

Parametric Portfolio Associates

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Seattle, Washington 98101

Style: US Multi Asset
Sub-Style: US Multi Asset
Firm AUM: \$216.7 billion
Firm Strategy AUM: \$66.7 million

Year Founded: 1987
GIMA Status: Approved
Firm Ownership: Eaton Vance Corporation
Professional-Staff: 455

PRODUCT OVERVIEW

The Parametric Parametric Enhanced Income Core strategy seeks to provide a high level of current income, with capital appreciation as a secondary objective. To achieve these objectives, Parametric constructs a portfolio of closed-end funds (CEFs), diversified by asset class (including municipal bonds), security and fund manager, with an emphasis on more liquid funds. CEFs can provide a higher distribution rate than open-end funds for several reasons: Purchasing funds at a discount to NAV enhances the distribution rate; Since their asset base is fixed, CEFs can invest in securities that are less liquid and thus earn a higher return; CEFs can use leverage to enhance risk-adjusted total return; CEFs can employ covered call writing and other derivative strategies which seek to increase return and reduce risk.

TARGET PORTFOLIO CHARACTERISTICS

Number of stock holdings:	40 to 70
P/E ratio:	—
Cash level over market cycle:	0 to 2%
Risk (standard deviation):	Below the S&P 500
Average turnover rate:	20 to 80%
Use ADRs:	No
Capitalization:	Medium, Small and Micro companies

PORTFOLIO'S EQUITY SECTOR WEIGHTINGS *

	-----12/18-----	06/18
Sector	Parametric	Index*** Parametric
Energy	0.00	5.32 0.00
Materials	0.00	2.73 0.00
Industrials	0.00	9.20 0.00
Consumer Discretionary	0.00	9.94 0.00
Consumer Staples	0.00	7.41 0.00
Health Care	0.00	15.54 0.00
Financials	100.00	13.31 98.25
Information Technology	0.00	20.12 0.00
Communication Services	0.00	10.12 0.00
Utilities	0.00	3.34 0.00
Real Estate/REITs	0.00	2.96 0.00
Cash/Cash Equivalents	0.00	0.00 1.75

MANAGER'S INVESTMENT STRATEGY

- ☒ Top-down / portfolio structures based on economic trends
☐ Bottom-up / portfolio structure based on individual securities

PORTFOLIO STATISTICS

	-----12/18-----	06/18	
	Parametric	Index***	Parametric
Number of stock holdings	55	505	53
Dividend Yield	—	2.2%	8.2%
Distribution Rate	—	—	—
Wtd avg P/E ratio ¹	—	17.80x	—
Wtd avg portfolio beta	—	—	1.02
Mega capitalization ⁺	0.0%	50.1%	0.0%
Large capitalization ⁺	0.0%	44.5%	0.0%
Medium capitalization ⁺	0.0%	5.4%	0.0%
Small capitalization ⁺	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Micro capitalization ⁺	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

PORTFOLIO'S TOP FIVE EQUITY HOLDINGS

	%
BlackRock Credit Allocation Income Trust	7.7
AllianzGI NFJ Dividend Interest & Premium Strategy Fund	7.2
Blackrock Core Bond Trust	6.8
Aberdeen Total Dynamic Dividend Fund of Benef Interest	6.0
Royce Value Trust Inc	5.1

% PROCESS BASED ON

- 0 Asset allocation - cash vs. stock
80 Industry or sector weighting
20 Stock Selection

¹The P/E used here is calculated by the harmonic mean.

⁺Total may not equal 100% due to rounding.

