage to 20% of total commissions for any Account (except wrap fee programs and similar Accounts) but Clients may request directed brokerage in excess of 20%. Any such request must be reviewed and approved by both our Equity Trade Review Committee and our Legal Department and may be subject to additional conditions if approved.
- **Wrap Fee Program Accounts.** In some instances, we provide investment advisory services through a wrap fee and dual contract managed account programs that are sponsored by banks, broker dealers or other investment advisers (“Sponsor”), under which the Sponsor may recommend us or make our services available, pay our investment advisory fee on behalf of the client, monitor and evaluate our performance, execute the client’s portfolio transactions without commission charge or provide any combination of these or other services, all for a single fee paid by the client to the Sponsor. These are commonly known as “*wrap fee*” accounts or programs (“Wrap Programs”). Our investment advisory fee under a Wrap Program may differ from that offered to other clients. In a dual contract

program, we provide investment management services pursuant to an investment management agreement directly with the client. The client separately arranges with the Sponsor for custody, financial advisory and certain trading services to be provided on a bundled fee arrangement.

We also offer non-discretionary investment advice to Sponsors in the form of a model portfolio through Model Delivery/ Unified Managed Account (UMA) Programs. We, or a through a third-party vendor, deliver model portfolio recommendations to the Sponsor for trading by the Sponsor.

In evaluating the Wrap Program, the client should recognize that we do not negotiate brokerage commissions or the execution terms of transactions in the client's account as execution costs are included in the overall fees charged by the program Sponsors or are set as a fixed commission amount per trade by the program Sponsor. Trades are generally executed through the program Sponsor to avoid incremental brokerage costs that would be incurred by use of other brokers. Because of this, we may not be free to seek best price and execution by placing transactions with other brokers. Wrap Account clients should satisfy themselves that the program can provide adequate price and execution of most or all transactions. The clients should also consider that their direction to execute orders through the Wrap Program Sponsor may result in that client receiving execution terms which are less favorable than those of clients who have not made such a direction. The client should also consider that, depending upon the level of the fee charged by the Sponsor, the amount of portfolio activity in the client's account, the value of custodial and other services which are provided, and other factors, the final "all inclusive fee" may exceed the aggregate cost of such services if they were to be provided separately.

- **Client Commissions Used for Research.** When appropriate under its discretionary authority and consistent with its duty to seek best execution, we, from time to time, direct brokerage transactions for accounts to broker-dealers who provide brokerage and research services. In some cases, research is provided directly by an executing broker-dealer ("*direct research providers*") and in other cases, research may be provided by third party research providers such as a non-executing third party broker-dealer or other third-party research service ("*third party research providers*"). Research services furnished by direct research providers or third-party research providers generally may be used for any or all of our clients, as well as clients of affiliated entities, and in some instances may be used for specialty research that benefits only certain of our clients. In addition, research services generally may be used in connection with accounts other than those whose commissions were used to pay for such research services. This may occur for various reasons, including the restrictions or prohibitions applicable to certain clients on the payment of commissions for soft dollars by their accounts, such as those imposed in the European Union by the "Markets in Financial Instruments Directive" and related requirements.

We use an internal allocation procedure to identify those direct research providers who provide us with research services and endeavor to place sufficient transactions with them to ensure the continued receipt of research services we believe are useful. Our procedures also seek to compensate third party research providers that provide us with research by directing executing broker-dealers to cause payments to be made to third party research providers, through cash payments from the executing broker, commission sharing arrangements between the executing broker and a research provider broker or through the use of step-out transactions. A "*step-out transaction*" is a securities trade executed by the executing broker-dealer but settled by the non-executing research broker-dealer permitting the non-executing research broker-dealer to share in the commission. The determination of the broker-dealers to whom commissions are directed generally is made using a system involving the Director of Equity Research, the portfolio managers and/or the research analysts and is periodically reviewed by the Trading Committee. The Director of Equity Research coordinates the evaluation of broker-dealer research services in most instances, taking into account the views of TCW's portfolio managers and analysts.

Research services include items such as reports on industries and companies, economic analyses, review of business conditions and portfolio strategy, and various trading and quotation services. They also include advice from broker-dealers as to the value of securities, availability of securities, availability of buyers, and availability of sellers. In addition, they include recommendations as to purchase and sale of individual securities and timing of transactions.

We maintain records of all services that are provided under client commission arrangements or directly for third-party research. The records include descriptions of research services and products, the costs of these services, and the brokers with whom we have these arrangements. We may receive products or services from broker-dealers that are used for both research services and other purposes, such as corporate administration or marketing ("*mixed use products or services*"). We make a good faith effort to determine the relative proportions of mixed use products or services that may be attributable to research services. The portion attributable to research services may be paid through the allocation of brokerage commissions, and we pay the non-research service portion in cash.

Upon request, we may provide clients with commission reports that show commissions paid to brokers with whom the client's account has traded in a given period. In addition, upon request, we may provide clients with reports that disclose the extent to which commissions paid on a client's account have been used to pay for research services.

We use client brokerage commissions to obtain research or other products or services and receive a benefit because we do not have to pay for the research,

products, or services. We have a conflict of interest in that regard because of our incentive to select or recommend a broker-dealer based on our interest in receiving the research or other products and services, rather than on our clients' interest in trading at the most favorable prices.

- **Commission Rates.** The Equity Trading and Allocation Committee will periodically review and approve any changes to the guidelines used to determine commission rates paid to broker-dealers for equities (other than for directed brokerage orders, discussed above). The guidelines the equity traders will adhere to will vary based on the types of equities traded (domestic, foreign, capitalization), method of trading (full-service brokerage, program trades, electronic communication network or ECN, dark pools, and others), as well as other factors. Both fixed income securities and equity securities may also be purchased from underwriters at prices that include underwriting fees. Because commission rates are fixed in some international markets, we may be unable to negotiate commissions to any meaningful degree in such markets.

**FIXED INCOME.** We take into account such factors as price (including the applicable dealer spread), size of order, and difficulty of execution when executing fixed income trades. Transactions are not always executed at the best available price. Other goals include execution of trades on behalf of clients in a timely and cost-effective manner, fairness to clients, both in priority of order execution and in the allocation of the price obtained in execution of trades, and compliance with client trading related mandates and investment restrictions.

Fixed income securities are generally purchased from the issuer or purchased from/sold through a market maker acting as a principal. Pricing is on a net basis, reflecting a dealer spread within the quote, without an explicitly stated and charged commission. Fixed income securities may also be purchased from underwriters at prices that include underwriting fees. Because of this pricing structure, research, and products and other services are not paid for from trades in fixed income securities.

- **Block Trades.** In an effort to achieve efficiencies in execution and reduce trading costs, we and our affiliates frequently aggregate securities transactions on behalf of a number of accounts at the same time, generally referred to as "*block trades*." When executing block trades, trades will be allocated among accounts using procedures that we consider fair and equitable. Participation of an account in the allocation is based on such considerations as investment objectives, guidelines and restrictions, availability of cash, amount of existing holdings (or substitutes) of the security in the accounts, an eligible account's proximity to our desired target allocation, exposure or weight compared to other eligible accounts, investment horizon and directed brokerage instructions, if applicable. Therefore, there are various reasons why we may decide not to include trades for certain strategies or accounts by us and our affiliates in a block trade for a given day or period. We may also execute securities transactions alongside or interspersed between block

orders when we expect that such execution will not interfere with our ability to execute the order in a manner believed to be most favorable to our clients as a whole. Certain strategies we and our affiliates manage may employ different trading strategies and different traders in the same securities as other strategies we manage, which means they would not otherwise participate in a block trade and may use other broker-dealers and obtain different prices. We may exclude trades for accounts that direct brokerage or that are managed in part for tax considerations from block trades.

In some cases, various forms of pro rata allocation are used, and in other cases, random allocation processes are used. However, considerations such as lot size, relative liquidity of the position, existing or targeted account weightings in particular securities, account size, cash availability, diversification requirements and investment objectives, restrictions and time horizons may result in more particularized allocations. In connection with multi-account purchase or sale programs, and in other circumstances, if practicable, if multiple trades for a specific security are made with the same broker in a single day, those securities are allocated to accounts based on a weighted average purchase or sale price.

- **Allocation of New Issues.** For new issues of fixed income securities, various forms of pro rata allocations among eligible accounts are generally used, and in other cases, other allocation processes that we consider appropriate, including random allocation processes are used. If a small amount of par value is allocated to us, we may allocate disproportionately, taking into consideration lot size, existing or targeted account weightings in particular securities and/or sectors, account size, diversification requirements and investment objectives/restrictions.
- **Client Directed Brokerage.** We may not be able to obtain volume discounts or negotiate price with a broker for accounts that direct brokerage. Because of that, such accounts may not get best execution. Accounts with directed brokerage instructions may be excluded from block trades and their directed orders will generally be executed following completion of any non-directed trades. As a result, performance results for these accounts may vary from other client accounts we manage in the same strategy. In some instances, the client may direct us to make all or substantially all of their account trades with specific broker-dealers (“*fully directed*” accounts). Fully directed account clients may be required to sign certain acknowledgments, including the fact that such direction regarding brokerage may compromise best execution and that the client’s account may trade after other accounts. Our fixed income strategies typically do not participate in directed brokerage.