^{***}Index : S&P 500

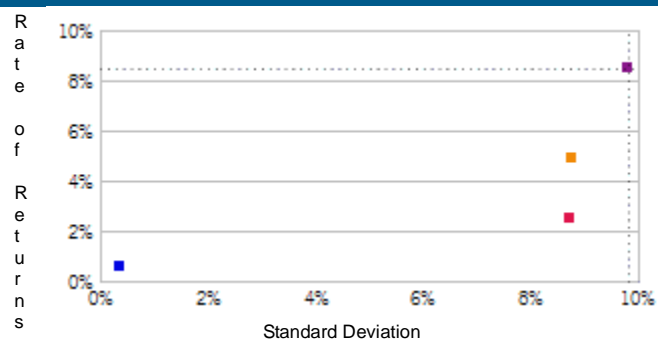
MANAGER'S INVESTMENT PROCESS	RISK CONSIDERATIONS	PORTFOLIO'S ALLOCATION HISTORY (%) +				
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The strategy periodically filters and ranks all CEFs traded in the U.S. in order to achieve exposure to funds with attractive fundamental characteristics across a diversified set of asset classes. Depending on the opportunity set Parametric generally holds anywhere from 40-70 from in the Enhanced Income Core strategies.• Parametric includes all asset classes except concentrated and/or non-income focused funds such as state-specific municipals or single-sector equity funds.• Parametric defines their investable universe of funds by excluding small, illiquid, unseasoned or excessively leveraged funds. They do not invest in any fund within 12 months of an IPO unless it was trading with at least a 10% discount and ranks well relative to other opportunities within the asset class.• Parametric ranks the remaining funds based on a composite score of discount, yield, volatility and divi-dend stability.• At each periodic portfolio reconstitution Parametric sells the funds that have become less attractive based on our rankings system and purchases funds that have become more attractive within each sub-asset class, subject to liquidity constraints, while maintaining their target asset allocations. Parametric's process does not include any forecasts for asset class or individual funds.	<p>Investing in securities entails risks, including: Equity portfolios are subject to the basic stock market risk that a particular security, or securities in general, may decrease in value. Fixed Income securities may be sensitive to changes in prevailing interest rates. When rates rise the value generally declines. There is no assurance that the private guarantors or insurers will meet their obligations. Growth investing does not guarantee a profit or eliminate risk. The stocks of these companies can have relatively high valuations. Because of these high valuations, an investment in a growth stock can be more risky than an investment in a company with more modest growth expectations. Value investing does not guarantee a profit or eliminate risk. Not all companies whose stocks are considered to be value stocks are able to turn their business around or successfully employ corrective strategies which would result in stock prices that do not rise as initially expected. Bonds rated below investment grade may have speculative characteristics and present significant risks beyond those of other securities, including greater credit risk and price volatility in the secondary market. Investors should be careful to consider these risks alongside their individual circumstances, objectives and risk tolerance before investing in high-yield bonds. If a strategy expects to hold a concentrated portfolio of a limited number of securities, it should be noted that a decline in the value of these investments would cause the portfolio's overall value to decline to a greater degree than that of a less concentrated portfolio.</p>					
		12/18	09/18	06/18	03/18	
		Closed End Funds	98	98	98	98
		Cash/Cash Equivalents	2	2	2	2

¹The P/E used here is calculated by the harmonic mean.

⁺Total may not equal 100% due to rounding.

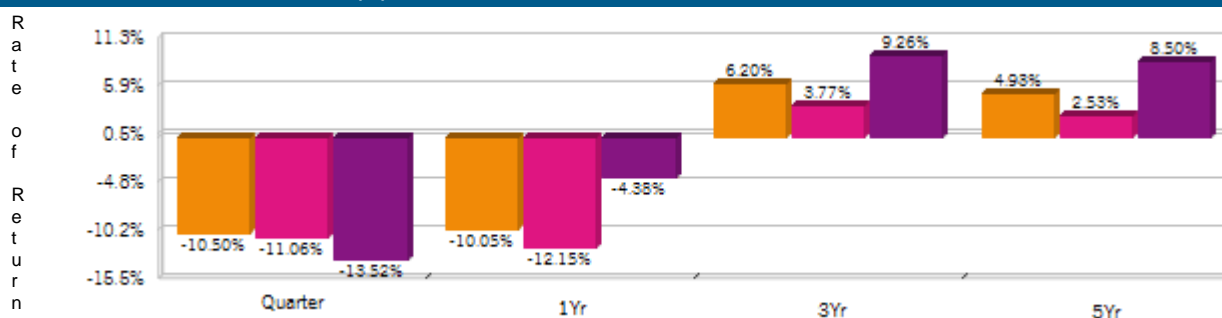
^{***}Index : S&P 500

RISK/RETURN ANALYSIS - 5 YEARS ENDING 12/31/18



	STD	ROR
Parametric (Gross)	8.75	4.93
Parametric (Net)	8.72	2.53
S&P 500	9.80	8.50
90-Day T-Bills	0.37	0.60

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURN (%) - PERIODS ENDING 12/31/18

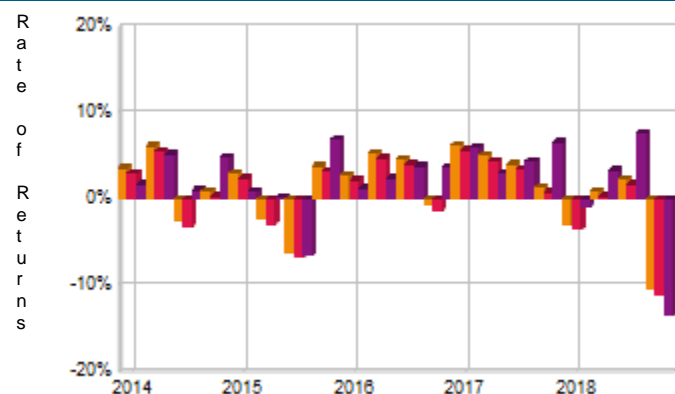


INVESTMENT RESULTS

	Annual Rates of Return (%)						5 Year - Ending 12/31/18	
	2013*	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	Annual	Std. Dev.
Parametric (Gross)	4.31	8.26	-1.92	12.80	18.06	-10.05	4.93	8.75
Parametric (Net)	3.72	5.78	-4.14	10.21	15.41	-12.15	2.53	8.72
S&P 500	10.52	13.69	1.41	11.96	21.83	-4.38	8.50	9.80

*08/01/2013-12/31/2013

RISK VOLATILITY (%)



	Number Of	Up Qtrs.	Down Qtrs.
Parametric (Gross)		14	6
Parametric (Net)		14	6
S&P 500		17	3

PORTFOLIO'S QUARTERLY RETURNS (%)

	Quarter1		Quarter2		Quarter3		Quarter4	
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net	Gross	Net	Gross	Net
2013							4.31	3.72
2014	3.63	3.03	6.19	5.59	-2.55	-3.13	0.95	0.37
2015	3.07	2.47	-2.31	-2.87	-6.20	-6.74	3.84	3.27
2016	2.88	2.26	5.38	4.78	4.74	4.15	-0.66	-1.25
2017	6.37	5.77	5.10	4.51	4.08	3.49	1.47	0.88
2018	-2.84	-3.40	1.00	0.42	2.41	1.82	-10.50	-11.06

Related

Select UMA

PORTFOLIO'S RISK STATISTICS - ENDING 12/31/18 ^{1 2}	PERIODS	
	3 Year	5 Year
Standard Deviation	9.33%	8.75%
Standard Deviation of Primary Benchmark	11.02%	9.80%
Sharpe Ratio	0.56	0.49
Sharpe Ratio of Primary Benchmark	0.75	0.81
Alpha	-0.64%	-1.40%
Beta	0.72	0.74
Downside Risk	5.57%	5.27%
R-Squared	0.70	0.68
Tracking Error	6.13%	5.62%
Information Ratio	-0.50	-0.64

PORTFOLIO DIVERSIFICATION - R²(INCEPTION THROUGH 12/14)+

	R ²
Parametric vs. S&P 500	0.68

+Statistics are calculated using gross of fee performance only.

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- S&P 500 was used as the primary benchmark and the 90-Day T-Bills Index as the risk-free benchmark.

See important notes and disclosures pages for a discussion of the sources of the performance data used to calculate the performance results and related analyses shown above.

IMPORTANT NOTES AND DISCLOSURES

COMPOSITE DISCLOSURES

The disclosures provided below apply to performance information in this profile, if any. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. Actual individual account results may differ from the performance shown in this profile. There is no guarantee that this investment strategy will achieve its intended results under all market conditions. Do not rely upon this profile as the sole basis for your investment decisions.

Performance results in this profile are calculated assuming reinvestment of dividends and income. Returns for more than one year are annualized and based on quarterly data. Returns for periods of less than a calendar year show the total return for the period and are not annualized.