**CROSS-TRADES.** We may seek to adjust or rebalance Account and Fund portfolios by effecting transactions between or among those portfolios, which are commonly referred to as “cross-trades,” (for example, by causing an Account to sell securities to one or more other Accounts). We will effect a cross-trade for an Account or Fund only if we believe that



the transaction would be in the best interests of all participating clients, and the cross-trade would not be prohibited by the Account or Fund agreements, firm policy or applicable law. As of September 8, 2022, effecting cross trades in fixed income securities on behalf of a Mutual Fund is expressly prohibited. Nevertheless, for cross-trades involving equity securities or cross-trades of fixed income securities between Accounts and Funds, in effecting these cross-trades, we seek to improve the overall quality of the transaction for participating Accounts and Funds compared to what we believe could be achieved through a transaction with the market. Improvements could include reduced transaction costs, lower market impact or improved execution certainty and quality. All such cross-trades will be consistent with the investment objectives and policies of each Account or Fund involved in the trades in addition to our firm policies. However, cross-trades present an inherent potential conflict of interest because we or an affiliate represent the interests of both the selling party and the buying party in the same transaction. As a result, Account portfolios for whom we execute cross-trades bear the risk that one participating client in the cross-trade is treated more favorably by us than another participating client, particularly in cases where the participating client pays us a higher management or performance-based fee. Additionally, there is a risk that the price of a security or other instrument bought or sold through the cross-trade is not as favorable as it might have been had the trade been executed in the open market or that a participating client receives a security that is difficult to dispose of in a market transaction. This could happen, for example, if market quotations used to determine the cross-trade price do not reflect the price that would be obtained in an actual market transaction. To address these and other concerns with cross-trades, we require that cross-trades to be effected at the independent current market price.

For securities that trade on an exchange, the independent current market price is the last reported sales price on the principal exchange on which the security trades or, if no sales were reported on that day, the average of the highest current independent bid and lowest current independent offer for such security. For securities and other investments that do not trade on an exchange (excluding municipal securities), the independent current market price is determined by taking the average of the highest bid and the lowest offer obtained from three brokers. Municipal securities are priced at the price specified by the independent pricing vendor. In addition, fixed income securities for which there are no bid and ask prices available or where those prices are not considered to be reliable, are priced for cross trades using the price specified by the independent pricing vendor.

If a Mutual Fund is one of the participants, then the price and other terms would comply with additional requirements under Rule 17a-7 adopted under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. The Accounts or Funds involved in cross-trades will not pay any brokerage commissions or mark-ups in connection with the trades but may reimburse their custodian or broker-dealer for any customary costs and/or transfer fees. Effective September 8, 2022, no fixed-income securities, with the exception of municipal securities (or any other securities for which we can obtain readily available price quotations), are permitted in a cross-trade between Mutual Funds, or between a Mutual Fund and any other Account or Fund.

We prohibit broker-dealer interposed cross trades (i.e., the selling of a security to a broker-dealer followed by the repurchase of the security from the same broker-dealer for another client account).

We do not engage in “agency cross-trades.” In certain limited circumstances, we may sell securities to or purchase securities from our clients’ Account as principal, which are commonly referred to as “principal trades.” We will only engage in principal trades with client consent and if permitted by and in accordance with the applicable laws and the rules and regulations promulgated by the SEC.

**AFFILIATED BROKER-DEALERS.** Broker-dealers selected may include broker-dealers in which clients or their affiliates, or indirectly we or our affiliates, have some financial interest.

### **ITEM 13: REVIEW OF ACCOUNTS**

Our Accounts and Funds are divided among investment professionals according to the investment strategy of the portfolio. Portfolios are typically monitored and reviewed by the investment personnel who handle the strategy on an ongoing basis. The details of the monitoring vary based on the nature of the investment strategy.

In addition to review by the investment professionals handling the strategy, the Investment Risk & Quantitative Research Group provides independent investment risk management oversight across multiple asset classes. This group supports cross-asset market risk management, performance decomposition and attribution, security and portfolio analytics, derivatives risk management, and quantitative research to enhance investment risk management across multiple asset classes.

Separately, our investment operations and investment compliance functions perform account monitoring and review. Such review may include daily, monthly, or quarterly reviews of transactions and guidelines. In addition, our client services, investment compliance, compliance and legal groups periodically review client guidelines, discuss modifications to guidelines, and agree on guideline interpretation. Our client services group provides monthly client statements that displays performance against the benchmark, valuation of the account, and transactions for the time period, as well as detailed summary characteristics of the portfolio. The quarterly review materials include a market overview, positioning and outlook as well as qualitative attribution.

Our Portfolio Analytics Committee, a combined team including senior members of our portfolio analytics group, investment, legal, and compliance personnel, review quarterly and as needed, on an exception basis, the performance analytics for each marketable security investment strategy. This Committee focuses on changes or shifts to investment style and anomalous results, as well as quantitative metrics, including performance, historical trends, and risk profiles. If necessary, the team holds additional formal or informal meetings with individual investment professionals to further review their

respective strategy in order to gain a deeper understanding of the fundamental drivers of the performance metrics. Our Portfolio Analytics Committee also convenes for the purpose of approving changes to investment composites, benchmarks, portfolio management teams, and substantive changes which may have an impact on investment composites and maintaining compliance with GIPS Standards.

The Fixed Income Trading and Allocation Committee and the Equity Trading and Allocation Committee provide a formal periodic forum for the review of the equity and fixed income trading activities on behalf of client accounts. These Committees meet quarterly and more frequently as needed. Relevant topics may include broker concentrations; broker commissions; new approved brokers and suspension of brokers; directed brokerage; trade analysis; performance dispersion; allocation of new issues; trade exceptions, broker fails, best execution and the use of commissions for research. Committee members include certain portfolio managers, one or more representatives of the trading desks and senior members of our operations, compliance, and legal departments. Equity trading and allocation issues are also monitored by independent consultant, Abel Noser.

In addition, investment activities for certain alternative investment strategies are reviewed quarterly and more frequently as needed. Participants in the review may include members of the investment committee for the strategy, senior portfolio management personnel from the investment strategy, members of legal and compliance teams and/or other personnel as appropriate.

We employ multiple lines of accountability to identify and mitigate operational and other non-investment related risks. Foremost, each business vertical is primarily responsible for identifying and managing the risks that arise within their divisions. Our compliance team monitors the business units' controls to independently evaluate adherence to applicable law and internal policies. We also obtain annually an independently prepared prepare an annual SOC 1 report for certain Funds, pursuant to which our independent auditors confirm that our controls are designed and operating effectively.

In addition, key risk areas are also subject to review and escalation within our TCW committee structure. TCW maintains a number of committees, staffed in a multi-disciplinary fashion, that oversee risk identification, mitigation, and escalation for key risk areas for the firm. For example, TCW maintains separate committees staffed by individuals across the firm that review investment, operational, product, human capital, and sustainable investing related risks. Many of these "senior" level committees have a number of sub-committees that identify, mitigate, and escalate risks in specialized areas. For example, the Information Security Committee escalates risks and incidents to the Operating Risk Committee, which, in turn, escalates risks and incidents to the Enterprise Risk Committee, which is staffed by executive officers of the firm and reports to the Operating Committee, chaired by our CEO.

**ITEM 14: CLIENT REFERRALS AND OTHER COMPENSATION**

**Referrals.** From time to time, we pay a non-affiliated third-party (“Solicitor”) a fee or compensation for referral to us of a prospective client in a separate account or prospective investor in a private fund. The Solicitor is required to provide prospective clients and investors with certain information at the time of the referral. The Solicitor must clearly and prominently state that compensation was provided for the referral and identify the conflicts of interest associated with the referral relationship. In addition, the Solicitor must direct prospective clients and investors where they can find additional disclosures regarding the material terms of any compensation arrangement, including a description of the compensation provided for the referral and a description of the conflicts of interest on the part of the Solicitor. We oversee these referral arrangements to ensure that they meet the requirements of Rule 206(4)-1 under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940.

At times we pay persons affiliated with us a fee or compensation for referring to us a prospective client in a separate account or a prospective investor in a private fund. Those persons are not required to provide the disclosures referenced above but are still subject to oversight by us. Such persons will disclose the nature of their affiliation with us at the time they solicit a prospective client or investor.

**Other Compensation.** We pay from time to time a portion of the cost of conferences, seminars, and other activities we attend that are sponsored by consultants.

**ITEM 15: CUSTODY**

**Accounts.** Due to certain arrangements, we may be deemed to have “custody” of client accounts within the meaning of Rule 206(4)-2 under the Advisers Act because we may have access to or authority over client funds and securities for purposes other than issuing trading instructions. We do not serve in a custodian role for Funds registered under the 1940 Act. If we are deemed to have custody over an account, the custodian will send the client investor periodic account statements (generally on a quarterly basis) indicating the amounts of any funds or securities in the account as of the end of the statement period and any transactions in the account during the statement period. Clients should review these statements carefully. Additionally, a client should contact us immediately if he or she does not receive account statements from the custodian on at least a quarterly basis. As noted in Item 13, above, we may provide a client, separately, with reports or account statements providing information about the account. A client should compare these carefully to the account statements received from the custodian. If a client should discover any discrepancy between the account statements, please contact us immediately.

Except in very limited circumstances where we agree otherwise, we will not be considered to have custody of a client’s cash or assets for purposes of the custody rule specified above. Our authority under a client agreement to transfer cash or assets to a client’s own account(s) pre-authorized by the client with its custodian would not be regarded as custody. Also, our authority under a client agreement to transfer cash or assets for

settlement of transactions or to post collateral for transactions would not be regarded as custody. If, notwithstanding our absence of authority in our client agreement to make those transfers, the client's custody agreement with its broker or bank gives us greater authority that may result in custody, we may send a letter to the custodian disclaiming that additional authority, which we would regard as effective to limit our authority and to avoid our being deemed to have custody of a client's account assets for regulatory purposes.

## ITEM 16: INVESTMENT DISCRETION

We enter into written agreements for each Account and Fund that we manage that state our discretion to manage the Account or Fund. We typically have discretionary authority for the investments of these Accounts and Funds, subject to specific investment guidelines and restrictions of those agreements. We enter into these agreements after legal and compliance review on our behalf. Advice is provided consistent with such agreements.

## ITEM 17: VOTING CLIENT SECURITIES

The following is a summary of our Global Portfolio Proxy Voting Policy and procedures (the "**Policy**"). A copy of our Policy is available on our website at [tcw.com](http://tcw.com). We will also provide a copy our Policy to any client or prospective client upon request. Engagement and active ownership are integral components of our research and investment processes, as we seek to deliver on our clients' financial objectives. We are guided by our role as fiduciaries and have implemented our active ownership practices in pursuit of strong financial performance. This Policy applies to all discretionary accounts over which we have proxy voting responsibility or an obligation to provide proxy voting guidance with respect to the holdings we advise.

### Proxy Voting Procedures

We will make every reasonable effort to execute on proxy votes on behalf of our clients prior to the applicable deadlines. However, we often rely on third parties, including custodians and clients, for the timely provision of proxy ballots. We may be unable to execute on proxy votes if we do not receive requisite materials with sufficient time to review and process them. For proxies of non-U.S. companies, although it may be both difficult and costly to vote proxies, we make every reasonable effort to vote such proxies.

**Proxy Committee.** In order to carry out its fiduciary responsibilities in the voting of proxies for our clients, we have established a proxy voting committee (the "**Proxy Committee**"). The Proxy Committee generally meets quarterly (or at such other frequency as determined by the Proxy Committee), and its duties include establishing and maintaining the Policy, overseeing the internal proxy voting process, and reviewing proxy voting proposals and issues that may not be covered by the Policy.

**Proxy Voting Services.** We also use outside proxy voting services (each an "**Outside Service**") to help manage the proxy voting process. An Outside Service facilitates our

voting according to the Policy (or, if applicable, according to guidelines submitted by our clients) by providing proxy research, an enhanced voting technology solution, and record keeping and reporting system(s). To supplement our own research and analysis in determining how best to vote a particular proxy proposal, we may utilize research, analysis or recommendations provided by the proxy voting service on a case-by-case basis. We do not as a policy follow the assessments or recommendations provided by the proxy voting service without our own determination and review. Under specified circumstances described below involving potential conflicts of interest, an Outside Service may also be requested to help decide certain proxy votes. In those instances, the Proxy Committee shall review and evaluate the voting recommendations of such Outside Service to ensure that recommendations are consistent with our clients' best interests.

**Sub-Adviser.** If we have retained the services of a Sub-adviser to provide day-to-day portfolio management for a portfolio, we may delegate proxy voting authority to the Sub-Adviser; provided that the Sub-Adviser either (1) follows our Policy; or (2) has demonstrated that its proxy voting policies and procedures are in the best interests of our clients and appear to comply with governing regulations. We also shall be provided the opportunity to review a Sub-Adviser's proxy voting policies and procedures as deemed necessary or appropriate by us.

**Conflicts of Interest.** In the event a potential conflict of interest arises in the context of voting proxies for our clients, we will cast our votes according to the Policy or any applicable guidelines provided by our clients. In cases where a conflict of interest exists and there is no predetermined vote, the Proxy Committee will vote the proposals in a manner consistent with established conflict of interest procedures.

**Proxy Voting Information and Recordkeeping.** Upon request, we provide proxy voting records to our clients. We shall disclose the present policy as well as the results of its implementation (including, the way we have voted) on our website in accordance with applicable law. In general, we will comply with voting transparency requirements applicable to asset managers provided by the applicable law. We or an Outside Service will keep records of the following items: (i) the Policy and any other proxy voting procedures; (ii) proxy statements received regarding client securities (unless such statements are available on the SEC's Electronic Data Gathering, Analysis, and Retrieval (EDGAR) system); (iii) records of votes cast on behalf of clients (if maintained by an Outside Service, that Outside Service will provide copies of those records promptly upon request); (iv) records of written requests for proxy voting information and our response; and (v) any documents prepared by us that were material to making a decision how to vote, or that memorialized the basis for the decision. Additionally, we or an Outside Service will maintain any documentation related to an identified material conflict of interest.

We or an Outside Service will maintain these records in an easily accessible place for at least seven years from the end of the fiscal year during which the last entry was made on such record. For the most recent two years, we or an Outside Service will store such records at our or its principal office.

**CLASS ACTION NOTICES AND PROOFS OF CLAIM**

From time to time, securities that our clients have owned are the subject of class action lawsuits. Generally, holders of securities within a given class period are entitled to participate in the recovery or settlement in a class action lawsuit by filing a proof of claim. All class members normally are bound by a court-approved settlement or judgment in a class action unless they have filed with the court or claims administrator a timely notice choosing to opt-out of the settlement.

We view the decision to file of a proof of claim in class actions as a corporate action that normally is to be performed by the custodian for our client. In addition, the decision to elect to opt out of a settlement is an individual decision to be made by our client.

Normally, custodians will receive notices of rights to participate in, or opt out of class action settlements. We sometimes receive such notices and have adopted procedures to assist our clients in the performance of class action processing functions. Our actions and responsibilities with respect to class action matters will depend on the role we have with respect to the client.

**ITEM 18: FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

Not applicable.



## ATTACHMENT 1 MATERIAL CHANGES

We have made the following material changes to this Brochure since our annual Amendment filed March 28, 2024.

### ITEM 4: ADVISORY BUSINESS

**Assets Under Management.** We have updated our assets under management to December 31, 2024. At that time, we had \$40,149,916,771 in discretionary assets under management and \$0 in non-discretionary assets under management.

### ITEM 5: FEES AND COMPENSATION

We have added an additional disclosure on non-standard fees for Accounts.

**TCW Funds, Inc.** We removed these mutual funds which we no longer offer: TCW Enhanced Commodity Strategy Fund; TCW High Yield Bond Fund; TCW Short Term Bond Fund; TCW Artificial Intelligence Equity Fund; TCW New American Premier Equities Fund; and TCW Relative Value Dividend Appreciation Fund. We added these two mutual funds: TCW Central Cash Fund; and TCW White Oak Emerging Markets Equity Fund. We have updated the names for the TCW Total Return Bond Fund and TCW Select Equities Fund to the TCW Securitized Bond Fund and the TCW Concentrated Large Cap Growth Fund, respectively.

**TCW ETF TRUST.** We have added all of the current ETFs we offer through the TCW ETF Trust. We have noted the updated ticker for the TCW Transform Systems ETF.

**TCW UCITS.** We have revised the names of some of our UCITS funds. We removed TCW Relative Value Sustainable US Equities and TCW Select Sustainable Equities Fund as we no longer offer them.

**Separate Accounts. Fixed Income Strategies.** We removed these strategies that we no longer offer: Alpha Trak; Enhanced Commodity; Opportunistic MBS; and Specialized Cash. We have modified our fees for Global Fixed Income. **Equities.** We renamed Concentrated Core to Concentrated Large Cap Growth. **International Strategies.** We removed these strategies that we no longer offer: Emerging Markets Opportunistic Credit High Yield; and EMFI Quality Sovereign/Quasi Sovereign. We have modified our fees for the following strategies: Emerging Markets Local Currency Absolute Return; Emerging Markets Local Currency Income; Emerging Markets Opportunistic Credit; and Emerging Markets Opportunistic Credit Investment Grade. **Managed Accounts Division.** We renamed Concentrated Core to Concentrated Large Cap Growth.

**Other expenses in connection with Accounts and Funds.** We note that a description of the expenses payable by Accounts and Funds are in their respective governing documents or offering material. We have added additional disclosures on allocating expenses.

### ITEM 6: PERFORMANCE-BASED FEES AND SIDE-BY-SIDE MANAGEMENT

We have updated our disclosures on conflicts of interest related to performance fees.



## ITEM 7: TYPES OF CLIENTS

We have noted that minimum account size may be waived.

**Fixed Income Strategies.** We have modified the minimum amount required for the Bank Loans strategy. **Equities.** We renamed Concentrated Core to Concentrated Large Cap Growth. **International Strategies.** We removed these strategies that we no longer offer: Emerging Markets Opportunistic Credit High Yield; and EMFI Quality Sovereign/Quasi Sovereign. We have modified the minimum amount for many of our international strategies.

## ITEM 8: METHODS OF ANALYSIS, INVESTMENT STRATEGIES AND RISK OF LOSS

**Separate Accounts. Fixed Income Strategies.** We removed these strategies that we no longer offer: Alpha Trak; Enhanced Commodity; Opportunistic MBS; and Specialized Cash. We clarified the Core Fixed Income strategy invests across the investment grade U.S. fixed income sectors. We have removed the section on proprietary quantitative models for analyzing certain fixed income sectors. We updated our section on the methods and sources for analysis for international fixed income strategies, particularly in relation to sustainable investing. **Equities.** We renamed Concentrated Core to Concentrated Large Cap Growth. We updated our description of the Global Premier Sustainable Equities strategy. **International Strategies.** We removed these strategies that we no longer offer: Emerging Markets Opportunistic Credit High Yield; and EMFI Quality Sovereign/Quasi Sovereign. We updated the summaries for these strategies: Emerging Markets Local Currency Absolute Return; Emerging Markets Opportunistic Credit; and Emerging Markets Sustainable Income.