Sources of Performance Results and Other Data: The performance data and certain other information for this strategy (including the data on page 1 of this profile) may include one or more of the following: (i) the performance results of a composite of Morgan Stanley accounts managed by the third party investment manager, (ii) the performance results for accounts and investment products managed by the third party investment manager, in the same or a substantially similar investment strategy outside of the applicable Morgan Stanley program, and/or (iii) in the case of Model Portfolio Strategies, the Model Portfolio Provider's results in managing institutional accounts outside of the Morgan Stanley Select UMA program prior to Model Portfolio Strategy's inception in the Morgan Stanley Select UMA program. For periods through June 2012, the Fiduciary Services program operated through two channels – the Morgan Stanley channel and the Smith Barney channel and any performance and other data relating to Fiduciary Services accounts shown here for these periods is calculated using accounts in only one of the these channels.) Please note that the Fiduciary Services program was closed on January 2, 2018. Although the Fiduciary Services and Select UMA programs are both Morgan Stanley managed account programs, the performance results and other features of similar investment strategies in the two programs may differ due to investment and operational differences. Performance in one program is not indicative of potential performance in the other. For example, the individual investment strategies in Select UMA program accounts may contain fewer securities, which would lead to a more concentrated portfolio. The automatic rebalancing, wash sale loss and tax harvesting features of the Select UMA program, which are not available in Fiduciary Services, also could cause differences in performance. In addition, any performance results included in this profile that are based on a third party investment manager's accounts that are not part of the Morgan Stanley program accounts or institutional accounts that are part of the Model Portfolio strategy may differ due to investment and operational differences as well. As such, performance results of the third party investment manager's composites and the third party Model Portfolio Strategies may differ from those of Select UMA accounts managed in the same or a substantially similar investment strategy. For example, in the case of Model Portfolio Strategies, Morgan Stanley, as the investment manager, may deviate from the Third Party Model Portfolios.

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Global Investment Manager Analysis ("GIMA") uses two methods to evaluate investment products in applicable advisory programs. In general, strategies that have passed a more thorough evaluation may be placed on the "Focus List", while strategies that have passed through a different and less comprehensive evaluation process may be placed on the "Approved List". Sometimes an investment product may be evaluated using the Focus List process but then placed on the Approved List instead of the Focus List.

Investment products may move from the Focus List to the Approved List, or vice versa. GIMA may also determine that an investment product no longer meets the criteria under either evaluation process and will no longer be recommended in investment advisory programs (in which case the investment product is given a "Not Approved" status).

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For more information on the Focus List, Approved List, and Watch processes, please see the applicable Morgan Stanley ADV brochure (www.ms.com/adv). Your Financial Advisor or Private Wealth Advisor can provide on request a copy of a paper entitled "GIMA: At A Glance".

ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES

The information about a representative account is for illustrative purposes only. Actual account holdings, performance and other data will vary depending on the size of an account, cash flows within an account, and restrictions on an account. Holdings are subject to change daily. The information in this profile is not a recommendation to buy, hold or sell securities.

Actual portfolio statistics may vary from target portfolio characteristics.

The Model Portfolio Provider or Investment Manager may use the same or substantially similar investment strategies, and may hold similar portfolios of investments, in other portfolios or products it manages (including mutual funds). These may be available at Morgan Stanley or elsewhere, and may cost an investor more or less than this strategy in Morgan Stanley's Select UMA program.

The portfolio may, at times, invest in exchange-traded funds (ETFs), which are a form of equity security in seeking to maintain continued full exposure to the broad equity market.

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The investment manager acts independently of, and is not an affiliate of, Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC.

Diversification does not guarantee a profit or protect against a loss.

No obligation to notify

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Not an ERISA fiduciary

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INDEX DESCRIPTIONS

90-Day T-Bills

The 90-Day Treasury Bill is a short-term obligation issued by the United States government. T-bills are purchased at a discount to the full face value, and the investor receives the full value when they mature. The difference of discount is the interest earned. T-bills are issued in denominations of \$10,000 auction and \$1,000 increments thereafter.

S&P 500

The S&P 500 Total Return has been widely regarded as the best single gauge of the large cap U.S. equities market since the index was first published in 1957. The index has over \$5.58 trillion benchmarked, with index assets comprising approximately \$1.31 trillion of this total. The index includes 500 leading companies in leading industries of the U.S. economy, capturing 75% coverage of U.S. equities. This index includes dividend reinvestment.

Indices are unmanaged and have no expenses. You cannot invest directly in an index.

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Alpha is a mathematical estimate of risk-adjusted return expected from a portfolio above and beyond the benchmark return at any point in time.