**Risks.** We revised our Cybersecurity Risks, Public Health Emergency Risks, Sustainable Investing Risks, and Issuer Risks. We added these risks: Non-Traditional Material Factor Risks, Artificial Intelligence Risks, and Benchmark Risks.

## ITEM 10: OTHER FINANCIAL INDUSTRY ACTIVITIES AND AFFILIATIONS

We add the following affiliated and SEC registered investment advisors: TCW Asset Backed Finance Management Company LLC; and TCW PT Management Company LLC.

## ITEM 11: CODE OF ETHICS, PARTICIPATION OR INTEREST IN CLIENT TRANSACTIONS AND PERSONAL TRADING

**Summary of Our Code of Ethics.** We have generally revised this section, including the addition of a summary of our policy statement on market manipulation.

**Participation or Interest in Client Transactions.** We have noted that we or our affiliates receive fees in connection with the purchase or sale of Investment Products and the conflict of interest it raises. We provided additional disclosures on transactions by different accounts, funds and strategies, including conflicts of interest and how they are handled. We have disclosed a risk related to board of directorship memberships and information barriers.

**Other Affiliated Transactions.** We have disclosed our potential participation in joint investment transactions and our compliance with the SEC no-action letter issued in 2000 to Mass Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Company.



## **ITEM 12: BROKERAGE PRACTICES**

**Trade Rotation.** We replaced our disclosure on order sequencing for trades with a disclosure on our policy and procedures for trade rotation.

**Commission Rates.** We have noted the Equity Trading and Allocation Committee will periodically review and approve changes to the guidelines to determine commission rates.

**Cross-Trades.** We have noted that we do not engage in “agency cross-trades.”

## **ITEM 13: REVIEW OF ACCOUNTS**

We revised this section to address our revised risk management policies, including lines of accountability and the process for review and escalation of key risks areas. We have noted the standard reporting provided to clients for their accounts.

## **ITEM 17: VOTING CLIENT SECURITIES**

**Proxy Voting Information and Recordkeeping.** We have clarified what we provide to client requests. We revised our recordkeeping period, previously five years to seven years.



## Section II    Form ADV, Part 2B (the “Brochure Supplement”)

March 1, 2025

# Table of Contents

Strategy	Portfolio Manager(s)
TCW Balanced Managed Accounts	Brandon D. Bond, CFA . . . . . 2 Bo Fifer, CFA. . . . . 6 Ruben Hovhannisyan, CFA. . 8 Brian McNamara . . . . . 10
TCW Concentrated Large Cap Growth	Brandon D. Bond, CFA . . . . . 2 Bo Fifer, CFA. . . . . 6 Brian McNamara . . . . . 10
TCW New America Premier Equities Managed Accounts	David Epstein, CFA. . . . . 4 Eli Horton. . . . . 7
TCW Relative Value Balanced Managed Accounts	Iman Brivanlou, PhD . . . . . 3 Ruben Hovhannisyan, CFA. . 8 Diane E. Jaffee, CFA. . . . . 9 Matthew J. Spahn . . . . . 11
TCW Relative Value Large Cap	Iman Brivanlou, PhD . . . . . 3 Diane E. Jaffee, CFA. . . . . 9 Matthew J. Spahn . . . . . 11
TCW Relative Value Mid Cap	Iman Brivanlou, PhD . . . . . 3 Mona E. Eraiba . . . . . 5 Diane E. Jaffee, CFA . . . . . 9

**Item 1: Cover Page**

October 22, 2024



**Brandon D. Bond, CFA**

TCW Investment Management Company LLC (each called “Us”)  
515 South Flower Street | Los Angeles, California 90071 | 213 244 0000 | [www.tcw.com](http://www.tcw.com)

This Brochure Supplement provides information about Brandon D. Bond that supplements our brochure(s). You should have received a copy of that brochure from each of us that manages your account(s). Please contact us at [advpartII@tcw.com](mailto:advpartII@tcw.com) if you did not receive our brochure(s) or if you have any questions about the contents of this supplement.

**Item 2: Educational Background And Business Experience**

Brandon Bond is a Portfolio Manager for the Concentrated Large Cap Growth investment strategy, including the TCW Concentrated Large Cap Growth Fund. Previously, he was a Senior Analyst for the strategy with generalist research responsibilities. Prior to joining the Concentrated Large Cap Growth group in 2009, he was a Senior Equity Analyst on the Equity Research team covering the financial services sector. He first joined TCW in 2003 as part of the firm’s Summer Associate Program. He rejoined the firm full-time in 2004 after completing his MBA in Finance and Accounting from the UCLA Anderson School of Management where he was a Student Investment Fund Fellow and Edward W. Carter Fellow. Prior to business school, he worked as a consultant in Accenture’s Electronics and High-Tech Practice. Mr. Bond graduated Summa Cum Laude from Brigham Young University with a BA in Marketing Communications and minors in Business Management and Japanese. Mr. Bond is a Chartered Financial Analyst charterholder (“CFA”). The prerequisites/experience for a CFA is either: (i) undergraduate degree and four years of professional experience involving investment decision-making, or (ii) four years qualified work experience (full time, but not necessarily investment related). Charterholders must also complete 250 hours of self-study for each of three levels and pass an exam for each level.

Date of birth: 1975.

**Item 3: Disciplinary Information**

There are no disciplinary items to report.

**Item 4: Other Business Activities**

None.

**Item 5: Additional Compensation**

We compensate Mr. Bond for his investment advisory services, a portion of which may be based on the assets under management of the strategies he manages. Those assets can change with (i) fluctuations in their market value, (ii) client contributions and withdrawals, and (iii) new accounts.

**Item 6: Supervision**

Mr. Bond is directly supervised by Michael Reilly, Chief Investment Officer – U.S. Equities, who may be contacted at (213) 244-0000. Mr. Bond’s investment activities are normally reviewed at our quarterly Portfolio Analytics Committee meeting by a combined team led by members of our portfolio analytics and risk departments. This Committee, comprised of members of our executive management, compliance, legal, portfolio analytics, and risk teams, reviews investment activities and portfolio analytics with a focus on changes or shifts to investment style, as well as quantitative metrics, including performance, historical trends, and risk profiles. Additionally, some members of this Committee also meet independently with Mr. Bond, normally on a quarterly basis, to provide him with a comprehensive look at the performance and statistical trends of his investment strategies as well as how those strategies compare to their peer group. Separately, our compliance and risk functions perform monitoring and review, including daily transaction reviews for marketable securities strategies.

## Item 1: Cover Page

October 22, 2024



## Iman H. Brivanlou, PhD

TCW Investment Management Company LLC (each called “Us”)  
515 South Flower Street | Los Angeles, California 90071 | 213 244 0000 | [www.tcw.com](http://www.tcw.com)

This Brochure Supplement provides information about Iman H. Brivanlou that supplements our brochure(s). You should have received a copy of that brochure from each of us that manages your account(s). Please contact us at [advpartII@tcw.com](mailto:advpartII@tcw.com) if you did not receive our brochure(s) or if you have any questions about the contents of this supplement.

### Item 2: Educational Background And Business Experience

Dr. Iman Brivanlou heads TCW’s Income Equities group. He is a Portfolio Manager of the Relative Value, High Dividend, Real Estate, Low Volatility and Market Neutral equity strategies. He is also the chairman of TCW’s Proxy Committee. He joined TCW in 2006 as an Analyst in the Equity Research group. His research coverage has spanned the real estate, insurance, business services, transportation, and consumer staples sectors. Prior to TCW, he developed and tested quantitative models aimed at predicting the sizes of catalyst “events” using option pricing for Kayne Anderson, a hedge fund in Century City. He is involved in a number of philanthropic activities and serves on the L.A. Opera Board of Directors, a position that he has held since 2015. Dr. Brivanlou was a Howard Hughes post-doctoral fellow in Molecular Neurobiology at the Salk Institute in La Jolla. He holds a BS in Physics from Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT), a PhD in Computational Neuroscience from Harvard University, and an MBA in Finance and Strategy from the UCLA Anderson School of Management.

Date of birth: 1971.

### Item 3: Disciplinary Information

There are no disciplinary items to report.

### Item 4: Other Business Activities

None.

### Item 5: Additional Compensation

We compensate Dr. Brivanlou for his investment advisory services, a portion of which is based on the assets under management of the strategies he manages. Those assets can change with (i) fluctuations in their market value, (ii) client contributions and withdrawals, and (iii) new accounts.

### Item 6: Supervision

Dr. Brivanlou is directly supervised by Michael Reilly, Chief Investment Officer – U.S. Equities, who may be contacted at (213) 244-0000. Dr. Brivanlou’s investment activities are normally reviewed at our quarterly Portfolio Analytics Committee meeting by a combined team led by members of our portfolio analytics and risk departments. This Committee, comprised of members of our executive management, compliance, legal, portfolio analytics, and risk teams, reviews investment activities and portfolio analytics with a focus on changes or shifts to investment style, as well as quantitative metrics, including performance, historical trends, and risk profiles. Additionally, some members of this Committee also meet independently with Dr. Brivanlou, normally on a quarterly basis, to provide him with a comprehensive look at the performance and statistical trends of his investment strategies as well as how those strategies compare to their peer group. Separately, our compliance and risk functions perform monitoring and review, including daily transaction reviews for marketable securities strategies.

**Item 1: Cover Page**

October 1, 2024



**David Epstein, CFA**

TCW Investment Management Company LLC (each called “Us”)  
515 South Flower Street | Los Angeles, California 90071 | 213 244 0000 | [www.tcw.com](http://www.tcw.com)

This Brochure Supplement provides information about David Epstein that supplements our brochure(s). You should have received a copy of that brochure from each of us that manages your account(s). Please contact us at [advpartII@tcw.com](mailto:advpartII@tcw.com) if you did not receive our brochure(s) or if you have any questions about the contents of this supplement.

**Item 2: Educational Background And Business Experience**

David Epstein is a Portfolio Manager and Senior Equity Analyst. Mr. Epstein is Co-Portfolio Manager of the TCW New America Premier Equities strategy, TCW Compounders ETF (ticker: GRW), and TCW Global Premier Sustainable Equities Fund. His analyst coverage responsibilities include consumer staples, transports, homebuilders/household durables, and business and consumer services. Prior to joining TCW, Mr. Epstein was an Associate Director and Equity Analyst at First Republic Investment Management from 2012 to 2014. While attending the UCLA Anderson School of Management, Mr. Epstein interned with TCW’s Equity Research group. Prior to earning his MBA, Mr. Epstein worked as a Research Associate at Wedbush Securities from 2007 to 2010 and as a Research Analyst at William O’Neil & Co. from 2006 to 2007. Mr. Epstein holds a BS in Business Administration from the University of Redlands and an MBA, with an emphasis in Investment Management, from the UCLA Anderson School of Management. Mr. Epstein is a Chartered Financial Analyst charterholder (“CFA”). The prerequisites/experience for a CFA is either: (i) undergraduate degree and four years of professional experience involving investment decision making, or (ii) four years qualified work experience (full time, but not necessarily investment related). Charterholders must also complete 250 hours of self-study for each of three levels and pass an exam for each level.

Date of birth: 1984.

**Item 3: Disciplinary Information**

There are no disciplinary items to report.

**Item 4: Other Business Activities**

None.

**Item 5: Additional Compensation**

We compensate Mr. Epstein for his investment advisory services, a portion of which may be based on the assets under management of the strategies he manages. Those assets can change with (i) fluctuations in their market value, (ii) client contributions and withdrawals, and (iii) new accounts.

**Item 6: Supervision**

Mr. Epstein is directly supervised by Michael Reilly, Group Managing Director, who may be contacted at (213) 244-0000. Mr. Epstein’s investment activities are normally reviewed at our quarterly Portfolio Analytics Committee meeting by a combined team led by members of our portfolio analytics and risk departments. This Committee, comprised of members of our executive management, compliance, legal, portfolio analytics, and risk teams, reviews investment activities and portfolio analytics with a focus on changes or shifts to investment style, as well as quantitative metrics, including performance, historical trends, and risk profiles. Additionally, some members of this Committee also meet independently with Mr. Epstein, normally on a quarterly basis, to provide him with a comprehensive look at the performance and statistical trends of his investment strategies as well as how those strategies compare to their peer group. Separately, our compliance and risk functions perform monitoring and review, including daily transaction reviews for marketable securities strategies.

**Item 1: Cover Page**

December 1, 2023



**Mona E. Eraiba**

TCW Investment Management Company LLC (each called “Us”)  
1251 Avenue of the Americas | Suite 4700 | New York, New York 10020 | 212 771 0000 | [www.tcw.com](http://www.tcw.com)

This Brochure Supplement provides information about Mona E. Eraiba that supplements our brochure(s). You should have received a copy of that brochure from each of us that manages your account(s). Please contact us at [advpartII@tcw.com](mailto:advpartII@tcw.com) if you did not receive our brochure(s) or if you have any questions about the contents of this supplement.

**Item 2: Educational Background And Business Experience**

Mona Eraiba, Senior Analyst, is responsible for the communication services and health care services sectors. In 2020 and 2022 (tied with Bo Fifer), Ms. Eraiba earned the group’s highest merit bonus based on stock selection. Ms. Eraiba is Co-Portfolio Manager of the TCW Relative Value Mid Cap strategy and fund. Previously, she was a Senior Analyst covering the technology and health care sectors for the Value Opportunities team. She has more than 30 years of investment experience. Prior to joining TCW in 2006, she spent 20 years as a sell-side equity research analyst for a variety of firms including Lehman Brothers, Salomon Brothers, and Gruntal & Company. During her tenure at Rosetta Group Research LLC, Ms. Eraiba served as a general partner and portfolio manager for Rosetta Management. She began her career as an electronic systems engineer after earning her BSEE in Electrical Engineering from Washington University in St. Louis, Missouri. Subsequently, she earned an MBA in Finance from Columbia University’s Graduate School of Business.

Date of birth: 1951.

**Item 3: Disciplinary Information**

There are no disciplinary items to report.

**Item 4: Other Business Activities**

None.

**Item 5: Additional Compensation**

We compensate Ms. Eraiba for her investment advisory services, a portion of which may be based on the assets under management of the strategies she manages. Those assets can change with (i) fluctuations in their market value, (ii) client contributions and withdrawals, and (iii) new accounts.

**Item 6: Supervision**

Ms. Eraiba is directly supervised by Diane Jaffee, Group Managing Director, who may be contacted at (212) 771-4000. Ms. Eraiba’s investment activities are normally reviewed at our quarterly Portfolio Analytics Committee meeting by a combined team led by members of our portfolio analytics and risk departments. This Committee, comprised of members of our executive management, compliance, legal, portfolio analytics, and risk teams, reviews investment activities and portfolio analytics with a focus on changes or shifts to investment style, as well as quantitative metrics, including performance, historical trends, and risk profiles. Additionally, some members of this Committee also meet independently with Ms. Eraiba, normally on a quarterly basis, to provide her with a comprehensive look at the performance and statistical trends of her investment strategies as well as how those strategies compare to their peer group. Separately, our compliance and risk functions perform monitoring and review, including daily transaction reviews for marketable securities strategies.



**Item 1: Cover Page**

October 22, 2024



**Bo Fifer, CFA**

TCW Investment Management Company LLC (each called “Us”)  
1251 Avenue of the Americas | Suite 4700 | New York, New York 10020 | 212 771 0000 | [www.tcw.com](http://www.tcw.com)

This Brochure Supplement provides information about Bo Fifer that supplements our brochure(s). You should have received a copy of that brochure from each of us that manages your account(s). Please contact us at [advpartII@tcw.com](mailto:advpartII@tcw.com) if you did not receive our brochure(s) or if you have any questions about the contents of this supplement.

**Item 2: Educational Background And Business Experience**

Bo Fifer is Lead Portfolio Manager of TCW Global Artificial Intelligence Equity as well as other Thematic Equity products. He is also a Portfolio Manager for the TCW Concentrated Large Cap Growth strategy, which includes the TCW Concentrated Large Cap Growth Fund. Mr. Fifer previously was a Portfolio Manager of the TCW Relative Value Dividend Appreciation strategy and fund from 2012-2023 and was the Senior Analyst responsible for the information technology sector and the drug and device industries of health care for the Relative Value team. He has 30 years of investment experience, including 22 years at TCW. He previously spent nearly seven years as a sell-side Equity Research Analyst covering growth sectors including the telecommunications services, equipment, and software industries. Mr. Fifer holds a BS in Civil Engineering from Bucknell University. Mr. Fifer is a Chartered Financial Analyst charterholder (“CFA”). The prerequisites/experience for a CFA is either: (i) undergraduate degree and four years of professional experience involving investment decision making, or (ii) four years qualified work experience (full time, but not necessarily investment related). Charterholders must also complete 250 hours of self-study for each of three levels and pass an exam for each level.

Date of birth: 1972.

**Item 3: Disciplinary Information**

There are no disciplinary items to report.

**Item 4: Other Business Activities**

None.

**Item 5: Additional Compensation**

We compensate Mr. Fifer for his investment advisory services, a portion of which may be based on the assets under management of the strategies he manages. Those assets can change with (i) fluctuations in their market value, (ii) client contributions and withdrawals, and (iii) new accounts.

**Item 6: Supervision**

Mr. Fifer is directly supervised by Michael Reilly, Chief Investment Officer – U.S. Equities, who may be contacted at (213) 244-0000. Mr. Fifer’s investment activities are normally reviewed at our quarterly Portfolio Analytics Committee meeting by a combined team led by members of our portfolio analytics and risk departments. This Committee, comprised of members of our executive management, compliance, legal, portfolio analytics, and risk teams, reviews investment activities and portfolio analytics with a focus on changes or shifts to investment style, as well as quantitative metrics, including performance, historical trends, and risk profiles. Additionally, some members of this Committee also meet independently with Mr. Fifer, normally on a quarterly basis, to provide him with a comprehensive look at the performance and statistical trends of his investment strategies as well as how those strategies compare to their peer group. Separately, our compliance and risk functions perform monitoring and review, including daily transaction reviews for marketable securities strategies.

## Item 1: Cover Page

December 1, 2023



## Eli Horton

TCW Investment Management Company LLC (each called "Us")  
515 South Flower Street | Los Angeles, California 90071 | 213 244 0000 | [www.tcw.com](http://www.tcw.com)

This Brochure Supplement provides information about Eli Horton that supplements our brochure(s). You should have received a copy of that brochure from each of us that manages your account(s). Please contact us at [advpartII@tcw.com](mailto:advpartII@tcw.com) if you did not receive our brochure(s) or if you have any questions about the contents of this supplement.

### Item 2: Educational Background And Business Experience

Eli Horton leads the firm's active ETF investments. His investment career has spanned both public and private markets across a wide range of industries. Mr. Horton joined TCW as part of TCW's acquisition of Engine No. 1. Previously, Mr. Horton was a Managing Director at Maverick Capital, a long-short investment firm where he invested in industrials and a broad range of industries. Previously, he was a member of the Technology and Retail private equity teams at KKR. Mr. Horton began his career in the Technology, Media & Telecom group within the investment banking division of Goldman Sachs. Mr. Horton received a Master of Accountancy and a BS in Accounting from the Marriott School of Business at Brigham Young University.