American Depositary Receipts (ADRs) are receipts for shares of a foreign-based corporation held in the vault of a U.S. bank.

Average Portfolio Beta is a measure of the sensitivity of a benchmark or portfolio's rates of return to changes against a market return. The market return is the S&P 500 Index. It is the coefficient measuring a stock or a portfolio's relative volatility.

Beta is a measure of the sensitivity of a portfolio's rates of return to changes in the market return. It is the coefficient measuring a stock or a portfolio's relative volatility.

Bottom-Up Stock Selection Emphasis primarily on individual stock selection. Considerations of economic and industry factors are of secondary importance in the investment decision-making process.

Capitalization is defined as the following: Mega (Above \$100 billion), Large (\$12 to \$100 billion), Medium (\$2.5 - \$12 billion), Small (\$.50 - \$2.5 billion) and Micro (below \$.50 billion).

Distribution Rate is defined as the most recent distribution paid, annualized, and then divided by the current market price. Distribution rate may consist of investment income, short-term capital gains, long-term capital gains, and /or returns of capital.

Dividend a portion of a company's profit paid to common and preferred shareholders.

Dividend Yield annual dividend per share divided by price per share. Dividend Yield for the portfolio is a weighted average of the results for the individual stocks in the portfolio.

Downside Risk is a measure of the risk associated with achieving a specific target return. This statistic separates portfolio volatility into downside risk and upside uncertainty. The downside considers all returns below the target return, while the upside considers all returns equal to or above the target return.

Duration is a measure of price sensitivity expressed in years.

High Grade Corporate Bonds corporate bonds from issuers with credit ratings of AA or AAA.

Information Ratio is a measure of the investment manager's skill to add active value against a given benchmark relative to how stable that active return has been. Essentially, the information ratio explains how significant a manager's alpha is. Therefore, the higher the information ratio, the more significant the alpha.

Investment Grade Bonds are those rated by Standard & Poor's AAA (highest rated), AA, A or BBB (or equivalent rating by other rating agencies or, in the case of securities not rated, by the investment manager).

Price/Book Ratio (P/B) weighted average of the stocks' price divided by book value per share. Book value per share is defined as common equity, including intangibles, divided by shares outstanding times the adjustment factor.

Price/Cash Flow Ratio a ratio used to compare a company's market value to its cash flow. It is calculated by dividing the company's market cap by the company's operating cash flow in the most recent fiscal year (or the most recent four fiscal quarters); or, equivalently, divide the per-share stock price by the per-share operating cash flow.

Price/Earnings Ratio (P/E Ratio) shows the multiple of earnings at which a stock sells. Determined by dividing current stock price by current earnings per share (adjusted for stock splits). Earnings per share for the P/E ratio are determined by dividing earnings for past 12 months by the number of common shares outstanding. The P/E ratio shown here is calculated by the harmonic mean.

Price/Sales Ratio determined by dividing current stock price by revenue per share (adjusted for stock splits). Revenue per share for the P/S ratio is determined by dividing revenue for past 12 months by number of shares outstanding.

R2 (R-Squared)/Portfolio Diversification indicates the proportion of a security's total variance that is benchmark-related or is explained by variations in the benchmark.

Sharpe Ratio measures the efficiency, or excess return per unit of volatility, of a manager's returns. It evaluates managers' performance on a volatility-adjusted basis.

Standard Deviation is a statistical measure of historical variability or spread of returns around a mathematical average return that was produced by the investment manager over a given measurement period. The higher the standard deviation, the greater the variability in the investment manager's returns relative to its average return.

Top-Down/Economic Analysis Emphasis primarily on macroeconomic trends as opposed to bottom-up stock selection.

Tracking Error represents the standard deviation of the difference between the performance of the investment strategy and the benchmark. This provides a historical measure of the variability of the investment strategy's returns relative to its benchmark.

U.S. Treasury Bonds a marketable, fixed interest U.S. government debt security with a maturity of more than 10 years. Treasury bonds make interest payments semi-annually and the income that holders receive is only taxed at the federal level.

Volatility a measure of risk based on the standard deviation of the asset return. Volatility is a variable that appears in option pricing formulas, where it denotes the volatility of the underlying asset return from now to the expiration of the option. There are volatility indexes. Such as a scale of 1-9; a higher rating means higher risk.