Date of birth: 1983.

### Item 3: Disciplinary Information

There are no disciplinary items to report.

### Item 4: Other Business Activities

None.

### Item 5: Additional Compensation

We compensate Mr. Horton for his investment advisory services, a portion of which may be based on the assets under management of the strategies he manages. Those assets can change with (i) fluctuations in their market value, (ii) client contributions and withdrawals, and (iii) new accounts.

### Item 6: Supervision

Mr. Horton is directly supervised by Kathryn Koch, President and Chief Executive Officer, who may be contacted at (213) 244-0000. Mr. Horton's investment activities are normally reviewed at our quarterly Portfolio Analytics Committee meeting by a combined team led by members of our portfolio analytics and risk departments. This Committee, comprised of members of our executive management, compliance, legal, portfolio analytics, and risk teams, reviews investment activities and portfolio analytics with a focus on changes or shifts to investment style, as well as quantitative metrics, including performance, historical trends, and risk profiles. Additionally, some members of this Committee also meet independently with Mr. Horton, normally on a quarterly basis, to provide him with a comprehensive look at the performance and statistical trends of his investment strategies as well as how those strategies compare to their peer group. Separately, our compliance and risk functions perform monitoring and review, including daily transaction reviews for marketable securities strategies.

## Item 1: Cover Page

January 1, 2024



## Ruben Hovhannisyan, CFA

TCW Investment Management Company LLC (each called “Us”)  
515 South Flower Street | Los Angeles, California 90071 | 213 244 0000 | [www.tcw.com](http://www.tcw.com)

This Brochure Supplement provides information about Ruben Hovhannisyan that supplements our brochure(s). You should have received a copy of that brochure from each of us that manages your account(s). Please contact us at [advpartII@tcw.com](mailto:advpartII@tcw.com) if you did not receive our brochure(s) or if you have any questions about the contents of this supplement.

### Item 2: Educational Background And Business Experience

Ruben Hovhannisyan is a Generalist Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income group, a team that oversees over \$180 billion in fixed income assets including the over \$60 billion MetWest Total Return Bond Fund, one of the largest actively managed bond funds in the world. Prior to his current role, he served as a Senior Portfolio Analyst working alongside the Generalist Portfolio Managers. Mr. Hovhannisyan joined TCW from Metropolitan West Asset Management company, where he spent two years as a Collateralized Debt Obligations Specialist and member of the portfolio risk management group. Prior to joining MetWest in 2007, he was an Associate at KPMG Structured Finance Group where he was engaged in various projects analyzing structured products. Mr. Hovhannisyan holds a BA in Business/Economics from the University of California, Los Angeles (UCLA) and an MBA from the UCLA Anderson School of Management. Mr. Hovhannisyan is a Chartered Financial Analyst charterholder (“CFA”). The prerequisites/experience for a CFA is either: (i) undergraduate degree and four years of professional experience involving investment decision making, or (ii) four years qualified work experience (full time, but not necessarily investment related). Charterholders must also complete 250 hours of self-study for each of three levels and pass an exam for each level.

Date of birth: 1982.

### Item 3: Disciplinary Information

There are no disciplinary items to report.

### Item 4: Other Business Activities

None.

### Item 5: Additional Compensation

We compensate Mr. Hovhannisyan for his investment advisory services, a portion of which may be based on the assets under management of the strategies he manages. Those assets can change with (i) fluctuations in their market value, (ii) client contributions and withdrawals, and (iii) new accounts.

### Item 6: Supervision

Mr. Hovhannisyan is directly supervised by Bryan Whalen, Chief Investment Officer—Fixed Income, who may be contacted at (213) 244-0000. Mr. Hovhannisyan’s investment activities are normally reviewed at our quarterly Portfolio Analytics Committee meeting by a combined team led by members of our portfolio analytics and risk departments. This Committee, comprised of members of our executive management, compliance, legal, portfolio analytics, and risk teams, reviews investment activities and portfolio analytics with a focus on changes or shifts to investment style, as well as quantitative metrics, including performance, historical trends, and risk profiles. Additionally, some members of this Committee also meet independently with Mr. Hovhannisyan, normally on a quarterly basis, to provide her with a comprehensive look at the performance and statistical trends of her investment strategies as well as how those strategies compare to their peer group. Separately, our compliance and risk functions perform monitoring and review, including daily transaction reviews for marketable securities strategies.

## Item 1: Cover Page

December 1, 2023



## Diane E. Jaffee, CFA

TCW Investment Management Company LLC (each called "Us")

1251 Avenue of the Americas | Suite 4700 | New York, New York 10020 | 212 771 0000 | [www.tcw.com](http://www.tcw.com)

This Brochure Supplement provides information about Diane E. Jaffee that supplements our brochure(s). You should have received a copy of that brochure from each of us that manages your account(s). Please contact us at [advpartII@tcw.com](mailto:advpartII@tcw.com) if you did not receive our brochure(s) or if you have any questions about the contents of this supplement. Additional information about Ms. Jaffee is available on the SEC's website at [www.adviserinfo.sec.gov](http://www.adviserinfo.sec.gov).

### Item 2: Educational Background And Business Experience

Diane Jaffee is the Senior Portfolio Manager for the TCW Relative Value Large Cap and TCW Relative Value Mid Cap strategies and funds. She joined TCW through the acquisition of SG Cowen Asset Management in 2001. She had been a Senior Portfolio Manager at Cowen Asset Management since 1995 and continues in that role at TCW. She has over 40 years of investment experience. Before joining Cowen, she was Vice President and Portfolio Manager at Kidder, Peabody & Co from 1986 to 1995. Prior to that, she was Vice President at Lehman Management Company from 1985 to 1986 and an Equity Analyst with Prudential Insurance from 1982 to 1985. In 2007, Ms. Jaffee was named the Separately Managed Accounts Award winner in the Large Cap Equity category by Standard & Poor's and its award partners Prima Capital and Investment Advisor magazine. The TCW Relative Value Large Cap and Mid Cap mutual funds have been each awarded Wall Street Journal's "Category Kings" in their respective categories, multiple times in 2012. In 2013, the TCW Relative Value Large Cap mutual fund was ranked #1 fund for the first quarter and the #6 fund for the one-year period ending March 31, 2013 among Large Cap Value peers. Ms. Jaffee holds a BA in Economics from Wellesley College (1982). She has completed post-graduate work in Finance and Accounting at Rutgers University Graduate School of Management and is a CFA charterholder. Ms. Jaffee is also a member of CFA Society New York, the Economic Club of New York, and the CFA Society. Ms. Jaffee is a Chartered Financial Analyst charterholder ("CFA"). The prerequisites/experience for a CFA is either: (i) undergraduate degree and four years of professional experience involving investment decision-making, or (ii) four years qualified work experience (full time, but not necessarily investment related). Charterholders must also complete 250 hours of self-study for each of three levels and pass an exam for each level.

Date of birth: 1960.

### Item 3: Disciplinary Information

There are no disciplinary items to report.

### Item 4: Other Business Activities

Ms. Jaffee is a registered representative of TCW Funds Distributors ("TFD"), a registered broker-dealer. TFD is our affiliate that acts as distributor for our sponsored mutual funds and private investment funds.

### Item 5: Additional Compensation

We compensate Ms. Jaffee for her investment advisory services, a portion of which is based on the assets under management of the strategies she manages. Those assets can change with (i) fluctuations in their market value, (ii) client contributions and withdrawals, and (iii) new accounts.

### Item 6: Supervision

Ms. Jaffee is directly supervised by Kathryn Koch, President and Chief Executive Officer, who may be contacted at (213) 244-0000. Ms. Jaffee's investment activities are normally reviewed at our quarterly Portfolio Analytics Committee meeting by a combined team led by members of our portfolio analytics and risk departments. This Committee, comprised of members of our executive management, compliance, legal, portfolio analytics, and risk teams, reviews investment activities and portfolio analytics with a focus on changes or shifts to investment style, as well as quantitative metrics, including performance, historical trends, and risk profiles. Additionally, some members of this Committee also meet independently with Ms. Jaffee, normally on a quarterly basis, to provide him with a comprehensive look at the performance and statistical trends of his investment strategies as well as how those strategies compare to their peer group. Separately, our compliance and risk functions perform monitoring and review, including daily transaction reviews for marketable securities strategies.

**Item 1: Cover Page**

October 22, 2024



**Brian McNamara**

TCW Investment Management Company LLC (each called “Us”)  
515 South Flower Street | Los Angeles, California 90071 | 213 244 0000 | [www.tcw.com](http://www.tcw.com)

This Brochure Supplement provides information about Brian McNamara that supplements our brochure(s). You should have received a copy of that brochure from each of us that manages your account(s). Please contact us at [advpartII@tcw.com](mailto:advpartII@tcw.com) if you did not receive our brochure(s) or if you have any questions about the contents of this supplement. Additional information about Mr. McNamara is available on the SEC’s website at [www.adviserinfo.sec.gov](http://www.adviserinfo.sec.gov).

**Item 2: Educational Background And Business Experience**

Brian McNamara is a Portfolio Manager for the Concentrated Large Cap Growth investment strategy, which includes the TCW Concentrated Large Cap Growth Fund. He joined TCW in 2012, initially serving as an Analyst and Portfolio Specialist for these strategies. Prior to TCW, his investment experience included over 16 years at JPMorgan, Deutsche Bank and Jefferies as an Investment Banker, Analyst, and Regional Head of Institutional Equity Sales. Mr. McNamara received his BA from the University of California, Los Angeles (UCLA) and his MBA from the UCLA Anderson School of Management. Additionally, he holds Series 4, 7, 24, and 63 FINRA licenses.

Date of birth: 1970.

**Item 3: Disciplinary Information**

There are no disciplinary items to report.

**Item 4: Other Business Activities**

None.

**Item 5: Additional Compensation**

We compensate Mr. McNamara for his investment advisory services, a portion of which may be based on the assets under management of the strategies he manages. Those assets can change with (i) fluctuations in their market value, (ii) client contributions and withdrawals, and (iii) new accounts.

**Item 6: Supervision**

Mr. McNamara is directly supervised by Brandon B. Bond, Managing Director, who may be contacted at (213) 244-0000. Mr. McNamara’s investment activities are normally reviewed at our quarterly Portfolio Analytics Committee meeting by a combined team led by members of our portfolio analytics and risk departments. This Committee, comprised of members of our executive management, compliance, legal, portfolio analytics, and risk teams, reviews investment activities and portfolio analytics with a focus on changes or shifts to investment style, as well as quantitative metrics, including performance, historical trends, and risk profiles. Additionally, some members of this Committee also meet independently with Mr. McNamara, normally on a quarterly basis, to provide him with a comprehensive look at the performance and statistical trends of his investment strategies as well as how those strategies compare to their peer group. Separately, our compliance and risk functions perform monitoring and review, including daily transaction reviews for marketable securities strategies.

**Item 1: Cover Page**

December 1, 2023



**Matthew J. Spahn**

TCW Investment Management Company LLC (each called “Us”)  
1251 Avenue of the Americas | Suite 4700 | New York, New York 10020 | 212 771 0000 | [www.tcw.com](http://www.tcw.com)

This Brochure Supplement provides information about Matthew J. Spahn that supplements our brochure(s). You should have received a copy of that brochure from each of us that manages your account(s). Please contact us at [advpartII@tcw.com](mailto:advpartII@tcw.com) if you did not receive our brochure(s) or if you have any questions about the contents of this supplement.

**Item 2: Educational Background And Business Experience**

Matthew Spahn, Senior Analyst, specializes in the energy, industrials, materials and utilities sectors. Mr. Spahn is Co-Portfolio Manager of the TCW Relative Value Large Cap strategy and fund. He joined TCW through the acquisition of SG Cowen Asset Management. In 2006, 2007, 2008, and 2021 Mr. Spahn earned the group’s highest merit bonus based on stock selection. He has 25 years of investment experience having begun his career at Cowen & Company in 1994 in the Information Technology Service Group before being promoted to Quantitative Analyst in 1996. A devotee of lean thinking to drive operational excellence in manufacturing and transactional environments, Mr. Spahn is the only professional on the buy-side to have completed the Shingo Institute’s Site Examiner coursework. Additionally, he earned a Certificate of Achievement in Lean Six Sigma from Villanova University. He has been assisting with the management of the Relative Value Large Cap investment discipline since 1998. Mr. Spahn graduated from Villanova University with a BS in Economics and minors in English and History and graduated with Honors from Fordham University with an MBA in Finance and Communications and Media Management.

Date of birth: 1970.

**Item 3: Disciplinary Information**

There are no disciplinary items to report.

**Item 4: Other Business Activities**

None.

**Item 5: Additional Compensation**

We compensate Mr. Spahn for his investment advisory services, a portion of which may be based on the assets under management of the strategies he manages. Those assets can change with (i) fluctuations in their market value, (ii) client contributions and withdrawals, and (iii) new accounts.

**Item 6: Supervision**

Mr. Spahn is directly supervised by Diane Jaffee, Group Managing Director, who may be contacted at (212) 771-4000. Mr. Spahn’s investment activities are normally reviewed at our quarterly Portfolio Analytics Committee meeting by a combined team led by members of our portfolio analytics and risk departments. This Committee, comprised of members of our executive management, compliance, legal, portfolio analytics, and risk teams, reviews investment activities and portfolio analytics with a focus on changes or shifts to investment style, as well as quantitative metrics, including performance, historical trends, and risk profiles. Additionally, some members of this Committee also meet independently with Mr. Spahn, normally on a quarterly basis, to provide him with a comprehensive look at the performance and statistical trends of his investment strategies as well as how those strategies compare to their peer group. Separately, our compliance and risk functions perform monitoring and review, including daily transaction reviews for marketable securities strategies.



## Section III Privacy Policy

May 2025



## TCW Customer Privacy Policy

Effective May 2025

In this Privacy Policy, “TCW,” “we,” “us,” and “our” refers collectively to The TCW Group, Inc. and its subsidiaries, affiliates, and funds, including but not limited to, TCW Investment Management Company LLC, TCW Asset Management Company LLC, Metropolitan West Asset Management, LLC, TCW PT Management Company LLC, TCW Asset Backed Finance Management Company LLC and Sepulveda Management LLC. References to the “Fund” refer to the particular investment fund(s) to which you are, or seek to be, admitted which are managed whether directly or indirectly by one or more investment manager, and references to the “General Partner” refer to the general partner or similarly placed entity of such Fund.

TCW recognizes the importance of keeping information about you secure and confidential. We do not sell or share your nonpublic personal and financial information with marketers or others outside our affiliated group of companies. We carefully manage information among our affiliated group of companies to safeguard your privacy.

The purpose of this Privacy Policy is to provide you with information about our use of Customer Data (as defined below) in accordance with applicable privacy and data protection laws.

### WHAT YOU SHOULD KNOW

If you are in the U.S., we are providing this notice to you to comply with the requirements of Regulation S-P, "Privacy of Consumer Financial information," issued by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission. This notice specifically addresses nonpublic personal and financial information collected from our customers for the purposes of investment.

If you are in the European Economic Area (“EEA”) and the United Kingdom (collectively, the “EU”), we are providing this notice to you to comply with the requirements of applicable laws, including the General Data Protection Regulation (the “GDPR”), the UK Data Protection Act 2018 and the GDPR as it forms part of the law of England, Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland (the “UK GDPR”).

Your personal information may be subject to certain additional and/or supplemental privacy notices depending on your location and your relationship with TCW. If you are a TCW employee, a separate employee privacy notice has been provided to you. In addition, please review our online Privacy Policy, available at <https://www.tcw.com/Privacy-Policy>, for more information about how TCW collects, uses, and shares information from visitors to the TCW website.

### OUR PRIVACY POLICY

We are committed to protecting the nonpublic personal and financial information of our customers and consumers who obtain or seek to obtain financial products or services primarily for personal, family or household purposes. We fulfill our commitment by establishing and implementing policies and systems to protect the security and confidentiality of this information.

In our offices, we limit access to nonpublic personal and financial information about you to those TCW personnel who need



to know the information in order to provide products or services to you. We maintain physical, electronic, and procedural safeguards to protect your nonpublic personal and financial information; however, no method of transmission or electronic storage is completely secure, and we cannot guarantee absolute security.

---

## CATEGORIES OF INFORMATION WE COLLECT

“Customer Data” means personal data that reasonably can be associated or linked to you or another customer as an individual person, and includes nonpublic personal and financial information, as well as personal data on yourself that you provide to us, as well as the personal data of individuals connected with you as an investor (for example, directors, trustees, employees, representatives, shareholders, investors, clients, beneficial owners or agents). In our use of Customer Data, the Fund, the General Partner and the investment manager are each characterized as a “controller” under the GDPR and the UK GDPR. Except as otherwise described in this Privacy Policy, the affiliates and delegates of the Fund, the General Partner and the investment manager may act as “processors” of Customer Data.

If you are a natural person, this Privacy Policy will affect you directly. If you are a corporate investor (including, for these purposes, legal arrangements such as trusts or exempted limited partnerships) that provides us with Customer Data on individuals connected to you for any reason in relation to your investment with us, this will be relevant for those individuals and you should transmit this document to those individuals or otherwise advise them of its content.

We collect and process the following forms of Customer Data:

- Identifiers such as your name, residential and/or business address, mailing address, email address, personal and/or business contact information, proof of address, driver’s license, tax identification number, social security (or national insurance or similar) number, and passport number and other government identification information and/or numbers.
- Commercial information, including tax information, bank account details, source of funds details and details related to your investment activity.
- Visual information, including your signature.
- Professional or employment-related information, including your job title, employer’s name, place of work, work history and income.
- Background information, including information needed for or revealed by know-your-customer, fraud, terrorist financing, sanctions and anti-money laundering checks, investor due diligence, accreditation and consents.
- Financial information and account history, including information about your assets, income, net worth, amounts and types of investment, profit and loss allocations, capital account balances, commitments, withdrawals, redemptions, subscriptions and contributions, account data, other investment participation information, fund transfer information, beneficiaries, positions, percentages of fund, share or option numbers and values, vesting information, investment history, and transaction and tax information.
- Inferences that we draw from Customer Data to create a profile about your preferences.

It is important that we maintain up to date records of key information about you. Please notify us of any significant changes in your personal circumstances as soon as they occur (e.g., change of name, address, contact information, etc.). From time to time, we may ask you to complete a new Customer Data form to ensure our records are up to date.

---

## SOURCES OF CUSTOMER DATA

We collect Customer Data in various ways, including through:

- Your, or your employer’s, financial intermediary’s and/or designated representative’s correspondence, interactions and transactions with us, our affiliates, delegates or others, including by letter, email, telephone, our websites, and through information provided in subscription agreements, investor questionnaires, applications

and other agreements or documents completed by you or on your behalf.

- Information from other public sources, including public news sources, corporate registries, government and other public databases, and professional social media sites, such as LinkedIn, and information we receive from consumer reporting agencies, our services providers or others we may engage in connection with conducting due diligence, know-your-customer, anti-money laundering and other checks required to be performed in relation to admitting new investors.

---

## HOW AND ON WHAT BASIS DO WE USE CUSTOMER DATA?

We use Customer Data for a variety of reasonable and legitimate business purposes, including, but not limited to, where:

- It is necessary to enter into or for the performance of our rights and obligations under a contract with you or to take steps at your request prior to entering into a contract (e.g., to process your subscription agreement and/or the constitutional and operational documents of the Fund, provide information you have requested, create and administer your account, administer your investments, maintain registers and communicate with you about your investments).
- It is necessary for compliance with legal and regulatory obligations to which we are subject (such as compliance with know-your-customer, anti-money laundering and FATCA/CRS requirements) – this may involve collecting specific Customer Data about you where required by law and disclosing such information to applicable regulators, government bodies, tax and other authorities.
- It is necessary for our, our affiliates', delegates' and/or other third parties' legitimate interests (and such interests are not overridden by your interests, fundamental rights or freedoms) or (if required by law) with your consent, including to operate and facilitate our business and services to you, undertake business management, planning, statistical analysis, market research and marketing (including email marketing) activities, administer and maintain our core records, protect our rights and interests, ensure the security of our assets, systems and networks, prevent, detect and investigate fraud, unlawful or criminal activities in relation to our services, and enforce our terms and conditions.
- It is necessary for the establishment, exercise or defense of legal claims.

Where we process Customer Data about you on the basis of your consent, you have the right to withdraw that consent at any time. If you decline to provide or withdraw your consent to our use of Customer Data about you and, under applicable law, we are relying on such consent as the legal basis for its processing, there are circumstances in which we will not be able to provide you with certain services or take particular action on your behalf.

Where we process Customer Data about you on the basis of our or a third party's legitimate interests, we may do so for our or our affiliates', delegates' and/or other third parties' everyday business purposes (such as to process your transactions, maintain your account(s)) or respond to court orders and legal investigations. To the extent permitted by law (including with your consent, where required), we may also process Customer Data about you to offer or market products or services to you (including by email), or permit authorized third parties to offer or market their services to you.

Should we wish to use Customer Data for other specific purposes (including, if applicable, any purpose that requires your consent), we will contact you. We will not use Customer Data for any purposes inconsistent with this Privacy Policy without your permission.

You may be asked to provide some of the Customer Data referred to in this Privacy Policy for one or more of the purposes described above. If you fail to provide this Customer Data when requested, and the information is necessary for TCW to comply with its legal or contractual obligations under applicable law, we may not be able to meet the obligations placed on us. In all other cases, the provision of Customer Data is voluntary.

---

## WITH WHOM DO WE SHARE CUSTOMER DATA?

We may share Customer Data to carry out and implement any and all purposes described above, and for the objects of the Fund, including:

- With our affiliates and delegates that may act as data processors, processors or service providers (the “Delegates”), which may use Customer Data, for example, to provide their services to us or to discharge the legal, regulatory, or self-regulatory requirements that apply directly to us or in respect of which we rely upon the Delegates provided that, such use of Customer Data by the Delegates will always be compatible with at least one of the aforementioned purposes for which we process Customer Data. The Delegates will not retain, use, sell or otherwise disclose Customer Data for any purpose other than the specific business purpose for which we have provided the information to the Delegate.
- With regulatory, self-regulatory, administrative, law enforcement agencies, or other oversight bodies in certain circumstances where we and/or our Delegates are obliged to share Customer Data and other information with respect to your interest in the Fund with the relevant regulatory authorities. They, in turn, may exchange this information with foreign authorities, including tax authorities.
- As authorized, for example, by subscription agreements or organizational documents of the Fund and as authorized by you or your designated representatives.
- As necessary for us to enter into or to perform a contract with you (e.g., to process your subscription agreement, provide information you have requested, create and administer your account, administer your investments, maintain registers and communicate with you about your investments).
- As necessary for our, or a third party’s, legitimate business interests, including with TCW as further described above.
- In connection with certain business transactions, with a third party that succeeds the investment manager or the General Partner in carrying on all or a part of our business or if the Fund is otherwise sold or transferred to a third party.
- As required by law, regulation, or self-regulatory requirement, including to comply with a subpoena or similar legal process, including when we believe in good faith that disclosure is legally required.
- As necessary for the establishment, exercise or defense of legal claims, or where otherwise necessary to protect the investment manager, the General Partner or the Fund’s rights and property.

---

## CATEGORIES OF INFORMATION WE DISCLOSE TO NONAFFILIATED THIRD PARTIES

We may disclose your name, address and account and other identifying numbers, as well as information about your pending or past transactions and other personal financial information, to nonaffiliated third parties, for our everyday business purposes, such as those necessary to execute, process, service and confirm your securities transactions and mutual fund transactions, to administer and service your account and commingled investment vehicles in which you are invested, to market our products and services through joint marketing arrangements or to respond to court orders and legal investigations.

We may disclose nonpublic personal and financial information concerning you to law enforcement agencies, federal regulatory agencies, self-regulatory organizations or other nonaffiliated third parties, if required or requested to do so by a court order, judicial subpoena or regulatory inquiry.

We do not otherwise disclose your nonpublic personal and financial information to nonaffiliated third parties, except where we believe in good faith that disclosure is required or permitted by law. Because we do not disclose your nonpublic personal and financial information to nonaffiliated third parties, our Customer Privacy Policy does not contain opt-out provisions.

---

## CATEGORIES OF INFORMATION WE DISCLOSE TO OUR AFFILIATED ENTITIES

- We may disclose your name, address and account and other identifying numbers, account balances, information about your pending or past transactions and other personal financial information to our affiliated entities for any purpose.
- We regularly disclose your name, address and account and other identifying numbers, account balances and information about your pending or past transactions to our affiliates to execute, process and confirm securities transactions or mutual fund transactions for you, to administer and service your account and commingled investment vehicles in which you are invested, to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations, or to market our products and services to you.

---

## INFORMATION ABOUT FORMER CUSTOMERS

We do not disclose nonpublic personal and financial information about former customers to nonaffiliated third parties unless required or requested to do so by a court order, judicial subpoena or regulatory inquiry, or otherwise where we believe in good faith that disclosure is required or permitted by law.

---

## INTERNATIONAL DATA TRANSFERS

Because the internet and our operations are global, Customer Data may be transferred to, processed in, and held in countries (including the United States) other than the one in which you reside. The EEA and the UK do not consider the United States and many other countries to provide essentially equivalent privacy protections. Such transfers are a necessary part of the services that we provide.

We will ensure application of the same standards of privacy protection as set out in this Privacy Policy regardless of the international transfer or processing of Customer Data. To the extent required by, and in accordance with, applicable data protection laws, we rely on appropriate or suitable safeguards in respect of international transfers of Customer Data, including:

- Using standard contractual clauses approved by relevant authorities as ensuring adequate safeguards.
- Obtaining your consent to transfer Customer Data about you after first informing you about the possible risks of such a transfer.
- When the transfer is necessary for the performance of a contract between you and us, or if the transfer is necessary for the performance of a contract between us and a third party, and the contract was entered into in your interest.
- When the transfer is necessary to establish, exercise or defend legal claims.

---

## HOW LONG DO WE RETAIN CUSTOMER DATA?

We retain Customer Data only for as long as is necessary for the purposes set out in this Privacy Policy, subject to your rights, under certain circumstances, to have your Customer Data erased. When deciding how long to retain Customer Data, we take into account our legal and regulatory obligations, the amount, nature and sensitivity of the Customer Data, the potential risk of harm from unauthorized use or disclosure of Customer Data, the purposes for which we process Customer Data and whether we can achieve those purposes through other means. We may also retain Customer Data to investigate or defend against potential legal claims in accordance with the limitation periods of countries where legal action may be brought.

---

## INDIVIDUAL RIGHTS

Individuals in the EEA and the UK, and individuals in other jurisdictions whose Customer Data is subject to the GDPR and/or the UK GDPR, have certain rights in relation to their Customer Data. Subject to certain limitations, these rights include the right for individuals to: (i) request access to and rectification or erasure of their Customer Data; (ii) restrict or object to the processing of their Customer Data; and (iii) obtain a copy of their Customer Data in a portable format. Individuals may also have the right to lodge a complaint about the processing of Customer Data with a data protection or supervisory authority.

---

## QUESTIONS

Should you have any questions about our Customer Privacy Policy, please contact us by email or by regular mail at the address at the end of this policy.

Individuals in some U.S. jurisdictions, including California, have certain data subject rights. These rights vary, but they may include the right to: (i) request access to and rectification or erasure of their personal data; (ii) restrict or object to the processing of their personal data; and (iii) obtain a copy of their personal data in a portable format. Individuals may also have the right to lodge a complaint about the processing of personal data with a data protection authority. If you wish to exercise any of these rights please contact us by email or by regular mail at the address at the end of this policy.

---

## REMINDER ABOUT TCW'S FINANCIAL PRODUCTS

Financial products offered by The TCW Group, Inc. and its subsidiaries, affiliates, and funds:

- Are not guaranteed by a bank;
- Are not obligations of The TCW Group, Inc. or of its subsidiaries, affiliates, and funds;
- Are not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; and
- Are subject to investment risks, including possible loss of the principal amount committed or invested, and earnings thereon.

Attention: Privacy Officer | 515 South Flower Street | Los Angeles, CA 90071 | email: [privacy@tcw.com](mailto:privacy@tcw.com)